

GLOBAL FINANCE & SECURITIES LIMITED

27TH ANNUAL REPORT

2019 – 2020

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

MR. HATHI MAL NAHATA – DIRECTOR (DIN: 00522595)

MR. KAMAL SINGH SINGHI – DIRECTOR (DIN: 00514656)

MRS. MEETU JAIN – INDEPENDENT & WOMAN DIRECTOR (DIN: 07076496)

MR. PRAMOD KUMAR AGARWAL – ADDITIONAL INDEPENDENT DIRECTOR (DIN: 02631299)

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

MR. PUSHRAJ SINGHI

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

MR. LAV BAJAJ

COMPANY SECRETARY

MS. DISHA DHARAR – Membership No. 51934

REGISTERED OFFICE:

Business Point
17, Ganesh Chandra Avenue, 5th Floor,
Kolkata - 700013

BANKER

UNITED BANK OF INDIA

STATUTORY AUDITORS

M/s. TOSNIWAL & ASSOCIATES
Chartered Accountants
11, Pollock Street
Kolkata - 700001

**REGISTRAR & SHARE
TRANSFER AGENT**

NICHE TECHNOLOGIES (P) LTD
7A Auckland Place
7th Floor
Kolkata 700 017

GLOBAL FINANCE & SECURITIES LIMITED

CIN: L65991WB1994PLC061723

Regd. Office: 17, Ganesh Chandra Avenue, 5th Floor, Kolkata – 700 013

Website: www.globalfinance.co.in

Email: gfs1994@gmail.com

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that the **27th Annual General Meeting** of the Members of **GLOBAL FINANCE & SECURITIES LIMITED** will be held at the Registered Office of the Company at 17, Ganesh Chandra Avenue, 5th Floor, Kolkata – 700 013 on Wednesday, the 30th Day of September, 2020 at 10:30 A.M., to transact the following business:

ORDINARY BUSINESS:

1. To receive, consider and adopt the Audited Financial Statements (including audited consolidated financial statement) of the Company for the financial year ended 31st March 2020, together with the Reports of the Board of Directors and Auditors thereon.
2. To appoint a Director in place of Shri Kamal Singh Singhi (DIN: 00514656) who retires by rotation and being eligible, offers himself for reappointment.
3. To appoint Auditors and to fix their remuneration. In this connection, to consider and if thought fit, to pass the following resolution as an Ordinary Resolution:

“RESOLVED THAT pursuant to Section 139(1), 142 and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 read with rules made thereunder, Agarwal Maheswari & Co., Chartered Accountants, (Firm Registration Number 314030E), be and are hereby appointed as the Statutory Auditors of the Company to hold office from the conclusion of this Annual General Meeting up to the conclusion of 32nd Annual General Meeting on the remuneration to be fixed by the Board of Directors in consultation with the Auditors.”

SPECIAL BUSINESS:

4. To consider and if thought fit, to pass, with or without modification(s), the following Resolution as an **Ordinary Resolution**:

“RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of Section 149, 152, 161 and all other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 (“the Act”) and the Rules framed thereunder (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment thereof, for the time being in force) read with Schedule IV to the Act and the applicable provisions of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (including any statutory modification(s) or reenactment for the time being in force), Nomination and Remuneration Policy, Shri Pramod Kumar Agarwal (holding DIN: 02631299), who was appointed as an Additional Director (Category - Independent) of the Company with effect from 30th day September, 2019 and who holds office upto the date of this Annual General Meeting, be and is hereby appointed as an Independent Director of the Company, not liable to retire by rotation, to hold office for a period of 5 (five) consecutive years from 30th September, 2019 till the conclusion of Thirty First Annual General Meeting of the Company.”

“RESOLVED FURTHER THAT pursuant to the provisions of Section 149, 197 and all other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules framed thereunder and the applicable provisions of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment(s) thereof, for the time being in force), Shri Pramod Kumar Agarwal be paid such fees and remuneration, if any, as the Board of Directors of the Company (including any Committee thereof) may approve from time to time and subject to such limits, prescribed or as may be prescribed from time to time.”

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5. To consider and if thought fit, to pass, with or without modification(s), the following Resolution as a **Special Resolution:**

“**RESOLVED THAT** pursuant to the provisions of Section 149, 150, 152 and all other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules framed thereunder, read with Schedule IV to the Act and the applicable provisions of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment(s) thereof, for the time being in force), Smt. Meetu Jain (holding DIN: 07076496), whose present term of office as an Independent Director expires on 30th September, 2020, not liable to retire by rotation and to hold office for a second term of 5 (five) consecutive years from the date of Twenty-Seventh Annual General Meeting of the Company.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT pursuant to the provisions of Section 149, 197 and all other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules framed thereunder and the applicable provisions of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment(s) thereof, for the time being in force), Smt. Meetu Jain be paid such fees and remuneration, if any, as the Board of Directors of the Company (including any Committee thereof) may approve from time to time and subject to such limits, prescribed or as may be prescribed from time to time.

By Order of the Board
For GLOBAL FINANCE & SECURITIES LIMITED
DISHA DHARAR
Company Secretary

Dated: 31st Day of July, 2020

Place: Kolkata

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NOTES:

1. **A member entitled to attend and vote at the meeting is entitled to appoint a proxy / proxies to attend and vote on a poll instead of himself / herself. Such a proxy / proxies need not be a member of the company.** A person can act as proxy on behalf of members not exceeding fifty (50) and holding in the aggregate not more than ten percent of the total share capital of the Company. A member holding more than 10% of the total share capital of the Company may appoint a single person as proxy and such person shall not act as a proxy for any other person. The instrument of Proxy in order to be effective, should be deposited at the Registered Office of the Company, duly completed and signed, not less than 48 hours before the commencement of the meeting. A Proxy form is sent herewith. Proxies submitted on behalf of the companies, societies etc., must be supported by an appropriate resolution/ authority, as applicable.
2. Register of Members and Share Transfer Register of the Company shall remain closed from Thursday, 24th September 2020 to Wednesday, 30th September 2020 (both days inclusive) for the purpose of the Annual General Meeting.
3. Corporate members intending to send their authorized representative to attend the Meeting are requested to send to the Company a certified copy of the Board Resolution authorizing their representative to attend and vote on their behalf at the Annual General Meeting.
4. Relevant documents referred to in the accompanying Notice and the Statement is open for inspection by the members at the Registered Office of the Company on all working days, except Saturdays, between 11:00 am to 1:00 pm up to the date of the Annual General Meeting.
5. Members attending the Annual General Meeting are requested to bring the following for admission to the meeting hall (as applicable):
 - a. Attendance slip duly completed and signed as per the specimen signature lodged with the Company
 - b. Members holding shares in dematerialized form, their DP and Client ID No(s)
 - c. Members holding shares in physical form, their folio no(s)
 - d. A copy of the Annual Report of Financial Year 2019-2020
6. In case you have any query relating to the enclosed annual accounts, you are requested to send the same to the Company Secretary at the Registered Office of the Company at least 10 working days before the date of the Annual General Meeting so as to enable the management to keep the information ready for replying at the meeting.
7. Members who have not registered their email addresses so far are requested to register their email address with the Company / RTA.
8. Members holding shares in electronic form are requested to immediately intimate any change in their address or bank mandates to their Depository Participants with whom they are maintaining their Demat accounts. Members holding shares in physical form are requested to advise any change in their address along with address proof i.e., Electricity/ Telephone Bill/ Aadhaar, Driving License, Passport and bank particulars immediately to the Company/ Registrar and Transfer Agent, Niche Technologies Private Limited (henceforth called "RTA").
9. Voting Through Electronic Means
 - I. In compliance with provisions of Section 108 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 20 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 as amended by the Companies (Management and Administration) Amendment Rules, 2015 and Regulation 44 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements), Regulations, 2015, the Company is pleased to

provide members facility to exercise their right to vote on resolutions proposed to be considered at the Annual General Meeting (AGM) by electronic means and the business may be transacted through e-Voting Services. The facility of casting the votes by the members using an electronic voting system from a place other than venue of the AGM (“remote e-voting”) will be provided by National Securities Depository Limited (NSDL).

- II. The facility for voting through ballot paper shall be made available at the AGM and the members attending the meeting who have not cast their vote by remote e-voting shall be able to exercise their right at the meeting through ballot paper.
- III. The members who have cast their vote by remote e-voting prior to the AGM may also attend the AGM but shall not be entitled to cast their vote again.
- IV. The remote e-voting period commences on 27th September, 2020 (9:00 am) and ends on 29th September, 2020 (5:00 pm). During this period members of the Company, holding shares either in physical form or in dematerialized form, as on the cut-off date of 23rd September, 2020, may cast their vote by remote e-voting. The remote e-voting module shall be disabled by NSDL for voting thereafter. Once the vote on a resolution is cast by the member, the member shall not be allowed to change it subsequently.
- V. The process and manner for remote e-voting are as under:
 - A. In case a Member receives an email from NSDL [for members whose email IDs are registered with the Company/Depository Participants(s)]:
 - (i) Open email and open PDF file viz; “GFSL remote e-voting.pdf” with your Client ID or Folio No. as password. The said PDF file contains your user ID and password/PIN for remote e-voting. Please note that the password is an initial password.
 - (ii) Launch internet browser by typing the URL: <https://www.evoting.nsdl.com>
 - (iii) Click on Shareholder - Login
 - (iv) Put user ID and password as initial password/PIN noted in step (i) above. Click Login.
 - (v) Password change menu appears. Change the password/PIN with new password of your choice with minimum 8 digits/characters or combination thereof. Note new password. It is strongly recommended not to share your password with any other person and take utmost care to keep your password confidential.
 - (vi) Home page of remote e-voting opens. Click on remote e-voting: Active Voting Cycles.
 - (vii) Select “EVEN” of “**Global Finance & Securities Limited**”.
 - (viii) Now you are ready for remote e-voting as Cast Vote page opens.
 - (ix) Cast your vote by selecting appropriate option and click on “Submit” and also “Confirm” when prompted.
 - (x) Upon confirmation, the message “Vote cast successfully” will be displayed.
 - (xi) Once you have voted on the resolution, you will not be allowed to modify your vote.

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- (xii) Institutional shareholders (i.e. other than individuals, HUF, NRI etc.) are required to send scanned copy (PDF/JPG Format) of the relevant Board Resolution/ Authority letter etc. together with attested specimen signature of the duly authorized signatory(ies) who are authorized to vote, to the Scrutinizer through e-mail to rajaghosh2002@gmail.com with a copy marked to evoting@nsdl.co.in
- B. In case a Member receives physical copy of the Notice of AGM [for members whose email IDs are not registered with the Company/Depository Participants(s) or requesting physical copy] :
- (i) Initial password is provided in the Attendance Slip / Proxy form enclosed herewith.
 - (ii) Please follow all steps from Sl. no. (ii) to Sl. No. (xii) above, to cast vote.
- VI. In case of any queries, you may refer the Frequently Asked Questions (FAQs) for Members and remote e-voting user manual for Members available at the download section of www.evoting.nsdl.com or call on toll free no.: 1800-222-990.
- VII. If you are already registered with NSDL for remote e-voting then you can use your existing user ID and password/PIN for casting your vote.
- VIII. You can also update your mobile number and e-mail id in the user profile details of the folio which may be used for sending future communication(s).
- IX. The voting rights of members shall be in proportion to their shares of the paid-up equity share capital of the Company as on the cut-off date of 23rd September, 2020. A person who is not a member as on Cut Off date should treat this notice for information purpose only.
- X. Any person, who acquires shares of the Company and becomes a member of the Company after dispatch of the notice and holding shares as on the cut-off date i.e. 23rd September, 2020, may obtain the login ID and password by sending a request at evoting@nsdl.co.in or gfs11994@gmail.com. However, if you are already registered with NSDL for remote e-voting then you can use your existing user ID and password for casting your vote. If you forgot your password, you can reset your password by using “Forgot User Details/Password” option available on www.evoting.nsdl.com or contact NSDL at the following toll free no.: 1800-222-990.
- XI. A member may participate in the AGM even after exercising his right to vote through remote e-voting but shall not be allowed to vote again at the AGM.
- XII. A person, whose name is recorded in the register of members or in the register of beneficial owners maintained by the depositories as on the cut-off date only shall be entitled to avail the facility of remote e-voting as well as voting at the AGM through ballot paper.
- XIII. Mr. Rajarshi Ghosh, Practicing Company Secretary (Membership No. ACS 17717 and C P No. 8921) has been appointed for as the Scrutinizer for providing facility to the members of the Company to scrutinize the voting and remote e-voting process in a fair and transparent manner.
- XIV. The Chairman shall, at the AGM, at the end of discussion on the resolutions on which voting is to be held, allow voting with the assistance of scrutinizer, by use of “Ballot Paper” for all those members who are present at the AGM but have not cast their votes by availing the remote e-voting facility.

The Scrutinizer shall after the conclusion of voting at the Annual General Meeting, will first count the votes cast at the meeting and thereafter unblock the votes cast through remote e-voting in the

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presence of at least two witnesses not in the employment of the Company and shall make, not later than three days of the conclusion of the AGM, a consolidated scrutinizer's report of the total votes cast in favour or against, if any, to the Chairman or a person authorized by him in writing, who shall countersign the same and declare the result of the voting forthwith.

- XV. The Results declared along with the report of the Scrutinizer shall be placed on the website of the Company www.globalfinance.co.in and on the website of NSDL immediately after the declaration of result by the Chairman or a person authorized by him in writing. The results shall also be forwarded to the stock exchange where company shares are listed viz. The Calcutta Stock Exchange Ltd.

By Order of the Board
For GLOBAL FINANCE & SECURITIES LIMITED
DISHA DHARAR
Company Secretary

Dated: 31st Day of July, 2020

Place: Kolkata

The Explanatory Statement pursuant to Section 102 of the Companies Act, 2013 in respect of the Special Businesses to be transacted at the AGM, as set out in the notice is annexed hereto.

ITEM NO. 4

The Board of Directors appointed Mr. Pramod Kumar Agarwal, as an additional director in terms of Section 161 of the Companies Act, 2013 in the category of Independent Director. As per provision of Section 161 of the Companies Act, 2013, he holds office of Additional Director in the category of Independent Director of the Company up to the date of the ensuing Annual General Meeting.

The Board proposes to appoint Mr. Pramod Kumar Agarwal as an Independent Director for a term of five consecutive years from 30th September, 2019 till the conclusion of the Thirty First Annual General Meeting of the Company.

Copy of the draft letter for appointment of Mr. Pramod Kumar Agarwal as an Independent Director setting out the terms and conditions would be available for inspection without any fee by the members at the Registered Office of the Company during normal business hours on any working day, excluding Saturday.

Disclosure of Interest

Mr. Pramod Kumar Agarwal, being an appointee and his relatives to the extent of their shareholding in the Company, if any may be deemed to be concerned or interested, financially or otherwise in the Resolution at Item No. 4. Save and except this, none of the other Directors and Key Managerial Personnel of the Company and their relatives are concerned or interested, financially or otherwise in the Resolution at Item No. 4.

The above proposal is in the interest of the Company and the Directors recommend the Resolution in Item No. 4 of the Notice for approval of the Members.

ITEM NO. 5

Re-appointment of Mrs. Meetu Jain as an Independent Director

Mrs. Meetu Jain (DIN: 07076496) is a Non-Executive (Independent) Director of the Company. Pursuant to the provisions of Sections 149, 152 and the Rules made there under read with Schedule IV of the Companies Act, 2013, an independent director can hold office for a term up to five consecutive years on the board of a company and he/she is eligible for re-appointment on passing of a Special Resolution by the Company subject to maximum of two consecutive terms. Accordingly, the Members of the Company at their 22nd Annual

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General Meeting held on 30th September, 2015 appointed Mrs. Meetu Jain as an Independent Director of the Company for a period of five years i.e. up to 30th September, 2020 (first term).

In the opinion of the Board, Mrs. Meetu Jain fulfils the conditions for appointment of Independent Director as specified in the Act and the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. Contributions made by her during her tenure, was beneficial to the Company and it is desirable to re-appoint Mrs. Meetu Jain as an Independent Director of the Company, not liable to retire by rotation, for a second term of five consecutive years w.e.f. 30th September, 2020.

The Board of Directors on the recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee and based on the performance evaluation, her background, experience and contribution made by her during her tenure with the Company, proposes to re-appoint Mrs. Meetu Jain as an Independent Director not liable to retire by rotation, for a second term of five consecutive years commencing from 30th September, 2020. Copy of the draft letter of appointment of Mrs. Meetu Jain setting out the terms and conditions of appointment is available for inspection without any fee by the members at the Registered Office of the Company.

Disclosure of Interest

Mrs. Meetu Jain, being an appointee and her relatives to the extent of their shareholding in the Company, if any may be deemed to be concerned or interested, financially or otherwise in the Resolution at Item No. 5. Save and except this, none of the other Directors and Key Managerial Personnel of the Company and their relatives are concerned or interested, financially or otherwise in the Resolution at Item No.5.

The above proposal is in the interest of the Company and the Directors recommend the Resolution in Item No. 5 of the Notice for approval of the Members.

INFORMATION AS REQUIRED UNDER REGULATION 36(3) OF THE SEBI (LODR) REGULATIONS, 2015 IN RESPECT OF DIRECTOR BEING RE-APPOINTED:**ITEM NO. 2**

Details of Shri Kamal Singh Singhi seeking re-appointment in the Company.

Name of Director	Shri Kamal Singh Singhi
Date of Birth	25/06/1952
Qualifications	B. Com, FCA
Date of Original Appointment	25/03/1994
Brief resume and nature of expertise	Mr. Kamal Singh Singhi is a Chartered Accountant with over three and half decades of experience in financial services and capital markets in India. He is a strategic thinker and has built an unwavering top management team laying the foundation of growth for the Company.
Relationship between Directors inter-se	None
List of Directorships held in other Companies and membership of committees of the Board	GDB Share & Stock Broking Services Limited Mercury Consultants Private Limited Ashish Consultants Private Limited Janmangal Consultants Private Limited
Number of shares held in the Company	50,100
Number of Board Meetings attended during the year	7

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Your Directors recommend the above Ordinary Resolution for approval. None of the Directors or Key Managerial Personnel of the Company or their relatives are, in any way, concerned or interested in the above said resolution.

ITEM NO. 4

Details of Shri Pramod Kumar Agarwal seeking appointment in the Company.

Name of Director	Shri Pramod Kumar Agarwal
Date of Birth	01/01/1969
Qualifications	B. Com
Date of Original Appointment	30/09/2019
Brief resume and nature of expertise	Mr. Pramod Kumar Agarwal is a B.Com (Hons) graduate. He has more than three decades of experience in the field of accounting, taxation and capital markets in India.
Relationship between Directors inter-se	None
List of Directorships held in other Companies and membership of committees of the Board	Tagore Cotton Mills Co. Ltd International Contractors Ltd. Sodepur Textile Co. Ltd. Radha Bhawan Ltd. Dariapur Loan Co. Ltd. National Properties Ltd. Kedarnath Babulall Ltd. Shree Hanuman Properties Ltd. Newage Comtech Pvt Ltd. Imprex Data Matrix Solution Pvt Ltd.
Number of shares held in the Company	NIL
Number of Board Meetings attended during the year	2

Your Directors recommend the above Ordinary Resolution for approval. None of the Directors or Key Managerial Personnel of the Company or their relatives are, in any way, concerned or interested in the above said resolution.

ITEM NO. 5

Details of Smt. Meetu Jain seeking re-appointment in the Company.

Name of Director	Smt. Meetu Jain
Date of Birth	24/11/1975
Qualifications	BA
Date of Original Appointment	30/09/2015
Brief resume and nature of expertise	Mrs. Meetu Jain is a BA (Hons) graduate. By virtue of her versatile background, she has built a rich knowledge base in terms of governance
Relationship between Directors inter-se	None
List of Directorships held in other Companies and membership of committees of the Board	Lalima Tie Up Private Limited Raunak Commosale Private Limited Pagaria Holding Private Limited Anekant Advisory Private Limited

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	Badrinath Management Service Pvt Limited
Number of shares held in the Company	0
Number of Board Meetings attended during the year	7

Your Directors recommend the above Special Resolution for approval. None of the Directors or Key Managerial Personnel of the Company or their relatives are, in any way, concerned or interested in the above said resolution.

By Order of the Board
For GLOBAL FINANCE & SECURITIES LIMITED
DISHA DHARAR
Company Secretary

Dated: 31st Day of July, 2020

Place: Kolkata

GLOBAL FINANCE & SECURITIES LIMITED**CIN: L65991WB1994PLC061723****Regd. Office:** 17, Ganesh Chandra Avenue, 5th Floor, Kolkata – 700 013**Website:** globalfinance.co.in**Email:** gfs11994@gmail.com**DIRECTORS' REPORT****To The Members**

Your Directors take pleasure in presenting the 27th **Annual Report** of the Company together with the Consolidated and Standalone Audited Financial Statements for the Financial Year ended 31st March, 2020.

FINANCIAL RESULTS

The highlights of the Standalone & Consolidated Financial Results are as under:

Particulars	Rs. in Lacs			
	STANDALONE		CONSOLIDATED	
	Year Ended 31.03.2020	Year Ended 31.03.2019	Year Ended 31.03.2020	Year Ended 31.03.2019
Total Income	37.55	46.90	37.55	46.90
Total Expenses	34.25	14.79	34.25	14.79
Profit before share of Profit in Associates	3.30	32.10	3.30	32.10
Share of Profit of Associates (net)	-	-	(1.09)	1.91
Profit Before Tax	3.30	32.10	2.21	34.01
Tax Expenses	0.62	8.10	0.62	8.10
Profit for the year	2.68	24.00	1.59	25.90
Other Comprehensive Income	(6.19)	(11.60)	(6.19)	(11.60)
Total Comprehensive Income	(3.51)	12.40	(4.60)	14.30
Appropriations:				
Profit for the year	2.68	24.00	1.59	25.90
Balance brought forward from previous year	85.35	64.60	102.06	79.40
Amount Available for Appropriations	88.03	88.60	103.65	105.30
Transfer to Statutory Reserve	2.14	3.24	2.14	3.24
Balance Carried forward to Balance Sheet	85.90	85.35	101.52	102.06

OPERATIONS

The Company is engaged in the business of granting loans and advances and dealing and investing in shares and securities as NBFC. There has been no change in the business and activities of the Company during the financial year ended 31st March, 2020.

Total Income (Standalone & Consolidated) for the year under review is Rs. 37.55 Lacs as against Rs. 46.90 Lacs in the previous year. Standalone Net Profit for the year under review is Rs. 2.68 Lacs as against Rs. 24.00 Lacs in the previous year. Consolidated Net Profit for the year under review is Rs. 1.59 Lacs as against Rs. 25.90 Lacs in the previous year. The Company looks forward for better business opportunities for further improvement in its revenue and operations and is upbeat about the same.

TRANSFER TO RESERVES

The Company has transferred a sum of Rs. 2.14 Lacs to Statutory Reserve during the financial year ended 31st March, 2020.

BASIS OF PREPARATIONS OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For all periods up to and including the year ended 31 March 2019, the Company prepared its standalone financial statements in accordance with accounting standards notified under the section 133 of the Companies Act 2013, read together with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 (Indian GAAP or previous GAAP). These standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2020 are the first the Company has prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards notified under section 133 of the Companies Act 2013, read together with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 (as amended) ('Ind AS') together read with the MCA notification dated 11 October 2018 which states the mandate for adoption of these standards by the NBFC Companies, as defined under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) (Amendment) Rules, 2016.

These standalone financial statements have been prepared and presented under the historical cost convention, on the accrual basis of accounting except for certain financial assets and financial liabilities that are measured at fair values at the end of each reporting period, as stated in the accounting policies set out below. The accounting policies have been applied consistently over all the periods presented in these standalone financial statements.

DIVIDEND

In view of past losses and planned business growth, your Directors deem it proper to preserve the resources of the Company for its activities and therefore, do not propose any dividend for the Financial Year ended 31st March, 2020.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS REPORT

Management Discussion and Analysis forms an integral part of this report and gives details of the overall industry structure, economic developments, performance and state of affairs of the Company's business and other material developments during the Financial Year 2019-20. The Management Discussion and Analysis is presented in a separate section forming part of the Annual Report.

SHARE CAPITAL

The paid up Equity Share Capital as on 31st March, 2020 was at Rs. 500.02 Lacs. The Company has not issued any further equity capital during the year under review, and has also not issued any shares with differential voting rights, nor granted any stock options or sweat equity, at any time including during the year under review.

MEETINGS OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

During the year under review 7 (Seven) Board Meetings were convened and held, details of which are given in the Corporate Governance Report. The intervening gap between the Meetings was within the period prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013.

SIGNIFICANT/ MATERIAL ORDERS PASSED BY THE REGULATORS

No significant/ material orders have been passed by the Regulators/Courts/Tribunals impacting the going concern status and Company's future operations.

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LOANS, GUARANTEES AND INVESTMENTS

The Company is exempted from the applicability of the provisions of Section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 11 of the Companies (Meeting of Board and its Powers) Rules, 2014 and Companies (Meeting of Board and its Powers) amendment Rules, 2015, since the Company is NBFC whose principle business is granting of Loans and acquisition of Securities. During the year the Company has not provided any guarantee.

The details of investments made by the Company are provided under Note No. 5 forming part of the Annual Accounts of the Company for the year ended 31st March, 2020.

EXTRACT OF ANNUAL RETURN

The extract of Annual Return in form no.MGT-9 as required under Section 92 of the Companies Act, 2013 for the financial year ending March 31, 2020 is annexed hereto as Annexure I and forms part of this report.

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

All related party transactions that were entered into during the financial year ended 31st March, 2020 were on arm's length basis and were in the ordinary course of business. All Related Party Transactions are placed before the Audit Committee as also the Board for approval. The Company has adopted a Related Party Transactions Policy, as approved by the Board. The Company does not have contracts or arrangements with its related parties under Section 188(1) of the Companies Act, 2013, which are not on arms' length basis and hence the details are not disclosed in Form AOC – 2 as prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules framed thereunder.

The Company has entered into material transactions with related parties on arms' length basis under Regulation 23 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosures Requirements) Regulations, 2015, and the same are within the maximum limits as approved by the shareholders. Your Directors draw attention of the members to Note 22 of the Financial Statements which sets out Related Party Disclosure under Accounting Standard 18.

Your Company has formulated a Policy on Related Party Transactions which is also available on its website: www.globalfinance.co.in.

CONSERVATION OF ENERGY, TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION AND FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS & OUTGO:

A. Conservation of Energy, Technology Absorption

Since the Company's operations do not involve any manufacturing or processing activities, the particulars required pursuant to section 134(3) (m) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with rule 8 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 regarding conservation of energy and technology absorption, are not applicable.

B. Foreign Exchange Earnings and Outgo

There is no foreign earning & outgo during the year under review.

RISK MANAGEMENT

Risk Management is the process of identification, assessment and prioritization of risks followed by coordinated efforts to minimize, monitor and mitigate/control the probability and/or impact of unfortunate events or to maximize the realization of opportunities. The Company has laid down a comprehensive Risk Assessment and Minimization Procedure which is reviewed by the Board from time to time. These procedures

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are reviewed to ensure that executive management controls risk through means of a properly defined framework. The major risks have been identified by the Company and its mitigation process/measures have been formulated in the areas such as business, project execution, event, financial, human, environment and statutory compliance.

ADEQUACY OF INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROLS WITH REFERENCE TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Company has in place adequate internal financial controls, including monitoring procedure, to ensure that all assets and investments are safe guarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition. Company policies, guidelines and procedures provide for adequate checks and balances and are meant to ensure that all transactions are authorized, recorded and reported properly. During the year under review, such controls were tested and no reportable material weaknesses in the design or operation were observed.

DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL (KMP)

Pursuant to Section 152 and other applicable provisions of Companies Act, 2013, Shri Kamal Singh Singhi (DIN: 00514656), being Non-Executive Director, retires by rotation and being eligible offers himself for re-appointment at the ensuing Annual General Meeting. The Board recommends his re-appointment.

Pursuant to provisions of Section 134(3)(d) of the Companies Act, 2013 with respect to statement on declaration given by Independent Directors under section 149(6) of the Act, the Board hereby confirms that all the independent directors of the Company have given their declaration and have confirmed that they meet the criteria of Independence as provided in the said Section 149(6).

The Board of Directors of the Company on 30th September, 2019, on the basis of recommendation of the Nomination & Remuneration Committee ('N&RC') appointed Mr. Pramod Kumar Agarwal as an Additional Director (Non-Executive Independent) w.e.f. 30th September, 2019. Further, the N&RC and Board of Directors of the Company have also recommended the appointment of Mr. Pramod Kumar Agarwal as an Independent Director, not liable to retire by rotation to the Members at the ensuing AGM, for a period of five years commencing from 30th September, 2019 up to the conclusion of the Thirty First Annual General Meeting of the Company on the terms & conditions as approved and decided by the Board of Directors from time to time, subject to necessary sanctions and approvals from the Members of the Company, as may be applicable.

Pursuant to Section 149 of the Companies Act, 2013, the term of office of Mrs. Meetu Jain, Independent Director of the Company appointed at the 22nd AGM for a term of five consecutive years, expires on the conclusion of 27th Annual General Meeting of the Company.

Based on recommendation of the Nomination & Remuneration Committee and the Board of Directors of the Company, members are requested to approve the re-appointment of the above director for a second term of five consecutive years with effect from 30th September, 2020.

Resignation of the Independent Director is done by the resolution of the Board of Directors of the Company. Resignation is in accordance with provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, rules made there under & SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosures Requirements) Regulations, 2015. Mr. Vimal Kumar Taparia, Independent Director, resigned from the Board of Directors w.e.f. 7th December 2019. The Board places on record its gratitude for the invaluable service provided by Mr. Taparia during his tenure and association with the Company. The Board wishes him the very best for all his future endeavours.

DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE BY DIRECTORS

Declaration given by Independent Directors meeting the criteria of Independence as provided in sub-section (6) of Section 149 of the Companies Act, 2013 is received and taken on record.

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DEPOSITS

The Company being a Non-Deposit Accepting Non-Banking Financial Company has not accepted any deposit from the public during the year under review and shall not accept any deposit from the public without obtaining prior approval of the Reserve Bank of India.

DETAILS OF SUBSIDIARY, JOINT VENTURE OR ASSOCIATE COMPANIES

The Company does not have any subsidiaries or joint ventures as on 31st March, 2020. Details of the company which is an associate company of the company is as under:

Name of the Company	% Shareholding of the Company	Status
GDB Share & Stock Broking Services Limited	24.79	Associate

STATUTORY DISCLOSURES

The summary of the key financials of the Company's associate company (Form AOC-1) is included in this Annual Report. A copy of audited financial statements of the said company will be made available to the members of the Company, seeking such information at any point of time. The audited financial statements of the said company will be kept for inspection by any member of the Company at its registered office during business hours.

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors also present the audited consolidated financial statements incorporating the duly audited financial statements of the associate prepared in compliance with the Act and applicable Accounting Standards. A separate statement containing the salient features of the associate in the prescribed 'Form AOC-1' is enclosed herewith as Annexure 'II' to the Board's Report.

DISCLOSURES UNDER SEXUAL HARASSMENT OF WOMEN AT WORKPLACE (PREVENTION, PROHIBITION & REDRESSAL) ACT, 2013

The Company has adopted a policy on Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal of Sexual Harassment at the Workplace, in line with the provisions of the Sexual Harassment of Women at the Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act 2013 and the Rules made thereunder. The Policy aims to provide protection to employees at the workplace and prevent and redress complaints of sexual harassment and for matters connected or incidental thereto, with the objective of providing a safe working environment, where employees feel secure. The Company has also constituted an Internal Complaints Committee, known as the Prevention of Sexual Harassment Committee, to inquire into complaints of sexual harassment and recommend appropriate action. The Company has not received any complaint of sexual harassment during the financial year 2019 - 20.

APPOINTMENT OF STATUTORY AUDITORS

M/s. Agarwal Maheswari & Co., Chartered Accountants, (Registration No. 314030E), are being appointed as Auditors of the Company for a tenure of five years i.e. from the conclusion of the 27th Annual General Meeting (AGM) till the conclusion of the 32nd Annual General Meeting (AGM) of the Company. This appointment is subject to ratification by the Members at every AGM held after appointment during their tenure of office.

As required under section 139 of the Act, the Company has received a written consent from the Auditors to such continued appointment and also a certificate from them to the effect that their appointment would be in accordance with the conditions prescribed under the Act and the Rules made thereunder, as may be applicable. The necessary resolution is being placed for Members at the ensuing AGM.

EXPLANATION OR COMMENTS ON QUALIFICATIONS, RESERVATIONS OR ADVERSE REMARKS OR DISCLAIMERS MADE BY THE AUDITORS AND THE PRACTICING COMPANY SECRETARY IN THEIR REPORTS

There were no qualifications, reservations or adverse remarks made by the Statutory Auditors and Practicing Company Secretary in their report.

SECRETARIAL AUDITORS

Pursuant to provisions of Section 204 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014, the Company has appointed Rajarshi Ghosh, Company Secretary, (CP No.8921) to undertake the Secretarial Audit of the Company. The Secretarial Audit Report for the financial year 2019-20 is annexed hereto as Annexure III and forms part of this report.

STATEMENT FOR FORMAL ANNUAL EVALUATION MADE BY THE BOARD OF ITS OWN PERFORMANCE, ITS COMMITTEES AND INDIVIDUAL DIRECTORS

Pursuant to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015, the Board has carried out an annual evaluation of its own performance, performance of the Directors individually as well as the evaluation of the working of its Committees. The Nomination and Remuneration Committee has defined the evaluation criteria, procedure and time schedule for the Performance Evaluation process for the Board, its Committees and individual Directors of the Company. The Nomination and Remuneration Policy is displayed on the website of the Company.

For evaluating the Board as a whole, views were sought from the Directors on various aspects of the Board's functioning such as degree of fulfillment of key responsibilities, Board structure and composition, establishment, delineation of responsibilities to various Committees, effectiveness of Board processes, information and functioning, Board culture and dynamics, quality of relationship between the Board and the Management and efficacy of communication with external stakeholders.

Similarly, views from the Directors were also sought on performance of individual Directors covering various aspects such as attendance and contribution at Board/ Committee Meetings and guidance/ support to the management outside Board/Committee Meetings.

Areas on which the Committees of the Board were assessed included degree of fulfillment of key responsibilities, adequacy of Committee composition, effectiveness of meetings, Committee dynamics and quality of relationship of the Committee with the Board and the Management.

The performance evaluation of the Independent Directors was carried out by the entire Board. The performance evaluation of the Non-Independent Directors was carried out by the Independent Directors who also reviewed the performance of the Board as a whole.

The Chairman of the Board provided feedback to the Directors, as appropriate. Significant highlights, learning with respect to the evaluation, were discussed at the Board Meeting

VIGIL MECHANISM

Your Company has adopted a 'Whistle Blower Policy and Vigil Mechanism' to provide formal mechanism to the directors and employees to report their concern about unethical behavior, actual or suspected fraud or violation of the Company's Code of Conduct or ethics policy. The policy provides for adequate safeguards against victimization of employees who avail of the mechanism and also provide for direct access to the Chairman of Audit Committee. The said policy has been uploaded on the website of the Company. No personnel of the Company have been denied access to the Committee.

CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY INITIATIVES

The criteria prescribed for the applicability of Corporate Social Responsibility under Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 is not applicable to the Company.

COMMITTEES OF THE BOARD

During the year, in accordance with the Companies Act, 2013 and SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015, the Board re-constituted and/or constituted some of its Committees. The Committees are as follows:

- Audit Committee
- Nomination and Remuneration Committee
- Stakeholders' Relationship Committee

Details of the said Committees along with their charters, composition and meetings held during the year, are provided in the "Report on Corporate Governance"

COMPANY'S POLICY ON DIRECTORS' APPOINTMENT AND REMUNERATION

Pursuant to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015 policy on nomination and remuneration of Directors, Key Managerial Personnel, Senior Management and other employees has been formulated including criteria for determining qualification, positive attributes, Independence of a Director and other matters as required. The Nomination and Remuneration Policy is displayed on the website of the Company.

DIRECTOR'S RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT

As required under Section 134 (5) of the Companies Act, 2013, your Directors hereby confirm that:

- a. In the preparation of the Annual Accounts for the year ended 31st March, 2020, the Company has followed the applicable accounting standards with proper explanation relating to material departures;
- b. The Directors have selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent, so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company at the end of the financial year 2019 - 20, i.e. as at 31st March, 2020 and of the Profit of the Company for the year ended on that date;
- c. The Directors have taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- d. The Directors have prepared the Annual Accounts on a going concern basis;
- e. The Directors have laid down internal financial controls to be followed by the Company and that such internal financial controls are adequate and were operating effectively;
- f. The Directors have devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems were adequate and operating effectively.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

In compliance with SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015, Management Discussion and Analysis and the report on Corporate Governance along with certificate from Auditors regarding compliance of condition of Corporate Governance is annexed to Directors' Report. A declaration by the CEO regarding the compliance with the code of conduct also forms part of this Annual Report.

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EMPLOYEES

Particulars of employees as required under section 197 read with rule 5 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 in respect of employees of the Company are not applicable to your Company.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

Your Directors acknowledge with gratitude the sincere co-operation and assistance received by the company from its bankers, business associates, government departments, shareholders and employees.

For and on behalf of the Board

KAMAL SINGH SINGHI | Director
DIN: 00514656

PRAMOD KUMAR AGARWAL | Director
DIN: 02631299

Place : Kolkata

Dated : The 31st Day of July, 2020

ANNEXURE - I**FORM NO. MGT 9
EXTRACT OF ANNUAL RETURN**

As on financial year ended on 31.03.2020

Pursuant to Section 92 (3) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule 12(1) of the Company
(Management & Administration) Rules, 2014**I. REGISTRATION & OTHER DETAILS:**

1.	CIN	L65991WB1994PLC061723
2.	Registration Date	04/02/1994
3.	Name of the Company	GLOBAL FINANCE & SECURITIES LIMITED
4.	Category/Sub-category of the Company	COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES / INDIAN NON-GOVERNMENT COMPANY
5.	Address of the Registered office & contact details	BUSINESS POINT, 5 TH FLOOR, 17, GANESH CHANDRA AVENUE, KOLKATA – 700 013 Phone No.: 033 – 2211-1154
6.	Whether listed company	YES
7.	Name, Address & contact details of the Registrar & Transfer Agent, if any.	NICHE TECHNOLOGIES (P) LIMITED 7A AUCKLAND PLACE, 7 TH FLOOR KOLKATA 700 017 PHONE: 033 – 22806616

II. PRINCIPAL BUSINESS ACTIVITIES OF THE COMPANY (All the business activities contributing 10 % or more of the total turnover of the company shall be stated)

S. No.	Name and Description of main products / services	NIC Code of the	% to total turnover of the company
1	Financial Services	64990	100%

III. PARTICULARS OF HOLDING, SUBSIDIARY AND ASSOCIATE COMPANIES -

Sl. No.	Name and Address of the Company	CIN/GLN	Holding / Subsidiary / Associate	% of Share Held	Applicable Section
1	GDB Share & Stock Broking Services Limited, 17, Ganesh Chandra Avenue, 5 th Floor, Kolkata – 700 013	U67120WB1995PLC071952	Associate	24.79	Section 2(6) and Section 2 (27) of the Companies Act, 2013

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IV. SHARE HOLDING PATTERN (Equity Share Capital Breakup as percentage of Total Equity)**A. Category-wise Share Holding**

Category of Shareholders	No. of Shares held at the beginning of the year [As on 31-March-2019]				No. of Shares held at the end of the year [As on 31-March-2020]				% Change during the year
	Demat	Physical	Total	% of Total Shares	Demat	Physical	Total	% of Total Shares	
A. Promoters									
(1) Indian									
a) Individual/HUF	1452300	695700	2148000	42.958	1452300	695700	2148000	42.958	NIL
b) Central Govt	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
c) State Govt(s)	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
d) Bodies Corp.	NIL	68000	68000	1.360	NIL	68000	68000	1.360	NIL
e) Banks / FI	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
f) Any other	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
Total shareholding of Promoter (A)	1452300	763700	2216000	44.318	1452300	763700	2216000	44.318	NIL
B. Public Shareholding									
1. Institutions									
a) Mutual Funds	NIL	83500	83500	1.670	NIL	83500	83500	1.670	NIL
b) Banks / FI	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
c) Central Govt	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
d) State Govt(s)	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
e) Venture Capital Funds	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
f) Insurance Companies	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
g) FIIs	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
h) Foreign Venture Capital Funds	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
i) Others (specify)	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
Sub-total (B)(1):-	NIL	83500	83500	1.670	NIL	83500	83500	1.670	NIL

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2. Non-Institutions									
a) Bodies Corp.									
i) Indian	342100	504700	846800	16.935	342100	504700	846800	16.935	NIL
ii) Overseas	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
b) Individuals									
i) Individual shareholders holding nominal share capital upto Rs. 1 lakh	347600	970100	1317700	26.353	352300	965600	1317900	26.357	0.004
ii) Individual shareholders holding nominal share capital in excess of Rs 1 lakh	53300	482000	535300	10.706	126000	409300	535300	10.706	NIL
c) Others (specify)	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
Non Resident Indians	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
Overseas Corporate Bodies	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
Foreign Nationals	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
Clearing Members	900	NIL	900	0.018	700	NIL	700	0.014	-0.004
Trusts	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
Foreign Bodies - D R	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
Sub-total (B)(2):-	743900	1956800	2700700	54.012	821100	1879600	2700700	54.012	NIL
Total Public Shareholding (B)=(B)(1)+(B)(2)	743900	2040300	2784200	55.682	821100	1963100	2784200	55.682	NIL
C. Shares held by Custodian for GDRs & ADRs	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
Grand Total (A+B+C)	2196200	2804000	5000200	100.00	2273400	2726800	5000200	100.00	NIL

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B) Shareholding of Promoter-

SN	Shareholder's Name	Shareholding at the beginning of the year			Shareholding at the end of the year			% change in shareholding during the year
		No. of Shares	% of total Shares of the company	%of Shares Pledged / encumbered to total shares	No. of Shares	% of total Shares of the company	%of Shares Pledged / encumbered to total shares	
1	Anil Nahata	30000	0.600	0.000	30000	0.600	0.000	0.000
2	Avinash Nahata	30000	0.600	0.000	30000	0.600	0.000	0.000
3	Balchand Singhi	216500	4.330	0.000	216500	4.330	0.000	0.000
4	Hathi Mal Nahata	80100	1.602	0.000	80100	1.602	0.000	0.000
5	Kamal Singh Singhi	50100	1.002	0.000	50100	1.002	0.000	0.000
6	Madhu Singhi	50000	1.000	0.000	50000	1.000	0.000	0.000
7	Prakash Chand Nahata	80000	1.600	0.000	80000	1.600	0.000	0.000
8	Rachyita Investment Pvt. Ltd.	48000	0.960	0.000	48000	0.960	0.000	0.000
9	Raj Kumar Nahata	693400	13.867	0.000	693400	13.867	0.000	0.000
10	Samrat Mercantile Pvt. Ltd.	20000	0.400	0.000	20000	0.400	0.000	0.000
11	Sarika Nahata	30000	0.600	0.000	30000	0.600	0.000	0.000
12	Saroj Devi Nahata	30000	0.600	0.000	30000	0.600	0.000	0.000
13	Shesh Karan Singhi	693900	13.877	0.000	693900	13.877	0.000	0.000
14	Suman Nahata	50000	1.000	0.000	50000	1.000	0.000	0.000
15	Suman Singhi	114000	2.280	0.000	114000	2.280	0.000	0.000
	TOTAL	2216000	44.318	0.000	2216000	44.318	0.000	0.000

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C) Change in Promoters' Shareholding (please specify, if there is no change)

SN	Particulars	Shareholding at the beginning of the year		Cumulative Shareholding during the year	
		No. of shares	% of total shares of the company	No. of shares	% of total shares of the company
	At the beginning of the year	NIL			
	Date wise Increase / Decrease in Promoters Shareholding during the year specifying the reasons for increase / decrease (e.g. allotment /transfer / bonus/ sweat equity etc.):				
	At the end of the year				

D) Shareholding Pattern of top ten Shareholders:
(Other than Directors, Promoters and Holders of GDRs and ADRs):

Sl. No.	For Each of the Top 10 Shareholders	Shareholding at the beginning of the year		Cumulative Shareholding during the year	
		No. of shares	% of total shares of the company	No. of shares	% of total shares of the company
1	CRB TRUSTEE LTD A/C CRB MUTUAL FUND				
	a) At the Beginning of the Year	73400	1.468		
	b) Changes during the year	[NO CHANGES DURING THE YEAR]			
	c) At the End of the Year			73400	1.468
2	DHAN DAULAT HOLDING LIMITED				
	a) At the Beginning of the Year	41600	0.832		
	b) Changes during the year	[NO CHANGES DURING THE YEAR]			
	c) At the End of the Year			41600	0.832
3	GDB SHARE & STOCK BROKING SERVICES LTD.				
	a) At the Beginning of the Year	133000	2.660		
	b) Changes during the year	[NO CHANGES DURING THE YEAR]			
	c) At the End of the Year			133000	2.660
4	GDB SHARE AND STOCK BROKING SERVICES LTD.				
	a) At the Beginning of the Year	67000	1.340		
	b) Changes during the year	[NO CHANGES DURING THE YEAR]			
	c) At the End of the Year			67000	1.340

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Sl. No.	For Each of the Top 10 Shareholders	Shareholding at the beginning of the year		Cumulative Shareholding during the year	
		No. of shares	% of total shares of the company	No. of shares	% of total shares of the company
5	HUNGERFORD CONSULTANTS PRIVATE LIMITED .				
	a) At the Beginning of the Year	80500	1.610		
	b) Changes during the year	[NO CHANGES DURING THE YEAR]			
	c) At the End of the Year			80500	1.610
6	M H FINANCE AND MERCANTILE PVT LTD				
	a) At the Beginning of the Year	83400	1.668		
	b) Changes during the year	[NO CHANGES DURING THE YEAR]			
	c) At the End of the Year			83400	1.668
7	PAGARIA HOLDING PRIVATE LIMITED				
	a) At the Beginning of the Year	67500	1.350		
	b) Changes during the year	[NO CHANGES DURING THE YEAR]			
	c) At the End of the Year			67500	1.350
8	RAKHEE SHYAMSUKHA				
	a) At the Beginning of the Year	250000	5.000		
	b) Changes during the year	[NO CHANGES DURING THE YEAR]			
	c) At the End of the Year			250000	5.000
9	VICCO PRODUCTS BOMBAY PVT LTD				
	a) At the Beginning of the Year	65600	1.312		
	b) Changes during the year	[NO CHANGES DURING THE YEAR]			
	c) At the End of the Year			65600	1.312
10	WELLWORTH MULTYFIN (P) LTD				
	a) At the Beginning of the Year	98400	1.968		
	b) Changes during the year	[NO CHANGES DURING THE YEAR]			
	c) At the End of the Year			98400	1.968
	T O T A L	960400	19.207	960400	19.207

E) Shareholding of Directors and Key Managerial Personnel:

SN	Shareholding of each Directors and each Key Managerial Personnel	Shareholding		Cumulative Shareholding during the year	
		No. of shares	% of total shares of the company	No. of shares	% of total shares of the company
	At the beginning of the year				

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	1. Hathi Mal Nahata 2. Kamal Singh Singhi 3. Pushraj Singhi (CEO)	80100 50100 58900	1.602 1.002 1.178	80100 50100 58900	1.602 1.002 1.178
	Date wise Increase / Decrease in Shareholding during the year specifying the reasons for increase /decrease (e.g. allotment / transfer / bonus/ sweat equity etc.):	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
	At the end of the year 1. Hathi Mal Nahata 2. Kamal Singh Singhi 3. Pushraj Singhi (CEO)	80100 50100 58900	1.602 1.002 1.178	80100 50100 58900	1.602 1.002 1.178

V) **INDEBTEDNESS** - Indebtedness of the Company including interest outstanding/accrued but not due for payment. – **NIL**

VI) **REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL-**

A. Remuneration to Managing Director, Whole-time Directors and/or Manager: **NIL**

B. Remuneration to other directors: **NIL**

C. REMUNERATION TO KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL OTHER THAN MD/MANAGER/WTD

SN	Particulars of Remuneration	Key Managerial Personnel			
		CEO	CS	CFO	Total
1	Gross salary (Per annum or part thereof)				
	(a) Salary as per provisions contained in section 17(1) of the Income-tax Act, 1961	132,000	374,143	366,000	872,143
	(b) Value of perquisites u/s 17(2) Income-tax Act, 1961	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
	(c) Profits in lieu of salary under section 17(3) Income-tax Act, 1961	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
2	Stock Option	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
3	Sweat Equity	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
4	Commission	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
	- as % of profit	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
	others, specify...	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
5	Others, please specify	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
	Total	132,000	374,143	366,000	872,143

VII. **PENALTIES / PUNISHMENT/ COMPOUNDING OF OFFENCES: NIL**

ANNEXURE – II

COMPANIES (ACCOUNTS) RULES, 2014

FORM AOC – 1

Part “B”: Associate and Joint Ventures

Statement pursuant to section 129(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 related to Associate Companies and Joint Ventures

Name of Associate	GDB SHARE & STOCK BROKING SERVICES LIMITED
1. Latest Audited Balance Sheet	31/03/2020
2. Shares of Associate / Joint Ventures held by the company on the year end	
No. : Equity	2,90,000
Amount of Investment in Associates / Joint Ventures	Rs. 29 Lakh
Extend of Holding %	24.79%
3. Description of how there is significant influence	"Significant influence" means control of at least twenty percent of total voting power, or control of or participation in business decisions under an agreement. Since the Company holds more than 20% of the total voting power of the associate, the company has significant influence over its associate.
4. Reason why the associate / joint venture is not consolidated	NA
5. Net Worth attributable to Shareholding as per latest audited Balance Sheet	Rs. 69.25 Lakh
6. Profit / (Loss) for the year	
i. Considered in Consolidation	Rs. (1.09) Lakh
ii. Not Considered in Consolidation	NA

#

Annexure – III to the Directors' Report

**SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31STMARCH, 2020**

[Pursuant to section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule No.9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration Personnel) Rules, 2014]

To,
The Members,
Global Finance & Securities Limited
17, Ganesh Chandra Avenue,
5th Floor, Kolkata – 700 013

I, Rajarshi Ghosh, have conducted the secretarial audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and adherence to good corporate practices by **M/SGLOBAL FINANCE & SECURITIES LTD.** (hereinafter called the 'Company'). Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided me a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/statutory compliances and expressing my opinion thereon.

Based on my verification of the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit, I hereby report that in my opinion, the Company has, during the audit period ended on 31st March, 2020, complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board-processes and compliance-mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

I have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by **M/SGLOBAL FINANCE & SECURITIES LTD.** ("The Company") for the period ended on 31stMarch, 2020 according to the provisions of:

- i) The Companies Act, 2013 (**the Act**) and the Rules made thereunder;
- ii) The Securities Contracts (Regulations) Act, 1956 (**'SCRA'**) and the Rules made thereunder;
- iii) The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Bye-laws framed thereunder;
- iv) Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the Rules and Regulations made thereunder to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment, Overseas Direct Investment and External Commercial Borrowings;
- v) The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 (**'SEBI Act'**) to the extent applicable to the Company :-
 - a. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011;
 - b. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015;

- c. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2009;
- d. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Employees Stock Option Scheme and Employee Stock Purchase Scheme) Regulations, 2009;
- e. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Debt Securities) Regulation, 2008;
- f. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993 regarding the Companies Act and dealing with client;
- g. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2009; and
- h. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buyback of Securities) Regulations, 1998;

vi) All other statutes and laws as may be applicable specifically to the company.

I have also examined compliances with the applicable clauses of the following:

- (i) Secretarial Standards issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India.
- (ii) The SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015 entered into by the Company with Calcutta Stock Exchange of India Limited.

During the period under review, the Company has complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, Standards, Listing Agreements, etc. mentioned above.

I further report that the Company has, in my opinion, complied with the provisions of the Companies Act, 1956 and the Rules made under that Act and the provisions of Companies Act, 2013 as notified by Ministry of Corporate Affairs and the Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Company, with regard to Composition of Board of Directors & Committees thereof, Issuance of notices for meetings of the board, committee & shareholders, recording of minutes of the meetings, filing of returns, etc and compliance of various other provisions of the Companies Act & SEBI Regulations as are applicable to the Company.

I further report that

- a) The Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted with proper balance of Executive Directors, Non-Executive Directors and Independent Directors. The changes in the composition of the Board of Directors that took place during the period under review were carried out in compliance with the provisions of the Act.
- b) Adequate notice is given to all directors to schedule the Board Meetings, agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent at least seven days in advance, and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting.
- c) None of the Directors in any meeting dissented on any resolution and hence there was no instance of recording any dissenting member's view in the minutes.

I further report that:

- The Company has obtained all necessary approvals under the various provisions of the Act; and

- There was no prosecution initiated and no fines or penalties were imposed during the year under review under the Act, SEBI Act, SCRA, Depositories Act, SEBI (LODR) Regulations and Rules, Regulations and Guidelines framed under these Acts against / on the Company, its Directors and Officers.

- The Directors have complied with the disclosure requirements in respect of their eligibility of appointment, their being independent and compliance with the Code of Business Conduct & Ethics for Directors and Management Personnel;

I further report that the Company has complied with the provisions of the Depositories Act, 1996 and the Byelaws framed thereunder by the Depositories with regard to dematerialization / re-materialisation of securities and reconciliation of records of dematerialized securities with all securities issued by the Company.

The Company has complied with the provisions of the FEMA, 1999 and the Rules and Regulations made under that Act to the extent applicable.

I further report that there are adequate systems and processes in the company commensurate with the size and operations of the Company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines.

I further report that during the audit period the Company has not passed any special resolution which is having major bearing on the Company's affairs in pursuance of the above referred laws, rules, regulations, guidelines, standards, etc.:

This report is to be read with my letter of even date, which is annexed as Annexure – I which forms an integral part of this report.

Place: Kolkata

Date: 14th July, 2020

Rajarshi Ghosh

ACS – 17717

C. P. No. 8921

UDIN:A017717B000450534

Annexure-I to Secretarial Audit Report

**To,
The Members,
GLOBAL FINANCE & SECURITIES LTD.**

Our report of even date is to be read along with this letter.

1. Maintenance of secretarial record is the responsibility of the management of the Company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these secretarial records based on our audit.
2. We have followed the audit practices and processes as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the Secretarial records. The verification was done on test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in secretarial records. We believe that the processes and practices, we followed provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.
3. We have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and Books of Accounts of the Company.
4. Whenever required, we have obtained the Management representation about the compliance of laws, rules and regulations and happening of events, etc.
5. The compliance of the provisions of Corporate and other applicable laws, rules, regulations, standards is the responsibility of management. Our examination was limited to the verification of procedures on test basis.
6. The Secretarial Audit report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

Place: Kolkata

Date: 14thJuly, 2020

Rajarshi Ghosh
ACS – 17717
C. P. No. 8921
UDIN: A017717B000450534

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS:

Macro Economic Review:

Financial Year 2020 began with an expectation that the year would witness a slowdown in growth due to a significant restraint in economic activity. Recognising the economic headwinds, the Central Government undertook a slew of measures to boost growth which included a substantial tax relief to the corporate sector. Even without the terrible effects of COVID-19, India's GDP growth was rapidly slowing down. Before the COVID-19 pandemic and lockdown, both the RBI and the Central Statistics Office of the Government of India had revised the GDP growth rate downwards. The RBI changed its full year GDP growth estimate from an initial 7.2% to 5% in December 2019, and ascribed the tapering of growth to a tight credit market impacting fresh investments, weak capital expenditure and a slowdown in manufacturing. GDP growth for FY2020 was 4.2%, worst in the last decade.

Financial Performance:

Net Profit for the year under consideration is Rs. 2.68 Lacs as against Rs. 24.00 Lacs in the previous year. The company operates only in one segment.

Outlook for the year 2020-21

India is expected to lean towards domestic factors to drive its progress owing to a weak global economic environment. The country's GDP growth will primarily be driven by continued momentum in private investment, as well as gross capital formation, growth in bank credit and strong financial flows to the commercial sector. Normal monsoon and lower oil prices will also augur well for the economy.

Internal Control Systems:

The Company has an adequate system of internal controls commensurate with the size and the nature of its business which ensure accuracy of accounting records, compliance with laws and regulations. Your company has also appointed M/s. Lunia Singh Mohanty & Co., Chartered Accountants as the Internal Auditors of the Company. The internal control systems of the company are monitored and evaluated by internal auditors and their audit reports are reviewed by the Audit Committee of the Board of Directors. The observations and comments of the Audit Committee are placed before the Board.

Human Resources:

There has not been any material development in human resources and number of people employed.

Opportunities & Threats:

The economic demand slow down presents a real challenge to growing volumes. The inflation figures and recent emerging developments across the globe, like Corona Virus has the potential to be destabilise the existing supply chain networks.

Impact of CORONA VIRUS (COVID-19) on Financial Reporting- Accounting year ended 31st March, 2020

COVID-19, a global pandemic has affected the world economy including India, leading to significant decline and volatility in financial markets and decline in economic activities. The national lockdown announced on 24th March 2020 affected activities of organizations across the economic ecosystem, impacting earning prospects and valuations of companies and creating huge volatility in the stock markets. As a result, the Company's business is likely to be impacted by lower lending opportunities and decline in carrying value of investments, thereby impacting profitability. The impact of COVID-19 on Company's business remain uncertain and dependent on extent of spread of the pandemic, steps taken by the Government and central bank to mitigate the economic impact, steps taken by the Company and its Investee Companies and the time it takes for economic activities to resume at normal levels.

In accordance with the Reserve Bank of India guidelines relating to COVID-19 Regulatory Package dated 27 March 2020 and 17 April 2020, the Company has adopted the necessary policy for granting moratorium of up to 3 months on repayment of all installments and/ or interest, as applicable, falling due between 1 March 2020 and 31 May 2020 to its eligible borrowers. Subject to internal approvals, the Company will be extending moratorium as announced by RBI vide its subsequent notification dated 22 May 2020.

The stock exchanges, banks and financial institutions were permitted to function during the national lockdown and correspondingly the lending and investment activities of the Company remained operational. Basis the relaxations granted post the lockdown period, the Company's registered office have been made operational. The employees are permitted to work in accordance with the guidelines issued by the Ministry of Home Affairs (MHA) and the respective state governments. The Company's capital and liquidity position remains strong and would continue to be the focus area for the Management. There have been no significant changes to the Company's internal financial control other than providing remote access to some of its key employees during the lockdown to enable them to work from home.

Based on the current assessment of the potential impact of the COVID-19 on the Company, management is of the view that the Company is well capitalized with low leverage, widely diversified in terms of its lending and investment activities and has adequate liquidity to service its obligations, sustain its operations and also look at any appropriate investment/lending opportunities.

The Company has maintained adequate provisions on loan assets based on the information available at this point of time including economic forecasts. The extent to which the current pandemic will impact the carrying value of investments and loan receivables is dependent on the future developments, which are highly uncertain at this point in time. The Company believes that it has considered all the possible impact of known events arising out of COVID 19 pandemic in the preparation of these financial results. The impact assessment of COVID 19 is a continuing process given its nature and duration. The Company will continue to closely monitor for any material changes to future economic conditions.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT:

1. Company’s Philosophy on Corporate Governance

The Company’s philosophy on Corporate Governance is to observe the highest level of ethics in all its dealings, to ensure the efficient conduct of the affairs of the Company, to achieve its goal of maximizing value for all its stakeholders. Transparency, integrity, honesty and accountability are recognized as core values in discharging the responsibilities towards this end.

2. Board of Directors (“The Board”)

The Board consists of persons with considerable professional expertise and experience in management, finance and law, who bring in a wide range of skills and experience to the same. The composition of the Board complies with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 (“the Act”), the Listing Agreement and the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

Composition of the Board of Directors as on 31.03.2020 is as follows:

Name of Director	Status
Mr. Hathi Mal Nahata	Promoter, Non-executive
Mr. Kamal Singh Singhi	Promoter, Non-executive
Mrs. Meetu Jain	Independent, Non-executive
Mr. Pramod Kumar Agarwal	Additional Director (Independent & Non-executive)

Board Meetings:

During the Financial Year 2019-20, 7 (Seven) Meetings were held on 5th April 2019, 30th May 2019, 12th August 2019, 13th September 2019, 30th September 2019, 9th December 2019 and 14th February, 2020.

Attendance of Directors at the Board Meetings of the Company held during the year ended 31st March, 2020 and the last Annual General Meeting (AGM), Number of Other Directorship(s) and Other Board Committee Membership(s) held as on 31st March, 2020.

Name of Director	Category of Directorship	No. of Board Meetings Attended	Attendance at the last AGM	No. of other Directorships	Other Board Committee Membership(s)/ Chairmanship(s)
Mr. Hathi Mal Nahata	Non-executive	1/7	No	0	Nil
Mr. Kamal Singh Singhi	Non-executive	7/7	Yes	1	Nil
Mrs. Meetu Jain	Non-executive, Independent	7/7	No	0	Nil
Mr. Vimal Kumar Taparia	Non-executive, Independent	5/7**	Yes	0	Nil
Mr. Pramod Kumar Agarwal	Non-executive, Independent	2/7***	No	8	Nil

*Excludes directorships in Indian Private Limited Companies, Foreign Companies and Companies under section 8 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Alternate Directorships.

** During his tenure only 5 board meeting were held.

***During his tenure only 2 board meeting were held.

3. Audit Committee:

The Board of Directors has constituted an Audit Committee in terms of Section 177 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 18 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 with the Stock Exchange. The Audit Committee of the Company meets before the finalization of accounts each year and also meets every quarter to review the financial results of the previous quarter before the same are approved at the board meetings.

The audit committee comprises of experts specializing in accounting / financial management. Mr. Pramod Kumar Agarwal is appointed as a Chairman with effect from 1st October, 2019 where as Mr. Vimal Kumar Taparia, an Independent Director ceased to be Chairman with effect from 1st October, 2019.

The present composition of the Audit Committee is as follows:

Name of Directors	No. of Meetings held	No. of Meetings attended
Mr. Vimal Kumar Taparia	4	3*
Mr. Pramod Kumar Agarwal	4	2**
Mr. Kamal Singh Singhi	4	4
Mrs. Meetu Jain	4	4

* During his tenure only 3 meetings were held.

**During his tenure only 2 meetings were held.

During the Financial Year 2019-20, 4 (Four) Meetings were held on 23rd May 2019, 12th September 2019, 6th December 2019 & 10th February 2020.

4. Nomination & Remuneration Committee:**A. The role of the Nomination & Remuneration Committee includes the following:**

- a. Formulation of the criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes and independence of a director and recommend to the Board a policy, relating to the remuneration of the directors, key managerial personnel and other employees.
- b. Formulation of criteria for performance evaluation of Independent Directors and the Board.
- c. Identifying people who are qualified to become directors and who may be appointed in the senior management in accordance with the criteria laid down and recommend to the Board their appointment and removal.

B. Composition

The committee comprises of four Non-Executive Directors. Mr. Vimal Kumar Taparia, Mr. Kamal Singh Singhi, Mr. Pramod Kumar Agarwal and Mrs. Meetu Jain. Mr. Pramod Kumar Agarwal is appointed as a Chairman with effect from 1st October, 2019 and Mr. Vimal Kumar Taparia, ceased to be Chairman with effect from 1st October, 2019. Two Nomination & Remuneration Committee meetings were held during the year 2019 – 20 on 23rd May 2019 and 30th September, 2019.

Name of Directors	No. of Meetings held	No. of Meetings attended
Mr. Vimal Kumar Taparia	2	2
Mr. Pramod Kumar Agarwal	2	0*
Mr. Kamal Singh Singhi	2	2
Mrs. Meetu Jain	2	2

* During his tenure no meetings were held.

**5. Stakeholder’s Relationship Committee & Share Transfer Committee
Composition**

The committee comprises of four Non-Executive Directors. Mr. Vimal Kumar Taparia, Mr. Kamal Singh Singhi, Mr. Pramod Kumar Agarwal and Mrs. Meetu Jain. Mr. Pramod Kumar Agarwal is appointed as a Chairman with effect from 1st October, 2019 and Mr. Vimal Kumar Taparia, ceased to be Chairman with effect from 1st October, 2019.

Mr. Pramod Kumar Agarwal - Chairman

Mr. Vimal Kumar Taparia

Mr. Kamal Singh Singhi

Mrs. Meetu Jain

The Stakeholder’s Relationship Committee & Share Transfer Committee has been constituted to attend to and redress the investors’ grievances. This Committee notes and takes on record the transfer of shares, consolidation and splitting, issuance of duplicate shares. The Share Transfer Committee also notes the dealings in the shares by the designated employees under the Company’s Code of Conduct for prevention of Insider Trading.

During the Financial Year 2019-20, the committee met 4 (four) times.

Ms. Disha Dharar, Company Secretary has been designated as the “Compliance Officer” pursuant to the requirement of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

Separate Meeting of Independent Directors

During the year, the Independent Directors, met on 14th February, 2020 to discuss the following:

- a) Review the performance of Non-Independent Directors and the Board as a whole;
- b) Review the performance of Chairperson of the Company, taking into account the views of non-executive directors and
- c) To assess the quality, quantity and timeliness of flow of information between the Company management and the Board that is necessary for the board to effectively and reasonably perform their duties.

The meeting was attended by two Independent Directors and was conducted to enable the Independent Directors to discuss matters pertaining to the Company’s affairs and put forth their combined views to the Board of Directors of the Company.

Details of Investor Complaints

The Company and NICHE Technologies Private Limited, Registrar & Share Transfer Agent attend to all grievances of the investors received directly or through SEBI, Stock Exchange, Ministry of Corporate Affairs, Registrar of Companies, etc.

All the Investors grievances/correspondence has been promptly attended to. From the date of their receipt continuous efforts are made to ensure that grievances are more expeditiously redressed to the complete satisfaction of the investor.

NIL investor complaints were received during the year under consideration and resolved.

There are no Complaints pending with the Company.

6. Risk Management

Risk Management is the process of identification, assessment and prioritization of risks followed by coordinated efforts to minimize, monitor and mitigate/control the probability and/or impact of unfortunate events or to maximise the realization of opportunities. The Company has laid down a comprehensive Risk Assessment and Minimization Procedure which is reviewed by the Board from time to time. These procedures are reviewed to ensure that executive management controls risk through means of a properly defined framework. The major risks have been identified by the Company and its mitigation process/measures have been formulated in the areas such as business, project execution, event, financial, human, environment and statutory compliance.

7. Vigil Mechanism

Your Company has adopted a 'Whistle Blower Policy and Vigil Mechanism' to provide formal mechanism to the directors and employees to report their concern about unethical behavior, actual or suspected fraud or violation of the Company's Code of Conduct or ethics policy. The policy provides for adequate safeguards against victimization of employees who avail of the mechanism and also provide for direct access to the Chairman of Audit Committee. The said policy has been uploaded on the website of the Company. No personnel of the Company have been denied access to the Committee.

8. Familiarization Program for the Independent Directors

Pursuant to the requirements of SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015, the Company conducts the Familiarization Program for Independent Directors about their roles, rights, responsibilities in the company, nature of the industry in which the company operates, business model of the Company, etc., through various initiatives. The Company has been following these principles diligently over the past few years. The same has been uploaded on the company's website.

9. General Body Meetings:

The last three Annual General Meetings (AGM) of the Company were held at the Registered office of the Company, 17 Ganesh Chandra Avenue, 5th Floor, Kolkata 700 013, on the following dates and times:

Financial Year	AGM NO.	Day and Date	Time
2016-2017	24	25.09.2017, Monday	10.30 A.M
2017-2018	25	25.09.2018, Tuesday	10.30 A.M
2018-2019	26	30.09.2019, Monday	10:00 A.M.

There is 1 special resolution for the ensuing Annual General Meeting.

No resolution was passed last year through Postal Ballot. Similarly, no special resolution is being proposed to be conducted through a Postal Ballot for the ensuing Annual General Meeting.

10. Disclosures

1. Transactions with related parties, as per requirements of Ind AS 24, are disclosed elsewhere in this Annual Report.
2. The Company has entered transactions of a material nature with the Companies in which the relatives of the Management are Director's, a firm in which the relatives of Directors are partners and with the relatives of Directors. The transactions however are at arm's length price only and they do not have a potential conflict with the interests of the Company at large.

GLOBAL FINANCE & SECURITIES LIMITED

CIN: L65991WB1994PLC061723

Regd. Office: 17, Ganesh Chandra Avenue, 5th Floor, Kolkata – 700 013

Website: globalfinance.co.in

Email: gfs1994@gmail.com

3. With regard to the matters related to capital markets, the Company has complied with all requirements of the of the Calcutta Stock Exchange as well as regulations and guidelines of SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015.
4. Disclosures have also been received from the senior managerial personnel relating to the financial and commercial transactions in which they or their relatives may have personal interest. However, none of these transactions have potential conflict with the interests of the Company at large.
5. The Financial Statements have been made in accordance with the Accounting Standards issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) so as to represent a true and fair view of the state of the affairs of the Company.

11. Means of Communication

- a. The Company communicates with the shareholders at large through its Annual Report.
- b. The Quarterly/Half Yearly Un-audited (Provisional) Results and the Annual Audited Financial Results of the Company are sent to Calcutta Stock Exchange after they are approved by the Board and are published in one regional newspaper viz. “ARTHIK LIPI” and one English news paper viz. “BUSINESS STANDARD”. The results are published in accordance with the guidelines of the Stock Exchange. The Annual Financial results are posted to every shareholder of the Company in the prescribed manner.
- c. As per the provisions of SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015, the Company has created a separate e-mail address viz. gfs1994@gmail.com to receive complains and grievances of the investors.
- d. Company has not made any presentations to any Institutional Investors/Analyst during the year.

General Shareholder Information

1. Twenty Seventh Annual General Meeting:

Day, Date and Time	Wednesday, 30th September, 2020 at 10.30 A.M.
Venue	Business Point 17 Ganesh Chandra Avenue, 5th Floor Kolkata - 700 013

2. Financial Calendar

The Company follows period of 1st April to 31st March, as the Financial Year.

1st Quarter	1st April to 30th June, 2020
2nd Quarter	1st July to 30th September, 2020
3rd Quarter	1st October to 31st December, 2020
4th Quarter	1st January to 31st March, 2021

3. Book Closure

The Company’s Register of Members and Share Transfer Register will remain closed from Thursday, 24th September 2020 to Wednesday 30th September 2020 (both days inclusive).

4. Dividend

No Dividend is recommended by the Company.

GLOBAL FINANCE & SECURITIES LIMITED**CIN: L65991WB1994PLC061723****Regd. Office:** 17, Ganesh Chandra Avenue, 5th Floor, Kolkata – 700 013**Website:** globalfinance.co.in**Email:** gfs11994@gmail.com**5. Listed on Stock Exchange**

The Shares of the Company are listed on The Calcutta Stock Exchange Limited (CSE) under Stock Code “10017053”, ISIN No. INE044C01016.

The Company has not paid the listing fees for the Financial Year 2020 - 2021 to the aforesaid Stock Exchange due to lockdown.

6. Company Registration No with ROC/Ministry of Corporate affairs.

CIN No.: L65991WB1994PLC061723

7. Custodial Fees and Depositories

The annual custodian fees for the Financial year 2020 - 21 has been paid to Central Depository Services (India) Ltd. (CDSL) and has not been paid to National Securities Depository Ltd. (NSDL) owing to non-receipt of bill.

8. Market Price Data

Shares of the Company were not traded during the year.

9. Distribution of Shareholding as on 31st March, 2020

Number of Shares held (Face Value of Rs. 10 each)	Shareholders		Shares	
	Number	% of total	Number	% of total
1-500	2871	85.9838	428,300	8.5657
501-1000	145	4.3426	125,300	2.5059
1001-5000	241	7.2177	572,600	11.4515
5001-10000	38	1.1381	306,600	6.1318
10001-50000	27	0.8086	661,700	13.2335
50001-100000	11	0.3294	804,900	16.0974
100001 - and above	6	0.1797	2,100,800	42.0143
Total	3339	100.0000	5,000,200	100.0000

10. Distribution of Shareholding Pattern as on March 31, 2020

Category	No. of. Shares	Percent
Promoters	22,16,000	44.318
Financial Institutional Investors/Non - Resident Investors	-	-
Financial Institution	-	-
Mutual Fund	83,500	1.670
Nationalized Banks	-	-
Bodies Corporate	8,46,800	16.935
Public	18,53,200	37.063
Clearing Member	700	0.014
TOTAL	50,00,200	100.00

11. Dematerialization of Shares:

The details of Equity Shares dematerialized and those held in physical form as on 31st March, 2020 are as follows:

Particulars of Equity Shares	Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each	
	Number	% of Total
Dematerialized form		
NSDL	1,967,600	39.35
CDSL	305,800	6.12
Sub-Total	2,273,400	45.47
Physical Form	2,726,800	54.53
Total	5,000,200	100.00

Considering the advantages of dealing in securities in electronic / dematerialized form, Shareholders still holding Shares in physical form are requested to dematerialize their Shares at the earliest. For further information / clarification / assistance in this regard, please contact Niche Technologies Pvt Ltd., Registrar and Share Transfer Agent.

12. Share Transfer System

Documents for transfer of shares in physical form can be lodged with Niche Technologies Private Limited, at its registered address or at the Registered Office of the Company. The transfers are normally processed within thirty days from the date of receipt if the documents are complete in all respects.

13. Plant Location: N. A.**14. Address for Correspondence:****Address of Registered Office:**

Business Point
17, Ganesh Chandra Avenue, 5th Floor
Kolkata 700 013
Phone: 033 - 2236-4295/2211-1154
Website: www.globalfinance.co.in
E-mail: gfsl1994@gmail.com

Address of Registrar and Share Transfer Agent:**NICHE Technologies Private Limited**

7A Auckland Place, 7th Floor,
Kolkata 700 017
Phone: 033 - 22806616

15. Non-Mandatory Requirements:

The Company has so far not implemented Non-mandatory requirements of the code of Corporate Governance.

GLOBAL FINANCE & SECURITIES LIMITED

CIN: L65991WB1994PLC061723

Regd. Office: 17, Ganesh Chandra Avenue, 5th Floor, Kolkata – 700 013

Website: globalfinance.co.in

Email: gfs11994@gmail.com

DECLARATION ON CODE OF CONDUCT

This is to confirm that the Company has adopted a Code of Conduct for the Board of Directors and the Senior Management of the Company. The same is available on the website of the Company. As required Para D of Schedule V of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 with the Stock Exchange, I hereby declare that all the Board members and senior management personnel of the Company have complied with the Code of Conduct of the Company for the year ended 31st March, 2020.

For GLOBAL FINANCE & SECURITIES LIMITED

Place: Kolkata

Dated: The 31st Day of July, 2020

Kamal Singh Singhi

Director

DIN: 00514656

CEO / CFO CERTIFICATE

We, the undersigned, to the best of our knowledge and belief certify that:

- (a) We have reviewed the financial statements and the cash flow statement for the year ended 31st March, 2020, and that to the best of our knowledge and belief:
 - i. These statements do not contain any materially untrue statement or omit any material fact or contain statements that might be misleading;
 - ii. These statements together present a true and fair view of the company's affairs and are in compliance with the existing accounting standards, applicable laws and regulations.
- (b) To the best of our knowledge and belief, there are no transactions entered into by the company during the year, which are fraudulent, illegal or violative of the company's code of conduct.
- (c) We accept responsibility for establishing and maintaining internal controls and we have evaluated the effectiveness of the internal control systems of the company and we have disclosed to the auditors and the Audit Committee, deficiencies in the design or operation of internal controls, if any, of which they are aware and the steps we have taken or propose to take to rectify these deficiencies.
- (d) We have indicated to the auditors and the audit committee:
 - i. There has not been any Significant change in Internal Control over financial reporting during the year;
 - ii. The company has prepared its financial statements as per IND AS.
 - iii. We are not aware of any instance during the year of Significant Fraud with involvement therein of the management or any employee having a significant role in the company's internal control system over financial reporting.

PUSHRAJ SINGHI
(Chief Executive Officer)

LAV BAJAJ
(Chief Financial Officer)

Place: Kolkata

Date: The 31st Day of July, 2020



AUDITORS' CERTIFICATE ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

To

The Members of GLOBAL FINANCE & SECURITIES LIMITED

We have examined the compliance of conditions of corporate governance by **GLOBAL FINANCE & SECURITIES LIMITED** ("the Company"), for the year ended 31st March 2020, as stipulated in Regulations 17 to 27 and clauses (b) to (i) of sub-regulation 2 of regulation 46 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 of the said company with stock exchange.

The compliance of conditions of Corporate Governance is responsibility of the management. Our examination has been limited to a review of procedures and implementation thereof, adopted by the Company for ensuring the compliance of the conditions of Corporate Governance as stipulated in the said clause. It is neither an audit nor an expression of opinion on the financial statement of the Company.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us by the Directors and the Management, we certify that the Company has complied with the conditions of Corporate Governance as stipulated in Regulations 17 to 27 and clauses (b) to (i) of sub-regulation 2 of regulation 46 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

We state that such compliance is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficiency or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

**For TOSNIWAL & ASSOCIATES,
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS
Firm Registration Number: 327249E**

**(ANITA TOSNIWAL)
Partner**

Membership Number: 142018

Place: Kolkata

Dated: The 31st Day of July, 2020

UDIN: 20142018AAAABB6558

CERTIFICATE OF NON-DISQUALIFICATION OF DIRECTORS
(pursuant to Regulation 34(3) and Schedule V Para C clause (10)(i) of the SEBI
(Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015)

To,
The Members,
Global Finance & Securities Limited
17, Ganesh Chandra Avenue,
5th Floor, Kolkata – 700 013

I have examined the relevant registers, records, forms, returns and disclosures received from the Directors of Global Finance & Securities Limited (hereinafter referred to as 'the Company') having CIN: L65991WB1994PLC061723 and having registered office at Business Point, 5th Floor, 17, Ganesh Chandra Avenue, Kolkata – 700 013 produced before me by the Company for the purpose of issuing this Certificate, in accordance with Regulation 34(3) read with Schedule V Para-C Sub clause 10(i) of the Securities Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

In my opinion and to the best of my information and according to the verifications (including Directors Identification Number (DIN) status at the portal www.mca.gov.in) as considered necessary and explanations furnished to me by the Company & its officers, I hereby certify that none of the Directors on the Board of the Company as stated below for the Financial Year ending on 31st March, 2020 have been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as Directors of companies by the Securities and Exchange Board of India, Ministry of Corporate Affairs or any such other Statutory Authority.

Sl. No.	Name of the Director	Designation	DIN	Date of Appointment in Company
1	Hathi Mal Nahata	Director	00522595	04/02/1994
2	Kamal Singh Singhi	Director	00514656	25/03/1994
3	Meetu Jain	Director	07076496	30/03/2015
4	Pramod Kumar Agarwal	Director	02631299	30/09/2019

Ensuring the eligibility of for the appointment / continuity of every Director on the Board is the responsibility of the management of the Company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these based on our verification. This certificate is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficiency or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

Place: Kolkata
Date: 14th July, 2020

Rajarshi Ghosh
ACS – 17717
C. P. No. 8921
UDIN: A017717B000450534

**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR’S REPORT
TO THE MEMBERS OF
GLOBAL FINANCE & SECURITIES LIMITED**

Report on the Standalone Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the standalone financial statements of M/s. Global Finance & Securities Limited. (“the Company”) which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2020, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), Cash Flow Statement and the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid standalone financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 (“Act”) in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India including Indian Accounting Standards (‘IND AS’) specified under section 133 of the Act, of the state of affairs (financial position) of the Company as at March 31, 2020, its profit (financial performance including Other Comprehensive Income), its Cash Flows and the Changes in Equity for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor’s Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act, and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

We have determined that there are no key audit matters to communicate in our report.

Information other than the financial statements and auditors’ report thereon

The Company’s board of directors is responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Board’s Report including Annexures of Board’s Report, but does not include the Standalone Financial Statement and our audit report

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the standalone financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information; we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibility of Management for the Standalone Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view of the state of affairs (financial position), its profit or loss (financial performance including Other Comprehensive Income), its Cash Flows and the Changes in Equity in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the IND AS specified under section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate implementation and maintenance of accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statement that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting

from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Companies Act, 2013, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

Report on other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1) As Required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we give in the "Annexure A" a statement on the matters specified in paragraph 3 and 4 of the order, to the extent applicable.
- 2) As required by section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
 - a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
 - b) In our opinion proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
 - c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss, and the Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.



- d) In our opinion, the aforesaid standalone financial statements comply with the IND AS specified under Section 133 of the Act.
- e) On the basis of written representations received from the directors as on 31 March, 2020, taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31 March, 2020, from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.
- f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in “Annexure B”.
- g) with respect to other matters to be included in the Auditor’s Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its standalone financial statements – Refer Note No 21(c) to the standalone financial statements.
 - ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivatives contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
 - iii. There were no amounts which required to be transferred by the Company to the Investor Education and Protection Fund.

For TOSNIWAL & ASSOCIATES
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration Number: 327249E

(ANITA TOSNIWAL)
Partner
Membership Number: 142018

Place: Kolkata
Dated: The 31st Day of July, 2020

UDIN: 20142018AAAABB6558

**ANNEXURE A TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT****Referred to in Paragraph 1 under the heading “Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements” of our report of even date**

- (i) (a) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of its fixed assets.
 - (b) As explained to us, the fixed assets of the Company have been physically verified by the management at proper intervals during the year, which in our opinion is reasonable, having regard to the size of the company and nature of its assets. No material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
 - (c) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company does not own any immovable properties.
- (ii) The Company does not have any inventory. Accordingly, the provision of clause 3(ii) of the Order are not applicable.
- (iii) According to the information and explanation to us, the Company has granted loans, secured or unsecured, to Companies, Firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or other parties covered in the register maintained under Section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013, in respect of which:
 - (a) The terms and conditions of the grant of such loans are, in our opinion, prima facie, not prejudicial to the Company's interest.
 - (b) In the case of the loans granted to the parties listed in the register maintained under Section 189 of the Act, the borrowers have been regular in the payment of the principal and interest as stipulated.
 - (c) As per information given to us, the Loans given by the Company are receivable on demand and are not overdue.
- (iv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanation given to us, the company has complied with the provisions of Section 185 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013, if any, in respect of grant of loans, making investments and providing guarantees and securities, as applicable.
- (v) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not accepted any deposit during the year and hence reporting under clause (v) of the CARO is not applicable.
- (vi) Having regard to the nature of the Company's business / activities, reporting under clause (vi) of the CARO 2016 is not applicable.

- (vii) (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the books of account, in our opinion the company has been generally regular in depositing with appropriate authorities undisputed statutory dues including provident fund, employee's state insurance, Income Tax, Sales Tax, wealth tax, customs duty, excise duty and any other statutory dues during the year. There are no undisputed statutory dues that were outstanding as at 31st March, 2020 for a period more than six months from the date they become payable.
- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, there were no dues in respect of sales tax, wealth tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax and cess that have not been deposited with the appropriate authorities on account of any dispute. The particular of dues of income tax as at 31st March, 2020 which have not been deposited on account of a dispute is as follows:

Name of the Statute	Nature of Dues	Amount (Rs.)	Period to which the amount relates	Forum where dispute is Pending
Income Tax Act, 1961	Income Tax	97,069/-	A.Y. 2001-02	Pending for adjudication before A.O. (as per company records – NIL demand)
	Income Tax	9,669/-	A.Y. 2006-07	As per Company records uncertain liabilities due to non-receipt of order, matter pending before AO
	Income Tax	1,91,070/-	A.Y. 2007-08	Rectification petition U/s 154 of the IT Act, 1956 pending before A.O. (as per company records – NIL demand)

- (viii) As the Company does not have any loans or borrowings from any financial institution or bank or Government, nor has it issued any debentures as at the Balance Sheet date, the provisions of clause 3(viii) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- (ix) According to the information and explanations given to us, the company has not raised any moneys by way of initial public offer or further public offer and term loan during the year.
- (x) To the best of our knowledge and according to the information and explanations given to us, no fraud by the Company and no material fraud on the Company by its officers or employees has been noticed or reported during the year.
- (xi) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examinations of the records of the company, the company has paid / provided for managerial remuneration in accordance with the requisite approvals mandated by the provisions of Section 197 read with Schedule V to the Act.
- (xii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the company is not a Nidhi company. Accordingly, paragraph (xii) of the CARO 2016 Order is not applicable.
- (xiii) All transactions with the related parties are in compliance with sections 177 and 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 wherever applicable and the details have been disclosed in the financial statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.



- (xiv) During the year the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures and hence reporting under clause (xiv) of the CARO 2016 Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, during the year the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its directors or persons connected with him and hence provisions of section 192 of the Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable.
- (xvi) The Company is required to and has been registered under Section 45- IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 as non-deposit accepting Non-Banking Financial Company.

For TOSNIWAL & ASSOCIATES
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration Number: 327249E

(ANITA TOSNIWAL)
Partner
Membership Number: 142018

Place: Kolkata
Dated: The 31st Day of July, 2020

**ANNEXURE - B TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT****Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of
Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 (“the Act”)**

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of **GLOBAL FINANCE & SECURITIES LIMITED** (“the Company”) as of 31st March 2020 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management’s Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company’s management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (‘ICAI’). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company’s policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors’ Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting (the “Guidance Note”) and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor’s judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company’s internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31st March 2020, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For TOSNIWAL & ASSOCIATES
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration Number: 327249E

(ANITA TOSNIWAL)
Partner
Membership Number: 142018

Place: Kolkata
Dated: The 31st Day of July, 2020

GLOBAL FINANCE & SECURITIES LIMITED

CIN: L65991WB1994PLC061723

Standalone Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2020

(All amounts in Rs. lacs, unless otherwise stated)

	Note	As at 31 March 2020	As at 31 March 2019	As at 1 April 2018
ASSETS				
Financial Assets				
(a) Cash and cash equivalents	3	40.09	27.76	17.49
(b) Loans	4	372.84	365.21	314.02
(c) Investments	5	205.63	231.57	280.14
(d) Other financial assets	6	-	-	0.14
Total Financial Assets		618.56	624.53	611.80
Non-financial Assets				
(a) Current tax assets (Net)	19	1.44	1.54	1.44
(b) Property, plant and equipment	7	0.20	0.33	0.46
Total Non-Financial Assets		1.64	1.87	1.90
Total Assets		620.19	626.40	613.69
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY				
LIABILITIES				
Financial Liabilities				
(a) Other financial liabilities	8	2.39	1.08	1.04
Total Financial Liabilities		2.39	1.08	1.04
Non-Financial Liabilities				
(a) Current tax liabilities (net)	19	1.97	0.43	1.61
(b) Deferred tax liabilities (net)	9	23.09	28.64	27.18
Total Non-Financial Liabilities		25.06	29.07	28.79
Equity				
(a) Equity share capital	10	500.02	500.02	500.02
(b) Other equity	11	92.72	96.24	83.84
Total Equity		592.74	596.26	583.86
Total Liabilities and Equity		620.19	626.40	613.69

Notes 1 - 25 form an integral part of these standalone financial statements

This is the Standalone Balance Sheet referred to in our report of even date.

For TOSNIWAL & ASSOCIATES
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration Number: 327249E

(ANITA TOSNIWAL)
Partner
Membership Number: 142018

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors
GLOBAL FINANCE & SECURITIES LIMITED

PRAMOD KR. AGARWAL KAMAL SINGH SINGHI
Director Director
DIN: 02631299 DIN: 00514656

PUSHRAJ SINGHI
Chief Executive Officer

Place: Kolkata
Dated: The 31st Day of July, 2020

LAV BAJAJ DISHA DHARAR
Chief Financial Officer Company Secretary

GLOBAL FINANCE & SECURITIES LIMITED

CIN: L65991WB1994PLC061723

Standalone Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31 March 2020

(All amounts in Rs. lacs, unless otherwise stated)

	Note	Year ended 31 March 2020	Year ended 31 March 2019
Revenue from Operations			
(a) Interest income	12	35.82	32.22
(b) Dividend income	13	1.73	1.06
(c) Net gain on fair value changes	14	-	13.62
Total Revenue from Operations		37.55	46.90
Other Income		-	-
Total Income		37.55	46.90
Expenses			
(a) Net loss on fair value changes	14	15.88	-
(b) Impairment on financial instruments	15	0.02	0.13
(c) Employee benefits expenses	16	12.22	8.48
(d) Depreciation	17	0.13	0.13
(e) Other expenses	18	6.00	6.06
Total Expenses		34.25	14.79
Profit before tax		3.30	32.10
Tax Expense:	19		
(i) Current tax		(5.25)	(5.30)
(ii) Tax for earlier years		(0.20)	-
(iii) Deferred tax		4.84	(2.80)
Profit for the year		2.68	24.00
Other Comprehensive Income			
(i) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			
- Fair valuation of equity instruments through other comprehensive income		(6.91)	(12.94)
(ii) Income tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss		0.72	1.34
Total other comprehensive income		(6.19)	(11.60)
Total comprehensive income for the year		(3.51)	12.40
Earnings per equity share (Amount in Rs.)	20		
Basic (Rs.)		0.05	0.48
Diluted (Rs.)		0.05	0.48

Notes 1 - 25 form an integral part of these standalone financial statements

This is the Standalone Statement of Profit and Loss referred to in our report of even date.

For TOSNIWAL & ASSOCIATES

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration Number: 327249E

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

GLOBAL FINANCE & SECURITIES LIMITED

(ANITA TOSNIWAL)

Partner

Membership Number: 142018

PRAMOD KR. AGARWAL

Director

DIN: 02631299

KAMAL SINGH SINGHI

Director

DIN: 00514656

PUSHRAJ SINGHI

Chief Executive Officer

Place: Kolkata

Dated: The 31st Day of July, 2020

LAV BAJAJ

Chief Financial Officer

DISHA DHARAR

Company Secretary

GLOBAL FINANCE & SECURITIES LIMITED
CIN: L65991WB1994PLC061723
Standalone Cash flow statement for the year ended 31 March 2020
(All amounts in Rs. lacs, unless otherwise stated)

	Year ended 31 March 2020	Year ended 31 March 2019
A. Cash flow from operating activities		
Profit before tax	3.30	32.10
Adjustment for :		
Net (gain)/loss on fair value changes	15.88	(13.62)
Depreciation	0.13	0.13
Impairment on financial instruments	0.02	0.13
Operating profit before working capital changes	19.33	18.74
Adjustments for changes in working capital		
Decrease/ (Increase) in loans	(7.65)	(51.31)
Decrease/ (Increase) in other financial assets	-	0.14
Increase / (decrease) in other financial liabilities	1.32	0.03
Cash generated from operating activities	13.00	(32.40)
Income tax paid (net of refunds)	(3.81)	(6.58)
Net cash used in operating activities	(A) 9.19	(38.98)
B. Cash flow from investing activities		
Purchase of investments	-	(0.01)
Sale of investments	3.14	49.26
Net cash generated from/(used in) investing activities	(B) 3.14	49.25
C. Cash flow from financing activities		
Net cash generated from financing activities	(C) -	-
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(A+B+C) 12.33	10.27
Cash and cash equivalents as at beginning of the year	27.76	17.49
Cash and cash equivalents as at end of the year	40.09	27.76

Notes:

(i) The above standalone Statement of Cash Flow has been prepared under the "Indirect Method" as set out in Ind AS 37, "Statement of Cash Flow"

(ii) Component of Cash and Cash Equivalent

Cash on hand	0.31	0.50
In current Account	39.77	27.26
	40.09	27.76

This is the Standalone Cash flow statement referred to in or report of even date.

For TOSNIWAL & ASSOCIATES
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration Number: 327249E

(ANITA TOSNIWAL)
Partner
Membership Number: 142018

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors
GLOBAL FINANCE & SECURITIES LIMITED

PRAMOD KR. AGARWAL
Director
DIN: 02631299

KAMAL SINGH SINGHI
Director
DIN: 00514656

PUSHRAJ SINGHI
Chief Executive Officer

Place: Kolkata
Dated: The 31st Day of July, 2020

LAV BAJAJ
Chief Financial Officer

DISHA DHARAR
Company Secretary

GLOBAL FINANCE & SECURITIES LIMITED

CIN: L65991WB1994PLC061723

Standalone Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 31 March 2020

(All amounts in Rs. lacs, unless otherwise stated)

A. Equity Share Capital

	As at 31 March 2020	As at 31 March 2019	As at 01 April 2018
Balance at the beginning of the reporting period	500.02	500.02	500.02
Changes in equity share capital during the year	-	-	-
Balance at the end of the reporting period	500.02	500.02	500.02

B. Other Equity

Particulars	Reserves and Surplus			Other comprehensive income	Total
	General Reserve	Statutory Reserves	Retained Earnings	Fair valuation of equity Instruments through Other Comprehensive Income	
Balance as at 01 April 2018	15.00	2.62	64.60	1.62	83.84
Profits for the year	-	-	24.00	-	24.00
Transferred to statutory reserves	-	3.24	(3.24)	-	-
- Net fair value gain on investment in equity instruments through OCI	-	-	-	(12.94)	(12.94)
- Tax impact	-	-	-	1.34	1.34
Balance at 31 March 2019	15.00	5.86	85.35	(9.98)	96.24
Profits for the year	-	-	2.68	-	2.68
Transferred to statutory reserves	-	2.14	(2.14)	-	-
- Net fair value gain on investment in equity instruments through OCI	-	-	-	(6.91)	(6.91)
- Tax impact	-	-	-	0.72	0.72
Balance at 31 March 2020	15.00	8.00	85.90	(16.17)	92.72

Notes 1 - 25 form an integral part of these standalone financial statements

This is the Standalone Statement of Changes in Equity referred to in our report of even date.

For TOSNIWAL & ASSOCIATES
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration Number: 327249E

(ANITA TOSNIWAL)
Partner
Membership Number: 142018

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors
GLOBAL FINANCE & SECURITIES LIMITED

PRAMOD KR. AGARWAL
Director
DIN: 02631299

KAMAL SINGH SINGHI
Director
DIN: 00514656

PUSHRAJ SINGHI
Chief Executive Officer

Place: Kolkata
Dated: The 31st Day of July, 2020

LAV BAJAJ
Chief Financial Officer

DISHA DHARAR
Company Secretary

Standalone Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information

(All amounts in Rs. lacs, unless otherwise stated)

1 (a) Corporate Information

Global Finance & Securities Limited ("the Company") is a public limited company domiciled in India and registered under the provisions of the Companies Act, 1956, governed by Companies Act, 2013. The Company is a non-deposit taking non-systemically important Non-Banking Financial Company ("NBFC") registered with Reserve Bank of India ("the RBI") and is engaged in the business of providing loans and making investments in shares and securities.

(b) Basis of preparation of standalone financial statements

For all periods up to and including the year ended 31 March 2019, the Company prepared its standalone financial statements in accordance with accounting standards notified under the section 133 of the Companies Act 2013, read together with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 (Indian GAAP or previous GAAP). These standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2020 are the first the Company has prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards notified under section 133 of the Companies Act 2013, read together with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 (as amended) ("Ind AS") together read with the MCA notification dated 11 October 2018 which states the mandate for adoption of these standards by the NBFC Companies, as defined under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) (Amendment) Rules, 2016.

These standalone financial statements have been prepared and presented under the historical cost convention, on the accrual basis of accounting except for certain financial assets and financial liabilities that are measured at fair values at the end of each reporting period, as stated in the accounting policies set out below. The accounting policies have been applied consistently over all the periods presented in these standalone financial statements.

(c) Presentation of standalone financial statements

The Company presents its balance sheet in order of liquidity. An analysis regarding recovery or settlement within 12 months after the reporting date (current) and more than 12 months after the reporting date (non-current) is presented in note 23.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are generally reported gross in the balance sheet. They are only offset and reported net when, in addition to having an unconditional legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts without being contingent on a future event, the parties also intend to settle on a net basis in all of the following circumstances:

- The normal course of business.
- The event of default.
- The event of insolvency or bankruptcy of the Company and/or its counterparties.

(d) Significant accounting judgements, estimates and assumptions

The preparation of the standalone financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the accompanying disclosures, as well as the disclosure of contingent liabilities. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets or liabilities affected in future periods.

Business model assessment

Classification and measurement of financial assets depends on the results of the SPPI and the business model test. The Company determines the business model at a level that reflects how groups of financial assets are managed together to achieve a particular business objective. This assessment includes judgement reflecting all relevant evidence including how the performance of the assets is evaluated and their performance measured, the risks that affect the performance of the assets and how these are managed and how the managers of the assets are compensated. The Company monitors financial assets measured at amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income that are derecognised prior to their maturity to understand the reason for their disposal and whether the reasons are consistent with the objective of the business for which the asset was held. Monitoring is part of the Company's continuous assessment of whether the business model for which the remaining financial assets are held continues to be appropriate and if it is not appropriate whether there has been a change in business model and so a prospective change to the classification of those assets.

Fair value of financial instruments

The fair value of financial instruments is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction in the principal (or most advantageous) market at the measurement date under current market conditions (i.e., an exit price) regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. When the fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded in the balance sheet cannot be derived from active markets, they are determined using a variety of valuation techniques that include the use of valuation models. The inputs to these models are taken from observable markets where possible, but where this is not feasible, estimation is required in establishing fair values. Judgements and estimates include considerations of liquidity and model inputs related to items such as credit risk (both own and counterparty), funding value adjustments, correlation and volatility.

Provisions and other contingent liabilities

The Company operates in a regulatory and legal environment that, by nature, has a heightened element of litigation risk inherent to its operations. As a result, it is involved in various litigation, arbitration and regulatory investigations and proceedings in the ordinary course of the Company's business. When the Company can reliably measure the outflow of economic benefits in relation to a specific case and considers such outflows to be probable, the Company records a provision against the case. Where the probability of outflow is considered to be remote, or probable, but a reliable estimate cannot be made, a contingent liability is disclosed. Given the subjectivity and uncertainty of determining the probability and amount of losses, the Company takes into account a number of factors including legal advice, the stage of the matter and historical evidence from similar incidents. Significant judgement is required to conclude on these estimates.

2 Significant accounting policies

2.01 Revenue recognition

Interest income (Effective interest rate method)

Under Ind AS 109 interest income is recorded using the effective interest rate (EIR) method for all financial instruments measured at amortised cost, debt instrument measured at FVOCI and debt instruments designated at FVTPL. The EIR is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial instrument or, when appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount of the financial asset. The EIR (and therefore, the amortised cost of the asset) is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition, fees and costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The Company recognises interest income using a rate of return that represents the best estimate of a constant rate of return over the expected life of the loan. Hence, it recognises the effect of potentially different interest rates charged at various stages, and other characteristics of the product life cycle (including prepayments, penalty interest and charges). If expectations regarding the cash flows on the financial asset are revised for reasons other than credit risk. The adjustment is booked as a positive or negative adjustment to the carrying amount of the asset in the balance sheet with an increase or reduction in interest income. The adjustment is subsequently amortised through interest income in the statement of profit and loss.

The Company calculates interest income by applying the EIR to the gross carrying amount of financial assets other than credit-impaired assets net of upfront processing fees. When a financial asset becomes credit-impaired and is, therefore, regarded as 'Stage 3', the Company calculates interest income by applying the effective interest rate to the net amortised cost of the financial asset. If the financial assets cures and is no longer credit-impaired, the Company reverts to calculating interest income on a gross basis. For purchased or originated credit-impaired (POCI) financial assets, the Company calculates interest income by calculating the credit-adjusted EIR and applying that rate to the amortised cost of the asset. The credit-adjusted EIR is the interest rate that, at original recognition, discounts the estimated future cash flows (including credit losses) to the amortised cost of the POCI assets. Interest income on all trading assets and financial assets mandatorily required to be measured at FVTPL is recognised using the contractual interest rate in net gain on fair value changes.

Dividend income

Dividend income (including from FVOCI investments) is recognised when the Company's right to receive the payment is established, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the entity and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably. This is generally when the shareholders approve the dividend.

Trading income

Trading income includes all gains and losses from changes in fair value and the related interest income or expense and dividends, for financial assets and financial liabilities held for trading.

2.02 Financial instruments

Point of recognition

Financial assets and liabilities, with the exception of loans, debt securities, deposits and borrowings are initially recognised on the trade date, i.e., the date that the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. This includes regular way trades: purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame generally established by regulation or convention in the market place. Loans are recognised when funds are transferred to the customers' account. The Company recognises debt securities, deposits and borrowings when funds reach the Company..

Initial recognition

The classification of financial instruments at initial recognition depends on their contractual terms and the business model for managing the instruments, as per the principles of the Ind AS. Financial instruments are initially measured at their fair value, except in the case of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded at FVTPL, transaction costs are added to, or subtracted from, this amount. Trade receivables are measured at the transaction price. When the fair value of financial instruments at initial recognition differs from the transaction price, the Company accounts mentioned below:

When the transaction price of the instrument differs from the fair value at origination and the fair value is based on a valuation technique using only inputs observable in market transactions, the Group recognises the difference between the transaction price and fair value in net gain on fair value changes. In those cases where fair value is based on models for which some of the inputs are not observable, the difference between the transaction price and the fair value is deferred and is only recognised in profit or loss when the inputs become observable, or when the instrument is derecognised.

Subsequent measurement of financial liabilities

All financial liabilities of the Company are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. Under the effective interest method, the future cash payments are exactly discounted to the initial recognition value using the effective interest rate. The cumulative amortization using the effective interest method of the difference between the initial recognition amount and the maturity amount is added to the initial recognition value (net of principal repayments, if any) of the financial liability over the relevant period of the financial liability to arrive at the amortized cost at each reporting date. The corresponding effect of the amortization under effective interest method is recognized as interest expense over the relevant period of the financial liability. The same is included under finance cost in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Subsequent measurement of financial assets

For subsequent measurement, the Company classifies a financial asset in accordance with the below criteria:

- i. The Company's business model for managing the financial asset; and
- ii. The contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset.

Based on the above criteria, the Company classifies its financial assets into the following categories:

- (a) Financial assets measured at amortized cost
- (b) Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI)
- (c) Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)

(a) Financial assets measured at amortized cost:

A Financial asset is measured at the amortized cost if both the following conditions are met:

- (i) The Company's business model objective for managing the financial asset is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- (ii) The contractual terms of the Financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash Flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

This category applies to cash and bank balances, trade receivables, loans and other financial assets of the Company. Such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. Under the effective interest method, the future cash receipts are exactly discounted to the initial recognition value using the effective interest rate. The cumulative amortization using the effective interest method of the difference between the initial recognition amount and the maturity amount is added to the initial recognition value (net of principal repayments, if any) of the financial asset over the relevant period of the financial asset to arrive at the amortized cost at each reporting date. The corresponding effect of the amortization under effective interest method is recognized as interest income over the relevant period of the financial asset. The same is included under other income in the Statement of Profit and Loss. The amortized cost of a financial asset is also adjusted for loss allowance, if any.

(b) Financial assets measured at FVTOCI:

A financial asset is measured at FVTOCI if both of the following conditions are met:

- (i) The Company's business model objective for managing the financial asset is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and selling the financial assets; and
- (ii) The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

This category applies to certain investments in debt and equity instruments. Such financial assets are subsequently measured at fair value at each reporting date. Fair value changes are recognized in the Statement of profit and loss under 'Other Comprehensive Income (OCI)'. However, the Company recognizes interest income and impairment losses and its reversals in the Statement of Profit and Loss. On de-recognition of such financial assets, cumulative gain or loss previously recognized in OCI is reclassified from equity to the Statement of Profit and Loss, except for instruments which the Company has irrevocably elected to be classified as equity through OCI at initial recognition, when such instruments meet the definition of definition of Equity under Ind AS 32 Financial Instruments: Presentation and they are not held for trading. The Company has made such election on an instrument by instrument basis.

Gains and losses on these equity instruments are never recycled to profit or loss. Dividends are recognised in the statement of profit or loss as dividend income when the right of the payment has been established, except when the Company benefits from such proceeds as a recovery of part of the cost of the instrument, in which case, such gains are recorded in OCI. Equity instruments at FVOCI are not subject to an impairment assessment.

Standalone Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information

(All amounts in Rs. lacs, unless otherwise stated)

(c) Financial assets measured at FVTPL:

A financial asset is measured at FVTPL unless it is measured at amortized cost or at FVTOCI as explained above. This is a residual category applied to all other investments of the Company excluding investments in subsidiary and associate companies. Such financial assets are subsequently measured at fair value at each reporting date. Fair value changes are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Financial assets or financial liabilities held for trading:

The Company classifies financial assets as held for trading when they have been purchased or issued primarily for short-term profit making through trading activities or form part of a portfolio of financial instruments that are managed together, for which there is evidence of a recent pattern of short-term profit taking. Held-for-trading assets and liabilities are recorded and measured in the balance sheet at fair value. Changes in fair value are recognised in net gain on fair value changes.

Interest and dividend income or expense is recorded in net gain on fair value changes according to the terms of the contract, or when the right to payment has been established. Included in this classification are debt securities, equities, and customer loans that have been acquired principally for the purpose of selling or repurchasing in the near term.

De-recognition:

(a) Financial asset:

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is derecognized (i.e. removed from the Company's balance sheet) when any of the following occurs:

- i. The contractual rights to cash flows from the financial asset expires;
- ii. The Company transfers its contractual rights to receive cash flows of the financial asset and has substantially transferred all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset. A regular way purchase or sale of financial assets has been derecognised, as applicable, using trade date accounting.
- iii. The Company retains the contractual rights to receive cash flows but assumes a contractual obligation to pay the cash flows without material delay to one or more recipients under a 'pass-through' arrangement (thereby substantially transferring all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset);
- iv. The Company neither transfers nor retains substantially all risk and rewards of ownership and does not retain control over the financial asset.

In cases where Company has neither transferred nor retained substantially all of the risks and rewards of the Financial asset, but retains control of the financial asset, the Company continues to recognize such financial asset to the extent of its continuing involvement in the financial asset. In that case, the Company also recognizes an associated liability. The financial asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Company has retained.

On de-recognition of a financial asset, (except as mentioned in ii above for financial assets measured at FVTOCI), the difference between the carrying amount and the consideration received is recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

(b) Financial liability:

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged, cancelled or expires. Where an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference between the carrying value of the original financial liability and the consideration paid is recognised in profit or loss.

Impairment of financial assets:

In accordance with Ind AS 109, the Company applies expected credit loss ('ECL') model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss for financial assets. ECL is the weighted-average of difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Company in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Company expects to receive, discounted at the original effective interest rate, with the respective risks of default occurring as the weights. When estimating the cash flows, the Company is required to consider:

- All contractual terms of the financial assets (including prepayment and extension) over the expected life of the assets.
- Cash flows from the sale of collateral held or other credit enhancements that are integral to the contractual terms.

Trade receivables

In respect of trade receivables, the Company applies the simplified approach of Ind AS 109, which requires measurement of loss allowance at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses. Lifetime expected credit losses are the expected credit losses that result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument.

Other financial assets:

In respect of its other financial assets, the Company assesses if the credit risk on those financial assets has increased significantly since initial recognition. If the credit risk has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Company measures the loss allowance at an amount equal to 12-month expected credit losses, else at an amount equal to the lifetime expected credit losses.

When making this assessment, the Company uses the change in the risk of a default occurring over the expected life of the financial asset. To make that assessment, the Company compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial asset as at the balance sheet date with the risk of a default occurring on the financial asset as at the date of initial recognition and considers reasonable and supportable information, that is available without undue cost or effort, that is indicative of significant increases in credit risk since initial recognition. The Company assumes that the credit risk on a financial asset has not increased significantly since initial recognition if the financial asset is determined to have low credit risk at the balance sheet date.

Offsetting of financial instruments:

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

Standalone Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information

(All amounts in Rs. lacs, unless otherwise stated)

2.03 Fair Value

The Company measures its financial instruments at fair value in accordance with the accounting policies mentioned above. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the standalone financial statements are categorized within the fair value hierarchy that categorizes into three levels, described as follows, the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure value. The fair value hierarchy gives the highest priority to quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level I inputs) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 inputs).

- Level 1 (unadjusted) - Those where the inputs used in the valuation are unadjusted quoted prices from active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Company has access to at the measurement date. The Company considers markets as active only if there are sufficient trading activities with regards to the volume and liquidity of the identical assets or liabilities and when there are binding and exercisable price quotes available on the balance sheet date.

- Level 2 - Those where the inputs that are used for valuation and are significant, are derived from directly or indirectly observable market data available over the entire period of the instrument's life. Such inputs include quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets, quoted prices for identical instruments in inactive markets and observable inputs other than quoted prices such as interest rates and yield curves, implied volatilities, and credit spreads. In addition, adjustments may be required for the condition or location of the asset or the extent to which it relates to items that are comparable to the valued instrument. However, if such adjustments are based on unobservable inputs which are significant to the entire measurement, the Company will classify the instruments as Level 3.

- Level 3 - Those that include one or more unobservable input that is significant to the measurement as whole.

For assets and liabilities that are recognized in the financial statements at fair value on a recurring basis, the Company determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorization at the end of each reporting period and discloses the same.

2.04 Income Taxes

Tax expense is the aggregate amount included in the determination of profit or loss for the period in respect of current tax and deferred tax.

Current tax

Current tax is the amount of income taxes payable in respect of taxable profit for a period. Taxable profit differs from 'profit before tax' as reported in the Statement of Profit and Loss because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible under the Income Tax Act, 1961. Current tax is measured using tax rates that have been enacted by the end of reporting period for the amounts expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities.

Current income tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss (either in other comprehensive income or in equity). Current tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in OCI or directly in equity. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in the tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation and establishes provisions where appropriate.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognized on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit under Income tax Act, 1961.

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognized for all taxable temporary differences. However, in case of temporary differences that arise from initial recognition of assets or liabilities in a transaction (other than business combination) that affect neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit, deferred tax liabilities are not recognized. Also, for temporary differences if any that may arise from initial recognition of goodwill, deferred tax liabilities are not recognized.

Deferred tax assets are generally recognized for all deductible temporary differences to the extent it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary difference can be utilized. In case of temporary differences that arise from initial recognition of assets or liabilities in a transaction (other than business combination) that affect neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit, deferred tax assets are not recognized. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow the benefits of part or all of such deferred tax assets to be utilized.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled.

Deferred tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss (either in other comprehensive income or in equity). Deferred tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in OCI or directly in equity.

Standalone Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information

(All amounts in Rs. lacs, unless otherwise stated)

2.05 Provisions and contingencies

The Company recognizes provisions when a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event exists and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle such obligation and the amount of such obligation can be reliably estimated. If the effect of time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, when appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognized as a finance cost. A disclosure for a contingent liability is made when there is a possible obligation or a present obligation that may, but probably will not require an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits or the amount of such obligation cannot be measured reliably. When there is a possible obligation or a present obligation in respect of which likelihood of outflow of resources embodying economic benefits is remote, no provision or disclosure is made.

2.06 Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents for the purpose of Cash Flow Statement comprise cash and cheques in hand, bank balances, demand deposits with banks where the original maturity is three months or less and other short term highly liquid investments.

2.07 Borrowing Cost

Borrowing cost includes interest, amortization of ancillary costs incurred in connection with the arrangement of borrowings and exchange differences arising from foreign currency borrowings to the extent they are regarded as an adjustment to the interest cost. Borrowing costs, if any, directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalized, if any. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they occur.

2.08 Segment Reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the Board of Directors (BOD) of the Company. The BOD is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments of the Company.

2.09 Events after reporting date

Where events occurring after the balance sheet date provide evidence of conditions that existed at the end of the reporting period, the impact of such events is adjusted within the financial statements. Otherwise, events after the balance sheet date of material size or nature are only disclosed.

2.10 Property, plant & equipment

Measurement at recognition

An item of property, plant and equipment that qualifies as an asset is measured on initial recognition at cost. Following initial recognition, items of property, plant and equipment are carried at its cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment comprises of its purchase price including import duties and other non-refundable purchase taxes or levies, directly attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for its intended use and the initial estimate of decommissioning, restoration and similar liabilities, if any. Any trade discounts and rebates are deducted in arriving at the purchase price.

The residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

Capital work-in-progress and capital advances:

Cost of assets not ready for intended use, as on the balance sheet date, is shown as capital work-in-progress. Advances given towards acquisition of fixed assets outstanding at each balance sheet date are disclosed as other non-financial assets.

Depreciation

Depreciation on each part of an item of property, plant and equipment is provided using the straight line method based on the useful life of the asset as prescribed in Schedule II to the Act. Depreciation is calculated on a pro-rata basis from the date of installation till date the assets are sold or disposed.

De-recognition

The carrying amount of an item of property, plant and equipment is derecognized on disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. The gain or loss arising from the de-recognition of an item of property, plant and equipment is measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the item and is recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss when the item is derecognized.

First time adoption of Ind AS

The Company had elected to consider the carrying value of all its property, plant and equipment appearing in the financial statements prepared in accordance with Accounting Standards notified under the section 133 of the Companies Act 2013, read together with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 and used the same as deemed cost in the opening Ind AS Balance sheet prepared on 01 April 2018.

2.11 Impairment of non-financial assets

The Company assesses, at each reporting date, whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Company estimates the asset's recoverable amount. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's or cash-generating unit's (CGU) fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. Recoverable amount is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets. When the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount.

In assessing the value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. In determining fair value less costs of disposal, recent market transactions are taken into account. If no such transactions can be identified, an appropriate valuation model is used. These calculations are corroborated by valuation multiples, quoted share prices for publicly traded companies or other available fair value indicators.

For assets an assessment is made at each reporting date to determine whether there is an indication that previously recognised impairment losses no longer exist or have decreased. If such indication exists, the Company estimates the asset's or CGU's recoverable amount. A previously recognised impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the assumptions used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognised. The reversal is limited so that the carrying amount of the asset does not exceed its recoverable amount, nor exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation, had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. Such reversal is recognised in the statement of profit or loss unless the asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case, the reversal is treated as a revaluation increase.

2.12 Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders (after deducting attributable taxes) by the weighted-average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. The weighted-average number of equity shares outstanding during the period is adjusted for events including a bonus issue.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted-average number of shares outstanding during the period are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

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Standalone Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2020

(All amounts in Rs. lacs, unless otherwise stated)

	<u>As at</u> <u>31 March 2020</u>	<u>As at</u> <u>31 March 2019</u>	<u>As at</u> <u>1 April 2018</u>
3 Cash and cash equivalents			
Cash on hand	0.31	0.50	2.23
Balances with banks in current account	39.77	27.26	15.26
	<u>40.09</u>	<u>27.76</u>	<u>17.49</u>

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Standalone Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2020

(All amounts in Rs. lacs, unless otherwise stated)

4 Loans

	Amortised Cost	At fair value through profit and loss	Total	Amortised Cost	At fair value through profit and loss	Total	Amortised Cost	At fair value through profit and loss	Total
	As at 31 March 2020			As at 31 March 2019			As at 1 April 2018		
(A) Loans									
Security Deposits	1.96		1.96	1.96		1.96	1.96		1.96
Loans repayable on demand (*)									
- To related parties	29.56	-	29.56	73.17	-	73.17	65.77	-	65.77
- To others	342.25	-	342.25	290.99	-	290.99	247.08	-	247.08
	373.77	-	373.77	366.12	-	366.12	314.81	-	314.81
Less: Impairment allowance (refer note (a) below)	(0.93)	-	(0.93)	(0.91)	-	(0.91)	(0.78)	-	(0.78)
	372.84	-	372.84	365.21	-	365.21	314.02	-	314.02
(*) Includes accrued interest									
(B) Security									
Secured by tangible assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unsecured	373.77	-	373.77	366.12	-	366.12	314.81	-	314.81
	373.77	-	373.77	366.12	-	366.12	314.81	-	314.81
Less: Impairment allowance (refer note (a) below)	(0.93)	-	(0.93)	(0.91)	-	(0.91)	(0.78)	-	(0.78)
	372.84	-	372.84	365.21	-	365.21	314.02	-	314.02
(C) Other details									
Loans in India									
- Public Sector	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
- Others	373.77	-	373.77	366.12	-	366.12	314.81	-	314.81
	373.77	-	373.77	366.12	-	366.12	314.81	-	314.81
Less: Impairment allowance (refer note (a) below)	(0.93)	-	(0.93)	(0.91)	-	(0.91)	(0.78)	-	(0.78)
	372.84	-	372.84	365.21	-	365.21	314.02	-	314.02

(a) Movement in impairment allowance during the period is as follows:

	Year ended 31 March 2020	Year ended 31 March 2019
Balance at the beginning of the year	0.91	0.78
Add/Less: Provision made during the year	0.02	0.13
Balance at the end of the year	0.93	0.91

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Standalone Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2020

(All amounts in Rs. lacs, unless otherwise stated)

5 Investments

(Investment in India)

	At fair value				At fair value				At fair value			
	Amortised Cost	Through other comprehensive income	Through profit and loss	Total	Amortised Cost	Through other comprehensive income	Through profit and loss	Total	Amortised Cost	Through other comprehensive income	Through profit and loss	Total
	As at 31 March 2020				As at 31 March 2019				As at 1 April 2018			
Mutual funds (unquoted)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	47.21	47.21
Equity instruments												
- Associate (Unquoted)	29.00	-	-	29.00	29.00	-	-	29.00	29.00	-	-	29.00
- Others (Quoted)	-	7.56	110.45	118.01	-	14.47	129.47	143.94	-	27.42	117.90	145.31
- Others (Unquoted)	-	36.54	-	36.54	-	36.54	-	36.54	-	36.54	-	36.54
Investment in bond	22.08	-	-	22.08	22.08	-	-	22.08	22.08	-	-	22.08
	51.08	44.11	110.45	205.63	51.08	51.02	129.47	231.57	51.08	63.96	165.10	280.14

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5 Investments (cont'd)

	As at 31 March 2020		As at 31 March 2019		As at 1 April 2018	
	Number	Amount	Number	Amount	Number	Amount
(a) Investment in mutual funds (Unquoted) (Measured at FVTPL)						
HDFC Mutual Fund - Liquid Fund	-	-	-	-	1,378.71	47.21
		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>47.21</u>
(b) Investment in equity instruments (Associate, Unquoted) (Measured at Cost)						
GDB Share & Stock Broking Services Ltd	290,000	29.00	290,000	29.00	290,000	29.00
		<u>29.00</u>		<u>29.00</u>		<u>29.00</u>
(c) Investment in equity instruments (Others, Quoted) (Measured at FVTOCI)						
Cimmco Birla Limited	520	0.05	520	0.17	520	0.41
Digjam Limited	300	0.00	300	0.01	300	0.03
G. R. Magnet Limited	2,400	-	2,400	0.24	2,400	0.24
Jaiprakash Industries Limited	63,900	0.67	63,900	3.48	63,900	12.08
Kilburn Chemicals Limited	2,450	-	2,450	0.63	2,450	2.60
Metroglobal Limited	2	0.00	2	0.00	2	0.00
Ponny Sugar (Errode) Limited	3,520	4.52	3,520	4.71	3,520	5.03
Ponny Sugar Orissa Limited	5,280	-	5,280	0.53	5,280	0.53
Reliance Industries Limited	5	0.06	5	0.07	5	0.04
Riga Sugar Company Limited	3,000	0.09	3,000	0.17	3,000	0.28
Simbholi Sugar Mills Limited	11,500	0.69	11,500	1.05	11,500	1.70
Steel Authority of India Limited	5,500	1.27	5,500	2.96	5,500	3.86
Xpro India Limited	1,300	0.21	1,300	0.45	1,300	0.63
		<u>7.56</u>		<u>14.47</u>		<u>27.42</u>
(d) Investment in equity instruments (Others, Quoted) (Measured at FVTPL)						
Amethi Textiles Limited	11,800	0.00	11,800	0.00	11,800	0.00
Bells Controls (Eng) Limited	16	0.00	16	0.00	16	0.00
Bharat Polyfab Limited	75,000	0.00	75,000	0.00	75,000	0.00
Birla Ericsson Optical Limited	7,500	2.36	7,500	11.52	7,500	4.57
Claris Organic Limited	2,900	0.00	2,900	0.00	2,900	0.00
Clarus Limited	10,000	1.63	10,000	3.82	10,000	2.18
Dr. Reddy's Limited	1,400	41.92	1,500	41.70	1,500	31.21
Electrosteel Steels Limited	1,000	0.31	1,000	0.31	50,000	1.20
GBL Infra Limited	500	0.01	500	0.01	500	0.37
GBL Infra Limited - Bonus	50	0.00	50	0.00	50	0.04
Global Capital Market Limited	50	0.00	50	0.00	50	0.00
Iota Chemiculture Limited	10,500	0.00	10,500	0.00	10,500	0.00
Jaykay Enterprises Limited	8,050	0.23	8,050	0.47	8,050	0.46
JCT Industries Limited	4,000	0.03	4,000	0.07	4,000	0.11
J K Cement Limited	2,545	23.41	2,545	22.06	2,545	25.83
Jk Paper Limited	5,000	3.61	5,000	7.09	5,000	6.76
Lord's Chemicals Limited	10,000	0.37	10,000	0.37	10,000	0.37
Majestic Auto Limited	500	0.30	500	0.70	500	0.72
Neyveli Lignite Corp. Limited	4,500	1.95	4,500	3.12	4,500	3.77
P.I. Industries Limited - Bonus	1,000	10.79	1,000	10.32	1,000	8.85
Reliance Jute Limited	500	0.00	500	0.00	500	0.00
United Spirits Limited	5,000	23.37	5,000	27.70	1,000	31.30
United Textiles Limited	2,700	0.18	2,700	0.20	2,700	0.17
Vardhman Special Steels Limited	5	0.00	5	0.00	-	-
W I Sugar Limited	1,000	0.00	1,000	0.00	1,000	0.00
		<u>110.45</u>		<u>129.47</u>		<u>117.90</u>
(e) Investment in equity instruments (Others, Unquoted) (Measured at FVTOCI)						
Welworth Multyfin Private Limited	15,000	7.50	15,000	7.50	15,000	7.50
Mercury Consultants Private Limited	20,000	5.00	20,000	5.00	20,000	5.00
Samrat Mercantile Pvt Limited	4,480	0.04	4,480	0.04	4,480	0.04
Amber Durable Goods Pvt.Ltd.	7,500	24.00	7,500	24.00	7,500	24.00
		<u>36.54</u>		<u>36.54</u>		<u>36.54</u>
(f) Investment in Bonds Others, Quoted (Measured at Amortised Cost)						
Tata Iron & Steel Co. Ltd. 11.80% Tisco 2021	2	22.08	2	22.08	2	22.08
		<u>22.08</u>		<u>22.08</u>		<u>22.08</u>
				As at	As at	As at
				31 March 2020	31 March 2019	1 April 2018
6 Other financial assets						
Advance to employees				-	-	0.14
				<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>0.14</u>

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Standalone Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2020

(All amounts in Rs. lacs, unless otherwise stated)

7 Property, plant and equipment

	Finger Print Machine	Computer	Total
Gross block			
Balance as at 1 April 2018 (*)	0.17	0.29	0.46
Additions	-	-	-
Disposals	-	-	-
Balance as at 31 March 2019	0.17	0.29	0.46
Additions	-	-	-
Disposals	-	-	-
Balance as at 31 March 2020	0.17	0.29	0.46
Accumulated depreciation			
Balance as at 1 April 2018	-	-	-
Depreciation charge for the year	0.02	0.11	0.13
Disposals	-	-	-
Balance as at 31 March 2019	0.02	0.11	0.13
Depreciation charge for the year	0.02	0.11	0.13
Disposals	-	-	-
Balance as at 31 March 2020	0.03	0.23	0.26
Carrying value			
As at 1 April 2018	0.17	0.29	0.46
As at 31 March 2019	0.15	0.17	0.33
As at 31 March 2020	0.14	0.06	0.20

Note:

(*) Represents deemed cost as on the date of transition to Ind AS.

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(All amounts in Rs. lacs, unless otherwise stated)

	As at 31 March 2020	As at 31 March 2019	As at 1 April 2018
8 Other financial liabilities			
Liability for Expense	1.67	0.36	0.33
Others	0.72	0.72	0.72
	2.39	1.08	1.04

	As at 31 March 2020	As at 31 March 2019	As at 1 April 2018
9 Deferred taxes			
Deferred tax liability:			
Difference between written down value of property, plant and equipment as per books of accounts and Income Tax Act, 1961	0.01	0.03	0.03
Fair valuation on investments measured at FVTPL	24.95	29.77	26.96
Fair valuation on instruments through OCI	(1.88)	(1.16)	0.19
Deferred tax liabilities (net)	23.09	28.64	27.18

Movement in deferred tax liabilities for year ended 31 March 2019:

Particulars	As at 01 April 2018	Statement of Profit or Loss	Other comprehensive Income	As at 31 March 2019
Deferred tax liabilities for taxable temporary differences on:				
Difference between written down value of property, plant and equipment as per books of accounts and Income Tax Act, 1961	0.03	(0.01)	-	0.03
Fair valuation on investments measured at FVTPL	26.96	2.81	-	29.77
Fair valuation on instruments through OCI	0.19	-	(1.34)	(1.16)
Deferred tax liabilities	27.18	2.80	(1.34)	28.64

Movement in deferred tax liabilities for year ended 31 March 2020:

Particulars	As at 01 April 2019	Statement of Profit or Loss	Other comprehensive Income	As at 31 March 2020
Deferred tax liabilities for taxable temporary differences on:				
Difference between written down value of property, plant and equipment as per books of accounts and Income Tax Act, 1961	0.03	(0.02)	-	0.01
Fair valuation on investments measured at FVTPL	29.77	(4.82)	-	24.95
Fair valuation on instruments through OCI	(1.16)	-	(0.72)	(1.88)
Deferred tax liabilities	28.64	(4.84)	(0.72)	23.09

Note:

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities have been offset wherever the Company has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and where the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority.

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Standalone Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2020

(All amounts in Rs. lacs, unless otherwise stated)

	As at 31 March 2020		As at 31 March 2019		As at 1 April 2018	
	Number	Amount	Number	Amount	Number	Amount
10 Equity share capital						
Authorized share capital						
Equity shares of Rs. 10 each	6,000,000	600.00	6,000,000	600.00	6,000,000	600.00
	6,000,000	600.00	6,000,000	600.00	6,000,000	600.00
Issued, subscribed and fully paid-up						
Equity shares of Rs. 10 each	5,000,200	500.02	5,000,200	500.02	5,000,200	500.02
	5,000,200	500.02	5,000,200	500.02	5,000,200	500.02
(a) Reconciliation of equity share capital						
Equity Shares						
Balance at the beginning of the year	5,000,200	500.02	5,000,200	500.02	5,000,200	500.02
Balance at the end of the year	5,000,200	500.02	5,000,200	500.02	5,000,200	500.02

(b) Terms and rights attached to equity shares

Equity Shares

The Company has only one class of equity share having par value of Rs.10/- per share. Each holder of equity share is entitled to one vote per share.

(c) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Company:

	As at 31 March 2020		As at 31 March 2019		As at 1 April 2018	
	Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage
Equity shares of Rs. 10 each						
Raj Kumar Nahata	693,400	13.87%	693,400	13.87%	723,400	14.47%
Shesh Karan Singhi	693,900	13.88%	693,900	13.88%	693,900	13.88%
Rakhee Shyamsukha	250,000	5.00%	250,000	5.00%	250,000	5.00%
	1,637,300	32.74%	1,637,300	32.74%	1,667,300	33.34%

(d) No additional shares were allotted as fully paid up by way of bonus shares or pursuant to contract without payment being received in cash during the last five years. Further, none of the shares were bought back by the Company during the last five years.

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GLOBAL FINANCE & SECURITIES LIMITED**CIN: L65991WB1994PLC061723****Standalone Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2020**

(All amounts in Rs. lacs, unless otherwise stated)

	As at 31 March 2020	As at 31 March 2019	As at 1 April 2018
11 Other equity			
General Reserve	15.00	15.00	15.00
Statutory Reserves	8.00	5.86	2.62
Retained Earnings	85.90	85.35	64.60
Other comprehensive income	(16.17)	(9.98)	1.62
	<u>92.72</u>	<u>96.24</u>	<u>83.84</u>

(a) Description of nature and purpose of each reserve:**General reserve**

General reserve is created from time to time by way of transfer of profits from retained earnings for appropriation purposes. General reserve is created by a transfer from one component of equity to another and is not an item of Other Comprehensive Income.

Statutory reserve

The Company is required to create a reserve in accordance with the provisions of Section 45IC of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly 20% of the profits after tax for the year is transferred to this reserve at the end of every reporting period.

Retained earnings

Retained earnings are the profits that the Company has earned till date, less any transfer to general reserves, dividends and other distributions made to the shareholders.

Other comprehensive income

This represents the cumulative gains and losses arising on the revaluation of equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income, under an irrevocable option, net of amounts reclassified to retained earnings when such assets are disposed off, if any.

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GLOBAL FINANCE & SECURITIES LIMITED

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Standalone Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2020

(All amounts in Rs. lacs, unless otherwise stated)

12 Interest Income

	Year ended 31 March 2020				Year ended 31 March 2019			
	On Financial Assets measured at fair value through OCI	On Financial Assets measured at Amortised Cost	Interest Income on Financial Assets classified at fair value through profit or loss	Total	On Financial Assets measured at fair value through OCI	On Financial Assets measured at Amortised Cost	Interest Income on Financial Assets classified at fair value through profit or loss	Total
(a) Financials assets								
Interest on loans	-	33.46	-	33.46	-	29.87	-	29.87
Interest income from investments*	-	2.36	-	2.36	-	2.35	-	2.35
	-	35.82	-	35.82	-	32.22	-	32.22

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Standalone Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2020

(All amounts in Rs. lacs, unless otherwise stated)

	Year ended 31 March 2020	Year ended 31 March 2019
13 Dividend Income		
Dividend income on investments	1.73	1.06
	1.73	1.06
14 Net gain on fair value changes		
Net gain/(loss) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss on financial instruments designated at fair value through profit or loss:		
Mutual fund	-	2.05
Equity Shares	(15.88)	11.57
	(15.88)	13.62

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Standalone Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2020

(All amounts in Rs. lacs, unless otherwise stated)

15 Impairment on financial instruments

	Year ended 31 March 2020			Year ended 31 March 2019		
	On financial assets measured at fair value through OCI	On financial assets measured at amortised cost	Total	On financial assets measured at fair value through OCI	On financial assets measured at amortised cost	Total
Loans	-	0.02	0.02	-	0.13	0.13
	<u>-</u>	<u>0.02</u>	<u>0.02</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>0.13</u>	<u>0.13</u>

Note: The provision for expected credit loss has been made as per the Reserve Bank of India's prudential norms.

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Standalone Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2020

(All amounts in Rs. lacs, unless otherwise stated)

	<u>Year ended 31 March 2020</u>	<u>Year ended 31 March 2019</u>
16 Employee benefits expenses		
Salaries and wages	<u>12.22</u>	<u>8.48</u>
	<u>12.22</u>	<u>8.48</u>

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Standalone Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2020

(All amounts in Rs. lacs, unless otherwise stated)

	Year ended 31 March 2020	Year ended 31 March 2019
17 Depreciation		
Depreciation on property, plant and equipment (refer note 7)	0.13	0.13
	0.13	0.13
18 Other Expenses		
Rates & Taxes	0.03	0.03
Trade Licence Fees	0.02	0.02
Legal & Professional Charges	0.19	0.23
Postage & Telegram Expenses	0.23	0.23
Telephone Expenses	0.05	0.03
Printing & Stationery	1.61	1.40
Travelling & Conveyance	0.72	0.51
Advertisement & Publicity	0.31	0.33
Website Charges	0.11	0.15
E-Voting Charges	0.10	0.16
Auditors' Remuneration :- (Refer note (a) below)	0.20	0.20
Secretarial Audit Fees	0.12	0.12
Listing Fees	0.30	0.30
Annual Fees (NSDL & CDSL)	0.53	0.53
Share Transfer Expenses (Registrar)	0.15	0.15
CIC Registration Fees	0.06	0.66
Bank Charges	0.02	0.02
Miscellaneous Expenses	1.26	1.00
	6.00	6.06
(a) Auditors' Remuneration :-		
- Statutory Audit Fees	0.20	0.20
	0.20	0.20
19 Tax expense		
Current tax	5.25	5.30
Deferred tax	(4.84)	2.80
	0.41	8.11
The major components of income tax expense and the reconciliation of expense based on the domestic effective tax rate of 26% and 26% for financial year ended 31 March 2020 and 31 March 2019 respectively and the reported tax expense in profit or loss are as follows:		
(a) Reconciliation of income tax provision to the amount computed by applying the statutory tax rate:		
Profit before tax	3.30	32.10
Enacted tax rates in India (%)	26.00%	26.00%
Computed tax expense	0.86	8.35
Other Adjustment	(0.44)	(0.24)
Total income tax expense as per the statement of profit and loss	0.41	8.11
(b) Details of income tax balances		
Current tax assets:		
Opening balance	1.54	1.44
Add: Transfer from Current Tax Liabilities	-	0.10
Less: Income Tax Provision for Earlier Years	(0.10)	-
	1.44	1.54
Current tax liabilities:		
Opening balance	0.43	1.61
Less: Self Assessment Tax Paid	(0.57)	(1.71)
Add: Transfer to Current Tax Assets	-	0.10
Less: TDS paid	(3.28)	(4.87)
Add: Provision for Income Tax	5.25	5.30
Add: Refund	0.03	-
Add: Income Tax Provision for Earlier Years	0.10	-
	1.97	0.43
	Year ended 31 March 2020	Year ended 31 March 2019
20 Earnings per share (EPS)		
Net profit attributable to equity shareholders		
Net profit attributable to equity shareholders (in Rs. lakhs)	2.68	24.00
Nominal value of equity share (Rs.)	10.00	10.00
Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding	5,000,200	5,000,200
Basic earnings per share (Rs.)	0.05	0.48
Diluted earnings per share (Rs.)	0.05	0.48

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Standalone Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2020

(All amounts in Rs. lacs, unless otherwise stated)

21 (a) Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006

In accordance with the Notification No. GSR 719 (E) dated 16th November, 2007, issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs, certain disclosures are required to be made relating to Micro and Small Enterprises as defined under the Micro, Small and Medium Development Act 2006. In the absence of necessary information no disclosures have been made in the account.

21 (b) Employee Benefits

Short Term Employee Benefits are recognized at the undiscounted amount in the profit & loss account for the year in which the service is rendered on an accrual basis except bonus. Bonus is accounted for at the time of finalization of bonus amount payable to employees, which is usually at the time of Puja / Diwali Festival and is charged to the revenue account of the year even when it is calculated with reference to remuneration paid during the immediately preceding year.

As regards Post Employment Employee Benefits, according to the management there is no contractual / statutory obligation on its part to pay any post retirement benefits to its employees as provisions of P.F. Act, ESI Act, Gratuity Act etc are not applicable to the company. Any lump sum paid gratuitously is accounted for in the year in which it is paid. However, in the absence of any consistent pattern, no reasonable estimate of such voluntary payment can be made.

21 (c) Contingent Liabilities

Particulars	As at 31 March 2020	As at 31 March 2019	As at 01 April 2018
Contingent Liabilities not provided for in the Financial Statements in respect of			
Income Tax matters - Pending rectification	2.88	2.88	2.88
Income Tax matters - Pending intimation u/s 143(1) of the Income Tax Act, 1961	0.10	0.10	0.10
Total	2.98	2.98	2.98

21 (d) Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the Board Of Directors (BOD) of the Company. The BOD is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments of the Company. The Company is in a single business segment (primary segment) of giving loans and making investments. There is only one geographical segment (secondary segment).

21 (e) Previous year's figures have been recasted / restated to confirm to the classification of the current period.

GLOBAL FINANCE & SECURITIES LIMITED

CIN: L65991WB1994PLC061723

Standalone Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2020

(All amounts in Rs. lacs, unless otherwise stated)

22 Related party disclosures

Information on related party transactions as required by Ind AS - 24 - Related Party Disclosures for the year ended 31 March 2020.

A) List of related parties

- a) GDB Share and Stock Broking Services Limited
- b) M/s. Gopaldas Bagree
- c) Aristoplast Industries Private Limited
- d) Raj Kumar Nahata
- e) Bal Chand Singhi
- f) Disha Dharar
- g) Pushraj Singhi
- h) Lav Bajaj

Nature of Relationship:

- Associate
- Firm Related to Management
- Company Related to Management
- Relative of Director
- Relative of Director
- Company Secretary
- Chief Executive Officer
- Chief Financial Officer

B) Transactions during the year with Related parties

Particulars	Year ended 31 March 2020	Year ended 31 March 2019
<u>Loan Given</u>		
Aristoplast Industries Private Limited	-	30.00
<u>Loan Repayment Received</u>		
M/s. Gopaldas Bagree	1.25	0.24
Aristoplast Industries Private Limited	33.95	0.13
Raj Kumar Nahata	14.43	-
Bal Chand Singhi	-	28.25
<u>Interest Income</u>		
M/s. Gopaldas Bagree	2.53	2.35
Aristoplast Industries Private Limited	2.80	1.27
Raj Kumar Nahata	0.68	1.13
Bal Chand Singhi	-	1.25
<u>Remuneration Paid to KMP</u>		
Disha Dharar	3.74	2.80
Pushraj Singhi	1.32	1.32
Lav Bajaj	3.66	3.18

C) Balances with related parties at year end

Particulars	As at 31 March 2020	As at 31 March 2019	As at 01 April 2018
<u>Loan Given</u>			
M/s. Gopaldas Bagree	29.56	28.28	26.16
Aristoplast Industries Private Limited	-	31.15	-
Raj Kumar Nahata	-	13.75	12.61
Bal Chand Singhi	-	-	27.00

23 Fair value measurement

(a) Category wise classification of financial instruments

Particulars	As at	As at	As at
	31 March 2020	31 March 2019	01 April 2018
A. Financial assets:			
Carried at amortised cost			
Cash and cash equivalents	40.09	27.76	17.49
Loans	372.84	365.21	314.02
Investments	51.08	51.08	51.08
Other financial assets	-	-	0.14
	464.00	444.05	382.73
Carried at FVTPL			
Investments	110.45	129.47	165.10
	110.45	129.47	165.10
Carried at FVTOCI			
Investments	44.11	51.02	63.96
	44.11	51.02	63.96
	618.56	624.53	611.80
B. Financial liabilities			
Measured at amortised cost			
Other financial liabilities	2.39	1.08	1.04
	2.39	1.08	1.04

(b) Fair value hierarchy

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities are included at the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced sale or liquidation sale. Methods and assumptions used to estimate the fair values are consistent in all the years. Fair value of financial instruments referred to in note (a) above has been classified into three categories depending on the inputs used in the valuation technique. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities and lowest priority to unobservable entity specific inputs.

Particulars	As at	As at	As at
	31 March 2020	31 March 2019	01 April 2018
Level 1 (Quoted prices in active market)			
Financial assets measured at FVTOCI			
Investments in quoted equity instruments	7.56	14.47	27.42
Financial assets measured at FVTPL			
Investments in quoted equity instruments	110.45	129.47	117.90
Investments in mutual funds	-	-	47.21
Level 3 (Significant unobservable inputs)			
Financial assets measured at FVTOCI			
Investments in unquoted equity instruments	36.54	36.54	36.54
	154.55	180.49	229.06

GLOBAL FINANCE & SECURITIES LIMITED

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Standalone Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2020

(All amounts in Rs. lacs, unless otherwise stated)

23 Fair value measurement (cont'd)

(c) Fair value of assets and liabilities measured at cost/amortised cost

The carrying amount of financial assets and financial liabilities measured at amortised cost are a reasonable approximation of their fair values since the Company does not anticipate that the carrying amount would be significantly different from the values that would be eventually received or settled. Management assessed that fair values of cash and cash equivalents, loans, other financial assets, and other financial liabilities approximate their carrying amounts of these instruments, as discussed below:

Particulars	As at 31 March 2020		As at 31 March 2019		As at 1 April 2018	
	Carrying Value	Fair value	Carrying Value	Fair value	Carrying Value	Fair value
Financial Assets :						
Cash and cash equivalents	40.09	40.09	27.76	27.76	17.49	17.49
Loans	372.84	372.84	365.21	365.21	314.02	314.02
Investments	51.08	51.08	51.08	51.08	51.08	51.08
Other financial assets	-	-	-	-	0.14	0.14
Financial liabilities :						
Other financial liabilities	2.39	2.39	1.08	1.08	1.04	1.04

(d) Maturity Analysis of assets and liabilities

Particulars	As at 31 March 2020		As at 31 March 2019		As at 1 April 2018	
	Within 12 Months	After 12 Months	Within 12 Months	After 12 Months	Within 12 Months	After 12 Months
ASSETS						
Financial Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	40.09	-	27.76	-	17.49	-
Loans	372.84	-	365.21	-	314.02	-
Investments	110.45	95.19	129.47	102.10	165.10	115.04
Other financial assets	-	-	-	-	0.14	-
Total Financial Assets	523.37	95.19	522.43	102.10	496.75	115.04
Non-Financial Assets						
Current tax assets (Net)	1.44	-	1.54	-	1.44	-
Property, plant and equipment	-	0.20	-	0.33	-	0.46
Total Non-Financial Assets	1.44	0.20	1.54	0.33	1.44	0.46
Total Assets	524.81	95.38	523.98	102.43	498.19	115.50
LIABILITIES						
Financial Liabilities						
Other financial liabilities	2.39	-	1.08	-	1.04	-
Total Financial Liabilities	2.39	-	1.08	-	1.04	-
Non-Financial Liabilities						
Current tax liabilities (Net)	1.97	-	0.43	-	1.61	-
Deferred tax liabilities (Net)	24.95	(1.87)	29.77	(1.13)	26.96	0.22
Total Non Financial Liabilities	26.92	(1.87)	30.20	(1.13)	28.57	0.22
Total Liabilities	29.32	(1.87)	31.28	(1.13)	29.61	0.22
Net Equity	495.49	97.25	492.70	103.56	468.58	115.28

Standalone Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information

(All amounts in Rs. lacs, unless otherwise stated)

24 (a) Financial risk management

The Company is a Non-Banking Financial Company registered with the Reserve Bank of India. On account of its business activities it is exposed to various financial risks associated with financial products such as credit or default risk, market risk, interest rate risk, liquidity risk and inflationary risk. However, the Company has a robust financial risk management system in place to identify, evaluate, manage and mitigate various risks associated with its financial products to ensure that desired financial objectives are met. The Company's senior management is responsible for establishing and monitoring the risk management framework within its overall risk management objectives and strategies, as approved by the Board of Directors. Such risk management strategies and objectives are established to identify and analyse potential risks faced by the Company, set and monitor appropriate risk limits and controls, periodically review the changes in market conditions and assess risk management performance. Any change in Company's risk management objectives and policies needs prior approval of its Board of Directors.

(i) Credit risk

This risk is common to all investors who invest in bonds and debt instruments and it refers to a situation where a particular bond issuer is unable to make the expected principal payments, interest rate payments, or both. Similarly, a lender bears the risk that the borrower may default in the payment of contractual interest or principal on its debt obligations, or both. The entity continuously monitors defaults of customers and other counterparties and incorporates this information into its credit risk controls.

Financial instruments

Risk concentration is minimized by investing in highly rated, investment grade bonds and debt instruments. The Company lends to borrowers with a good credit score. These investments and loans are reviewed by the Board of Directors on a regular basis.

(ii) Market risk

Market risk is a form of systematic risk associated with the day-to-day fluctuation in the market prices of shares and securities and such market risk affects all securities and investors in the same manner. These daily price fluctuations follows its own broad trends and cycles and are more news and transaction driven rather than fundamentals and many a times, it may affect the returns from an investment. Market risks majorly comprises of two types - interest rate risk and other price risk, such as equity price risk and commodity risk. Financial instruments affected by market risks include borrowings and investments.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is a type of systematic risk that particularly affects fixed rate debt instruments like bonds and debentures. The value of the fixed-rate debt instruments generally decline due to rise in interest rates and vice versa. The rationale is that a bond is a promise of a future stream of payments; an investor will offer less for a bond that pays-out at a rate lower than the rates offered in the current market.

The Company monitors the interest rate scenarios on a regular basis and accordingly takes investments decisions as whether to invest in fixed rate debt instruments, shares and securities at a particular point of time.

a. Interest bearing investments

Particulars	As at 31 March 2020	As at 31 March 2019	As at 01 April 2018
Investments at variable interest rate	-	-	-
Investments at fixed interest rate	22.08	22.08	22.08
Total interest bearing investments	22.08	22.08	22.08
Percentage of investments at variable interest rate	0%	0%	0%

(iii) Price risk

Price risk is the risk that the fair value of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market traded price. It arises from financial assets such as investments in equity instruments, bonds, mutual funds etc. The Company is exposed to price risk arising mainly from investments carried at fair value through FVTPL or FVOCI which are valued using quoted prices in active markets (level 1 investments). A sensitivity analysis demonstrating the impact of change in market prices of these instruments from the prices existing as at the reporting date is given below:

Particulars	Carrying value as at		
	31 March 2020	31 March 2019	1 April 2018
Investments carried at FVTPL or FVOCI valued using quoted prices in active market	118.01	143.94	192.52

Particulars	Sensitivity analysis on total comprehensive income upon fluctuation of market prices	
	Increase by 10%	Decrease by 10%
Impact on total comprehensive income for year ended 31 March 2020	11.80	(11.80)
Impact on total comprehensive income for year ended 31 March 2019	14.39	(14.39)

(iv) Liquidity risk:

Liquidity refers to the readiness of the Company to sell and realise its financial assets. Liquidity risk is one of the most critical risk factors for Companies which is into the business of investments in shares and securities. It is the risk of not being able to realise the true price of a financial asset, or is not being able to sell the financial asset at all because of non-availability of buyers. Unwillingness to lend or restricted lending by Banks and Financial Institutions may also lead to liquidity concerns for the entities.

The Company maintains a well-diversified portfolio of investments in shares and securities which are saleable at any given point of time. A dedicated team of market experts are monitoring the markets on a continuous basis, which advises the management for timely purchase or sale of securities. The management ensures to manage its cash flows and asset liability patterns to ensure that the financial obligations are satisfied in timely manner.

The following table shows the remaining contractual maturities of financial liabilities at the reporting date. The amounts reported are on gross and undiscounted basis.

Particulars	Less than 1 year	Between 1 to 5 years	Over 5 years	Total
As at 31 March 2020				
Other financial liabilities	2.39	-	-	2.39
	2.39	-	-	2.39
As at 31 March 2019				
Other financial liabilities	1.08	-	-	1.08
	1.08	-	-	1.08
As at 1 April 2018				
Other financial liabilities	1.04	-	-	1.04
	1.04	-	-	1.04

(v) Inflationary risk:

Inflationary or purchasing power risk refers to the variation in investor returns caused by inflation. It is the risk that results in increase of the prices of goods and services which results in decrease of purchasing power of money, and likely negatively impact the value of investments. The two important sources of inflation are rising costs of production and excess demand for goods and services in relation to their supply. Inflation and interest rate risks are closely related as interest rates generally go up with inflation.

The Company closely monitors the inflation data and analyses the reasons for wide fluctuations thereof and its effect on various sectors and businesses to avoid inflationary risk.

24 (b) Capital management

For the purpose of Company's capital management, capital includes issued equity share capital, other equity reserves and borrowed capital less cash and cash equivalents. The primary objective of capital management is to maintain an efficient capital structure to reduce the cost of capital, support corporate expansion strategies and to maximize shareholder's value.

The entity manages its capital structure and makes adjustments in light of changes in economic conditions and the requirements of the financial covenants. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the entity may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares. The entity monitors capital using a gearing ratio, which is net debt divided by total capital plus net debt. The entity's policy is to keep an optimum gearing ratio. The entity includes within net debt, interest bearing loans and borrowings less cash and cash equivalents.

Following table summarizes the capital structure of the Company.

Particulars	As at	As at	As at
	31 March 2020	31 March 2019	01 April 2018
Borrowings	-	-	-
Less: Cash and cash equivalents	40.09	27.76	17.49
Adjusted net debt	(40.09)	(27.76)	(17.49)
Total equity (*)	592.74	596.26	583.86
Net debt to equity ratio	-	-	-

(*) Equity includes capital and all reserves of the Company that are managed as capital.

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Standalone Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information

(All amounts in Rs. lacs, unless otherwise stated)

25 First time adoption of Ind AS

These standalone financial statements, for the year ended 31 March 2020, are the first financial statements, which the Company has prepared in accordance with the Ind AS. For periods up to and including the year ended 31 March 2019, the Company prepared its standalone financial statements in accordance with accounting standards notified under section 133 of the Companies Act 2013, read together with paragraph 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 (as amended) (Indian GAAP or previous GAAP).

Accordingly, the Company has prepared these standalone financial statements which comply with the Ind AS applicable for periods ending on 31 March 2020, together with the comparative period data as at and for the year ended 31 March 2019, as described in the summary of significant accounting policies. In preparing these standalone financial statements, the Company's opening balance sheet was prepared as at 1 April 2018, the Company's date of transition to Ind AS. This note explains the principal adjustments made by the Company in restating its Indian GAAP financial statements, including the balance sheet as at 1 April 2018 and the standalone financial statements as at and for the year ended 31 March 2019.

Ind AS 101 has set out certain mandatory exceptions and optional exemptions to be applied for transition from the existing Indian GAAP to Ind AS. The Company has adopted the following in preparing its opening Ind AS Balance Sheet.

(a) Optional exemptions

- (i) Cost of property, plant and equipments - Ind AS 101 permits a first-time adopter to elect to continue with the carrying value for all of its property, plant and equipment as recognised in the previous GAAP financial statements as at the date of transition to Ind AS, measured as per the Previous GAAP and use that as its deemed cost as at the date of transition. This exemption can also be used for intangible assets covered by Ind AS 38 Intangible Assets. Accordingly, the Company has elected to measure all of its property, plant and equipment at their Previous GAAP carrying value.
- (ii) Investments in associate - In separate financial statements, a first-time adopter that subsequently measures an investment in associate at cost, may measure such investment at cost (determined in accordance with Ind AS 27) or deemed cost (fair value or previous GAAP carrying amount) in its separate opening Ind AS balance sheet. Selection of fair value or previous GAAP carrying amount for determining deemed cost can be done for associate

(b) Mandatory exceptions

- (i) Classification and measurement of financial assets - Ind AS 101 provides that classification and measurement of financial assets recognized earlier under the Previous GAAP should be based upon facts and circumstances existing as on the transition date as assessed by the Company. Financial assets can be measured using effective interest method by assessing its contractual cash flow characteristics only on the basis of facts and circumstances existing at the date of transition and if it is impracticable to assess elements of modified time value of money i.e. the use of effective interest method, fair value of financial asset at the date of transition shall be the new carrying amount of that asset. The measurement exemption applies for financial liabilities as well.
- (ii) Estimates - An entity's estimates in accordance with Ind ASs at the date of transition to Ind AS shall be consistent with estimates made for the same date in accordance with Previous GAAP (after adjustments to reflect any difference in accounting policies), unless there is objective evidence that those estimates were in error. Ind AS estimates as at 01 April 2018 are consistent with the estimates as at the same date made in conformity with Previous GAAP. The Company made estimates for following items in accordance with Ind AS at the date of transition as these were not required under Previous GAAP:
- (i) Financial instruments carried at fair value through profit or loss and carried through other comprehensive income.

- (iii) De-recognition - The Company has applied the de-recognition principles of Ind AS 109 prospectively from the date of transition to Ind AS.

Derecognition of financial assets and financial liabilities - A first-time adopter should apply the derecognition requirements in Ind AS 109 prospectively to transactions occurring on or after the date of transition. Therefore, if a first-time adopter derecognised non-derivative financial assets or non-derivative financial liabilities under its previous GAAP as a result of a transaction that occurred before the date of transition, it should not recognise those financial assets and liabilities under Ind AS (unless they qualify for recognition as a result of a later transaction or event). A first-time adopter that wants to apply the derecognition requirements in Ind AS 109 retrospectively from a date of the entity's choosing may only do so, provided that the information needed to apply Ind AS 109 to financial assets and financial liabilities derecognised as a result of past transactions was obtained at the time of initially accounting for those transactions.

(c) Reconciliation between Previous GAAP and Ind AS

Ind AS 101 requires an entity to reconcile equity, total comprehensive income and cash flows for the prior periods. The following tables represent the reconciliation from Previous GAAP to Ind AS.

(i) Effect of Ind AS adoption on total equity:

Particulars	As at 31 March 2019	As at 1 April 2018
Total equity (Shareholder's fund) as per Previous GAAP	520.26	504.06
Adjustments:		
Fair valuation of investments in mutual funds	-	2.21
Fair valuation of investments in equity instruments	104.61	104.74
Deferred tax on above items	(28.61)	(27.15)
Total equity as per Ind AS	596.26	583.86

The previous GAAP figures have been reclassified to confirm to Ind AS presentation requirements for the purpose of this Note.

(ii) **Effect of Ind AS adoption on total comprehensive income:**

Particulars	Year ended 31 March 2019
Net profit as per previous GAAP	16.19
Effect of measuring financial instruments at fair value	10.61
Deferred taxes	(2.81)
Net profit as per Ind AS	24.00
Other comprehensive income (net of tax)	(11.60)
Total comprehensive income as per Ind AS	12.40

(iii) **Effect of Ind AS adoption on the Statement of Cash flows for the year ended 31 March 2019**

Particulars	Previous GAAP	Ind AS Adjustments	Ind AS
Net cash used in operating activities (A)	(40.05)	1.06	(38.98)
Net cash generated from investing activities (B)	50.31	(1.06)	49.25
Net cash generated from financing activities (C)	-	-	-
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	10.27	(0.00)	10.27
Cash and cash equivalents as on 01 April 2018	17.49	-	17.49
Cash and cash equivalents as on 31 March 2019	27.76	(0.00)	27.76

There are no material differences between the statements of cash flows prepared under Previous GAAP and Ind AS. The Previous GAAP figures have been reclassified to confirm to Ind AS presentation requirements.

(iv) **Foot notes to first time adoption:**

1 FVOCI Financial assets

Under Indian GAAP, the Company accounted for long-term investments in unquoted and quoted equity shares as investment measured at cost less provision for other than temporary diminution in the value of investments. Under Ind AS, the Company has designated such investments as FVOCI investments. Ind AS requires FVOCI investments to be measured at fair value. At the date of transition to Ind AS, difference between the instruments fair value and Indian GAAP carrying amount has been recognised as a separate component of equity, in the FVOCI reserve.

The difference between the fair value of investments as per Ind AS and the carrying value of investments as per Previous GAAP has resulted in decrease of investments and a corresponding increase in the retained earnings as on the transition date by Rs. 1.81 lakhs. During the corresponding year ended 31 March 2019, such fair valuation accounting has resulted in an decrease of investments and a corresponding decrease in the other comprehensive income by Rs. 12.94 lakhs.

2 FVTPL Financial assets

Under Ind AS, the Company has recognised the following investments through the profit and loss:

- Mutual Funds
- Equity Shares

The difference between the fair value of investments as per Ind AS and the carrying value of investments as per Previous GAAP has resulted in increase of investments and a corresponding increase in the retained earnings as on the transition date by Rs. 105.14 lakhs. During the corresponding year ended 31 March 2019, such fair valuation accounting has resulted in an increase of investments and a corresponding increase in the profit for the year by Rs. 10.61 lakhs.

3 Other comprehensive income

Under Ind AS, all items of income and expense recognized in a period should be included in profit or loss for the period, unless a standard requires or permits otherwise. Items of income and expense that are not recognized in profit or loss but are shown in the Statement of Profit and Loss as 'other comprehensive income' includes fair valuation of investments in equity instruments and their corresponding income tax effects. The concept of other comprehensive income did not exist under Previous GAAP.

4 Deferred tax

In the standalone financial statements prepared under Previous GAAP, deferred tax was accounted as per the income statement approach which required creation of deferred tax asset/liability on temporary differences between taxable profit and accounting profit. Under Ind AS, deferred tax is accounted as per the Balance Sheet approach which requires creation of deferred tax asset/liability on temporary differences between the carrying amount of an asset/liability in the Balance Sheet and its corresponding tax base.

The application of Ind AS has resulted in recognition of deferred tax on new temporary differences which were not required to be recognised under Previous GAAP. The above changes have resulted in creation of deferred tax liabilities (net) amounting to Rs. 27.15 lakhs as at date of transition to Ind AS and Rs. 28.61 lakhs as at 31 March 2019 as compared to Previous GAAP.

5 Reclassification of provision of standard / non-performing assets (NPA)

Under Indian GAAP provision for NPA and standard assets were presented under the head 'Provisions'. However, under Ind AS financial assets measured at amortised cost (majorly loans) are presented net of provision for expected credit losses. Consequently, the Company has reclassified the Indian GAAP provisions for standard assets / NPA's amounting to Rs. 0.78 lakhs and Rs. 0.91 lakhs as on 1 April 2018 and 31 March 2019 respectively.

6 Current and non-current classification

As per the principles of amended Schedule III, notified vide MCA notification dated 11 October 2018, Companies preparing their financial statements under Division III principles shall not classify their assets or liabilities as current and non-current. Accordingly, none of the financial and non-financial assets or liabilities have been classified as current or non-current.

For TOSNIWAL & ASSOCIATES
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration Number: 327249E

(ANITA TOSNIWAL)
Partner
Membership Number: 142018

Place: Kolkata
Dated: The 31st Day of July, 2020

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors
GLOBAL FINANCE & SECURITIES LIMITED

PRAMOD KR. AGARWAL
Director
DIN: 02631299

KAMAL SINGH SINGHI
Director
DIN: 00514656

PUSHRAJ SINGHI
Chief Executive Officer

LAV BAJAJ
Chief Financial Officer

DISHA DHARAR
Company Secretary

**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT
TO THE MEMBERS OF
GLOBAL FINANCE & SECURITIES LIMITED**

Report on the Consolidated Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of M/s. Global Finance & Securities Limited (hereinafter referred to as the 'Investor Company') and its Associate Company (refer Note [1] to the attached Consolidated Financial Statements), comprising of the consolidated Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2020, consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), Consolidated Cash Flow Statement and the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies (hereinafter referred to as "the consolidated financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanation given to us and based on the consideration of the report of the other auditor on separate financial statements and on the other financial information of the Associate, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ('Act') in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including Indian Accounting Standards ('IND AS') of the consolidated state of affairs (consolidated financial position) of the Company as at March 31, 2020, its consolidated profit (consolidated financial performance including Other Comprehensive Income), its consolidated Cash Flows and the consolidated Changes in Equity for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by ICAI, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

We have determined that there are no key audit matters to communicate in our report.

Information other than the financial statements and auditors' report thereon

The Investor Company's board of directors is responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Board's Report

including Annexures of Board's Report, but does not include the Consolidated Financial Statement and our audit report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information; we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibility of Management for the Standalone Financial Statements

The Investor Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation and presentation of these consolidated financial statements in term of the requirements of the Companies Act, 2013 that give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position and consolidated financial performance of the Investor company including its Associate in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the IND AS specified under section 133 of the Act. The respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Investor Company and of its Associate are responsible for maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Group and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, which have been used for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements by the Directors of the Investor Company, as aforesaid.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Investor Company and of its Associate are responsible for assessing the companies' ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Investor Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The respective Board of Directors of the Investor Company and its Associate are responsible for overseeing the financial reporting process of the Investor Company and of its associate company.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material

if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Companies Act, 2013, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit of the financial statements of such entities included in the consolidated financial statements of which we are the independent auditors. For the other entities included in the consolidated financial statements, which have been audited by other auditors, such other auditors remain responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audits carried out by them. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion

We communicate with those charged with governance of the Investor Company regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

Other Matter

- (a) We did not audit the financial statements, financial information of one associate whose financial statement / financial information reflect total assets of Rs. 613.67 Lakh as at 31st March, 2020, total revenues of Rs. 28.00 Lakh and net cash inflow amounting to Rs. 267.15 Lakh for the year ended on that date, as considered in the consolidated financial Statement.
- (b) The Consolidated Financial Statements also include the Investors share of net loss of Rs. 1.09 Lakh for the year ended March 31, 2020 as considered in the Consolidated Financial Statements, in respect of one Associate Company whose financial statements have not been audited by us. This financial statements have been audited by other auditor whose report has been furnished to us by the Management, and our opinion on the Consolidated Financial Statements in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of this Associate Company and our report in terms of sub-section (3) of Section 143 of the Act in so far as it relates to the aforesaid associate, is based solely on the report of the other auditor. Our opinion on the Consolidated Financial Statements and our report on other legal and regulatory requirements below, is not modified in respect of the above matters with respect to our reliance on the work done and the report of the other auditor and the financial statements certified by the Management.

Report on other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

As required by section 143(3) of the Act, we report, to the extent applicable, that:

- a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements.
- b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law relating to preparation of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements have been kept so far as it appears from our examination of those books and the reports of the other auditors.
- c) The Consolidated Financial Statements dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the relevant books of account maintained for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements.
- d) In our opinion, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements comply with the IND AS specified under Section 133 of the Act.

- e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors of the Investor Company as on 31st March, 2020 and taken on record by the Board of Directors of the Investor Company and the report of the statutory auditor of the Associate Company incorporated in India, none of the directors of the Investor Company and its Associate Company incorporated in India are disqualified as on March 31, 2020 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
- f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Investor Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in “Annexure A”.
- g) With respect to other matters to be included in the Auditor’s Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us and based on the consideration of the report of the other auditor on separate financial statements as also other financial information of the Associate Company :
- i. The Consolidated Financial Statements disclose the pending litigations as at March 31, 2020 on the Consolidated Financial Position of the Holding Company and its Associate Company. Refer Note – 21(c) to the Consolidated Financial Statements.
 - ii. The Investor Company and its associate did not have any material foreseeable losses on long-term contracts including derivative contracts.
 - iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred by the Company to the Investor Education and Protection Fund.

For TOSNIWAL & ASSOCIATES
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration Number: 327249E

(ANITA TOSNIWAL)
Partner
Membership Number: 142018

Place: Kolkata
Dated: The 31st Day of July, 2020

UDIN: 20142018AAAABC9075

Annexure A to Independent Auditors' Report

Referred to in Point (f) of **Report on other Legal and Regulatory Requirements** in the Independent Auditors' Report of even date to the members of Global Finance & Securities Limited on the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2020.

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 (“the Act”)

In conjunction with our audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements of the Company as of and for the year ended March 31, 2020, we have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of Global Finance & Securities Limited (hereinafter referred to as “the Investor Company”) and its Associate Company, which are companies incorporated in India, as of that date.

Management’s Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The respective Board of Directors of the Investor company and its Associate Company, which are companies incorporated in India, are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on “internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the respective company’s policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

Auditor’s Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the “Guidance Note”) issued by the ICAI and the Standards on Auditing deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of internal financial controls and both issued by the ICAI. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor’s judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained and the audit evidence obtained by the other auditor in terms of their report referred to in the Other Matters paragraph below, is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Investor Company and its Associate Company, which are companies incorporated in India, have, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2020, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

Other Matters

Our aforesaid reports under Section 143(3)(i) of the Act on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the internal financial controls over financial reporting in so far as it relates to one Associate Company, which is a company incorporated in India, is based on the corresponding report of the auditor of such company incorporated in India. Our opinion is not qualified in respect of this matter.

For TOSNIWAL & ASSOCIATES
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration Number: 327249E

(ANITA TOSNIWAL)
Partner
Membership Number: 142018

Place: Kolkata
Dated: The 31st Day of July, 2020

GLOBAL FINANCE & SECURITIES LIMITED

CIN: L65991WB1994PLC061723

Consolidated Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2020

(All amounts in Rs. lacs, unless otherwise stated)

	Note	As at 31 March 2020	As at 31 March 2019	As at 1 April 2018
ASSETS				
Financial Assets				
(a) Cash and cash equivalents	3	40.09	27.76	17.49
(b) Loans	4	372.84	365.21	314.02
(c) Investments	5	245.88	272.90	319.57
(d) Other financial assets	6	-	-	0.14
Total Financial Assets		658.80	665.87	651.22
Non-financial Assets				
(a) Current tax assets (Net)	19	1.44	1.54	1.44
(b) Property, plant and equipment	7	0.20	0.33	0.46
Total Non-Financial Assets		1.64	1.87	1.90
Total Assets		660.44	667.74	653.12
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY				
LIABILITIES				
Financial Liabilities				
(a) Other financial liabilities	8	2.39	1.08	1.04
Total Financial Liabilities		2.39	1.08	1.04
Non-Financial Liabilities				
(a) Current tax liabilities (net)	19	1.97	0.43	1.61
(b) Deferred tax liabilities (net)	9	23.09	28.64	27.18
Total Non-Financial Liabilities		25.06	29.07	28.79
Equity				
(a) Equity share capital	10	500.02	500.02	500.02
(b) Other equity	11	132.97	137.57	123.27
Total Equity		632.99	637.59	623.29
Total Liabilities and Equity		660.44	667.74	653.12

Notes 1 - 25 form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements

This is the Consolidated Balance Sheet referred to in our report of even date.

For TOSNIWAL & ASSOCIATES
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration Number: 327249E

(ANITA TOSNIWAL)
Partner
Membership Number: 142018

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors
GLOBAL FINANCE & SECURITIES LIMITED

PRAMOD KR. AGARWAL **KAMAL SINGH SINGHI**
Director Director
DIN: 02631299 DIN: 00514656

PUSHRAJ SINGHI
Chief Executive Officer

Place: Kolkata
Dated: The 31st Day of July 2020

LAV BAJAJ **DISHA DHARAR**
Chief Financial Officer Company Secretary

GLOBAL FINANCE & SECURITIES LIMITED
CIN: L65991WB1994PLC061723
Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31 March 2020
(All amounts in Rs. lacs, unless otherwise stated)

	Note	Year ended 31 March 2020	Year ended 31 March 2019
Revenue from operations			
(a) Interest income	12	35.82	32.22
(b) Dividend income	13	1.73	1.06
(c) Net gain on fair value changes	14	-	13.62
		<u>37.55</u>	<u>46.90</u>
Total Income		<u>37.55</u>	<u>46.90</u>
Expenses			
(a) Net loss on fair value changes	14	15.88	-
(b) Impairment on financial instruments	15	0.02	0.13
(c) Employee benefits expenses	16	12.22	8.48
(d) Depreciation	17	0.13	0.13
(e) Other expenses	18	6.00	6.06
Total Expenses		<u>34.25</u>	<u>14.79</u>
Profit before share of profit in associate		<u>3.30</u>	<u>32.10</u>
Share of Profit / (Loss) of Associate		<u>(1.09)</u>	<u>1.91</u>
Profit Before Tax		<u>2.21</u>	<u>34.01</u>
Tax Expense:	19		
(i) Current tax		(5.25)	(5.30)
(ii) Tax for earlier years		(0.20)	-
(iii) Deferred tax		4.84	(2.80)
Profit for the year		<u>1.59</u>	<u>25.90</u>
Other Comprehensive Income			
(i) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			
- Fair valuation of equity instruments through other comprehensive income		(6.91)	(12.94)
(ii) Income tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss		0.72	1.34
Total other comprehensive income		<u>(6.19)</u>	<u>(11.60)</u>
Total comprehensive income for the year		<u>(4.60)</u>	<u>14.30</u>
Earnings per equity share (Amount in Rs.)	20		
Basic (Rs.)		0.03	0.52
Diluted (Rs.)		0.03	0.52

Notes 1 - 25 form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements

This is the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss referred to in our report of even date.

For TOSNIWAL & ASSOCIATES
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration Number: 327249E

(ANITA TOSNIWAL)
Partner
Membership Number: 142018

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors
GLOBAL FINANCE & SECURITIES LIMITED

PRAMOD KR. AGARWAL
Director
DIN: 02631299

KAMAL SINGH SINGHI
Director
DIN: 00514656

PUSHRAJ SINGHI
Chief Executive Officer

Place: Kolkata
Dated: The 31st Day of July 2020

LAV BAJAJ
Chief Financial Officer

DISHA DHARAR
Company Secretary

GLOBAL FINANCE & SECURITIES LIMITED
CIN: L65991WB1994PLC061723
Consolidated Cash flow statement for the year ended 31 March 2020
(All amounts in Rs. lacs, unless otherwise stated)

	Year ended 31 March 2020	Year ended 31 March 2019
A. Cash flow from operating activities		
Profit before tax	2.21	34.01
Adjustment for :		
Share of Profit of Associate	1.09	(1.91)
Net gain on fair value changes	15.88	(13.62)
Depreciation	0.13	0.13
Impairment on financial instruments	0.02	0.13
Operating profit before working capital changes	19.33	18.74
Adjustments for changes in working capital		
Decrease/ (Increase) in loans	(7.65)	(51.31)
Decrease/ (Increase) in other financial assets	-	0.14
Increase / (decrease) in other financial liabilities	1.32	0.03
Cash generated from operating activities	13.00	(32.40)
Income tax paid (net of refunds)	(3.81)	(6.58)
Net cash used in operating activities	(A) 9.19	(38.98)
B. Cash flow from investing activities		
Purchase of investments	-	(0.01)
Sale of investments	3.14	49.26
Net cash generated from/(used in) investing activities	(B) 3.14	49.25
C. Cash flow from financing activities		
Net cash generated from financing activities	(C) -	-
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(A+B+C) 12.33	10.27
Cash and cash equivalents as at beginning of the year	27.76	17.49
Cash and cash equivalents as at end of the year	40.09	27.76

Notes:

(i) The above standalone Statement of Cash Flow has been prepared under the "Indirect Method" as set out in Ind AS 37, "Statement of Cash Flow"

(ii) Component of Cash and Cash Equivalent

Cash on hand	0.31	0.50
In current Account	39.77	27.26
	40.09	27.76

This is the Consolidated Cash flow statement referred to in or report of even date.

For TOSNIWAL & ASSOCIATES
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration Number: 327249E

(ANITA TOSNIWAL)
Partner
Membership Number: 142018

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors
GLOBAL FINANCE & SECURITIES LIMITED

PRAMOD KR. AGARWAL
Director
DIN: 02631299

KAMAL SINGH SINGHI
Director
DIN: 00514656

PUSHRAJ SINGHI
Chief Executive Officer

Place: Kolkata
Dated: The 31st Day of July 2020

LAV BAJAJ
Chief Financial Officer

DISHA DHARAR
Company Secretary

GLOBAL FINANCE & SECURITIES LIMITED

CIN: L65991WB1994PLC061723

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 31 March 2020

(All amounts in Rs. lacs, unless otherwise stated)

A. Equity Share Capital

	As at 31 March 2020	As at 31 March 2019	As at 01 April 2018
Balance at the beginning of the reporting period	500.02	500.02	500.02
Changes in equity share capital during the year	-	-	-
Balance at the end of the reporting period	500.02	500.02	500.02

B. Other Equity

Particulars	Reserves and Surplus			Other comprehensive income	Total
	General Reserve	Statutory Reserves	Retained Earnings	Fair valuation of equity Instruments through Other Comprehensive Income	
Balance as at 01 April 2018	39.62	2.62	79.40	1.62	123.27
Profits for the year	-	-	25.90	-	25.90
Transferred to statutory reserves	-	3.24	(3.24)	-	-
- Net fair value gain on investment in equity instruments through OCI	-	-	-	(12.94)	(12.94)
- Tax impact	-	-	-	1.34	1.34
Balance at 31 March 2019	39.62	5.86	102.06	(9.98)	137.57
Profits for the year	-	-	1.59	-	1.59
Transferred to statutory reserves	-	2.14	(2.14)	-	-
- Net fair value gain on investment in equity instruments through OCI	-	-	-	(6.91)	(6.91)
- Tax impact	-	-	-	0.72	0.72
Balance at 31 March 2020	39.62	8.00	101.52	(16.17)	132.97

Notes 1 - 25 form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements

This is the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity referred to in our report of even date.

For TOSNIWAL & ASSOCIATES
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration Number: 327249E

(ANITA TOSNIWAL)
Partner
Membership Number: 142018

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors
GLOBAL FINANCE & SECURITIES LIMITED

PRAMOD KR. AGARWAL
Director
DIN: 02631299

KAMAL SINGH SINGHI
Director
DIN: 00514656

PUSHRAJ SINGHI
Chief Executive Officer

Place: Kolkata
Dated: The 31st Day of July 2020

LAV BAJAJ
Chief Financial Officer

DISHA DHARAR
Company Secretary

GLOBAL FINANCE & SECURITIES LIMITED

CIN: L65991WB1994PLC061723

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information

(All amounts in Rs. lacs, unless otherwise stated)

1 (a) Group Information

Global Finance & Securities Limited ("the Company") is a public limited company domiciled in India and registered under the provisions of the Companies Act, 1956, governed by Companies Act, 2013. The Company is a non-deposit taking non-systemically important Non-Banking Financial Company ("NBFC") registered with Reserve Bank of India ("the RBI") and is engaged in the business of providing loans and making investments in shares and securities.

Associate

Name of the entity	Audited/ Unaudited	Country of incorporation	Percentage of interest		
			31-Mar-20	31-Mar-19	01-Apr-18
GDB Share & Stock Broking Services Limited	Audited	India	24.79%	24.79%	24.79%

(b) Basis of preparation of consolidated financial statements

These Consolidated financial statements has been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards notified under section 133 of the Companies Act 2013, read together with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 (as amended) ('Ind AS').

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared and presented under the historical cost convention, on the accrual basis of accounting except for certain financial assets and financial liabilities that are measured at fair values at the end of each reporting period. The accounting policies have been applied consistently over all the periods presented in these consolidated financial statements.

(c) Basis of consolidation

The Consolidated Financial Statements relate to Global Finance & Securities Limited ("the company") and its associate (collectively referred as "the group") have been prepared on the following basis :-

Associate

An associate is an entity over which the Group has significant influence. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee, but is not control or joint control over those policies. The considerations made in determining whether significant influence or joint control are similar to those necessary to determine control over the subsidiaries. The Group's investments in its associate is accounted for using the equity method.

The Statement of Profit and Loss reflects the Group's share of the results of operations of the associate. Any change in OCI of those investees is presented as part of the Group's OCI. In addition, when there has been a change recognised directly in the equity of the associate, the Group recognises its share of any changes, when applicable, in the statement of changes in equity. Unrealised gains and losses resulting from transactions between the Group and the associate are eliminated to the extent of the interest in the associate.

If the Group's share of losses of an associate exceeds its interest in that associate (which includes any long-term interest that, in substance, form part of the Group's net investment in the associate), the Group discontinues recognising its share of further losses. Additional losses are recognised only to the extent that the Group has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate. If the associate subsequently reports profits, the Group resumes recognising its share of those profits only after its share of the profits equals the share of losses not recognized.

After application of the equity method, the Group determines whether it is necessary to recognise an impairment loss on its investment in its associate. At each reporting date, the Group determines whether there is objective evidence that the investment in the associate is impaired. If there is such evidence, the Group calculates the amount of impairment as the difference between the recoverable amount of the associate and its carrying value, and then recognises the loss as Share of profit of an associate in the consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss.

Upon loss of significant influence over an associate, the Group measures and recognises any retained investment at its fair value. Any difference between the carrying amount of the associate upon loss of significant influence and the fair value of the retained investment and proceeds from disposal is recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

2 Significant accounting policies

These are set out under "Significant Accounting Policies" as given in the Company's separate financial statements.

GLOBAL FINANCE & SECURITIES LIMITED

CIN: L65991WB1994PLC061723

Consolidated Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2020

(All amounts in Rs. lacs, unless otherwise stated)

	<u>As at</u> <u>31 March 2020</u>	<u>As at</u> <u>31 March 2019</u>	<u>As at</u> <u>1 April 2018</u>
3 Cash and cash equivalents			
Cash on hand	0.31	0.50	2.23
Balances with banks in current account	39.77	27.26	15.26
	<u>40.09</u>	<u>27.76</u>	<u>17.49</u>

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GLOBAL FINANCE & SECURITIES LIMITED
CIN: L65991WB1994PLC061723
Consolidated Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2020

(All amounts in Rs. lacs, unless otherwise stated)

4 Loans

	Amortised Cost	At fair value through profit and loss	Total	Amortised Cost	At fair value through profit and loss	Total	Amortised Cost	At fair value through profit and loss	Total
	As at 31 March 2020			As at 31 March 2019			As at 1 April 2018		
(A) Loans									
Security Deposits	1.96		1.96	1.96		1.96	1.96		1.96
Loans repayable on demand (*)									
- To related parties	29.56	-	29.56	73.17	-	73.17	65.77	-	65.77
- To others	342.25	-	342.25	290.99	-	290.99	247.08	-	247.08
	373.77	-	373.77	366.12	-	366.12	314.81	-	314.81
Less: Impairment allowance (refer note (a) below)	(0.93)	-	(0.93)	(0.91)	-	(0.91)	(0.78)	-	(0.78)
	372.84	-	372.84	365.21	-	365.21	314.02	-	314.02
(*) Includes accrued interest									
(B) Security									
Secured by tangible assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unsecured	373.77	-	373.77	366.12	-	366.12	314.81	-	314.81
	373.77	-	373.77	366.12	-	366.12	314.81	-	314.81
Less: Impairment allowance (refer note (a) below)	(0.93)	-	(0.93)	(0.91)	-	(0.91)	(0.78)	-	(0.78)
	372.84	-	372.84	365.21	-	365.21	314.02	-	314.02
(C) Other details									
Loans in India									
- Public Sector	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
- Others	373.77	-	373.77	366.12	-	366.12	314.81	-	314.81
	373.77	-	373.77	366.12	-	366.12	314.81	-	314.81
Less: Impairment allowance (refer note (a) below)	(0.93)	-	(0.93)	(0.91)	-	(0.91)	(0.78)	-	(0.78)
	372.84	-	372.84	365.21	-	365.21	314.02	-	314.02

(a) Movement in impairment allowance during the period is as follows:

	Year ended 31 March 2020	Year ended 31 March 2019
Balance at the beginning of the year	0.91	0.78
Add/Less: Provision made during the year	0.02	0.13
Balance at the end of the year	0.93	0.91

GLOBAL FINANCE & SECURITIES LIMITED

CIN: L65991WB1994PLC061723

Consolidated Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2020

(All amounts in Rs. lacs, unless otherwise stated)

5 Investments

(Investment in India)

	Amortised Cost	At fair value		Total	Amortised Cost	At fair value		Total	Amortised Cost	At fair value		Total
		Through other comprehensive income	Through profit and loss			Through other comprehensive income	Through profit and loss			Through other comprehensive income	Through profit and loss	
	As at 31 March 2020				As at 31 March 2019				As at 1 April 2018			
Mutual funds (unquoted)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	47.21	47.21
Equity instruments												
- Associate (Unquoted)	69.25	-	-	69.25	70.34	-	-	70.34	68.43	-	-	68.43
- Others (Quoted)	-	7.56	110.45	118.01	-	14.47	129.47	143.94	-	27.42	117.90	145.31
- Others (Unquoted)	-	36.54	-	36.54	-	36.54	-	36.54	-	36.54	-	36.54
Investment in bond	22.08	-	-	22.08	22.08	-	-	22.08	22.08	-	-	22.08
	91.33	44.11	110.45	245.88	92.42	51.02	129.47	272.90	90.51	63.96	165.10	319.57

(This space has been intentionally left blank.)

GLOBAL FINANCE & SECURITIES LIMITED

CIN: L65991WB1994PLC061723

Consolidated Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2020

(All amounts in Rs. lacs, unless otherwise stated)

5 Investments (cont'd)

	As at 31 March 2020		As at 31 March 2019		As at 1 April 2018	
	Number	Amount	Number	Amount	Number	Amount
(a) Investment in mutual funds (Unquoted)						
(Measured at FVTPL)						
HDFC Mutual Fund - Liquid Fund	-	-	-	-	1,378.71	47.21
		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>47.21</u>
(b) Investment in equity instruments (Others, Quoted)						
(Measured at FVTOCI)						
Cimmco Birla Limited	520	0.05	520	0.17	520	0.41
Digjam Ltd	300	0.00	300	0.01	300	0.03
G. R. Magnet Limited	2,400	-	2,400	0.24	2,400	0.24
Jaiprakash Industries Limited	63,900	0.67	63,900	3.48	63,900	12.08
Kilburn Chemicals Limited	2,450	-	2,450	0.63	2,450	2.60
Metroglobal Limited	2	0.00	2	0.00	2	0.00
Ponny Sugar (Errode)	3,520	4.52	3,520	4.71	3,520	5.03
Ponny Sugar Orissa	5,280	-	5,280	0.53	5,280	0.53
Reliance Industries Ltd	5	0.06	5	0.07	5	0.04
Riga Sugar Company Limited	3,000	0.09	3,000	0.17	3,000	0.28
Simbholi Sugar Mills Ltd.	11,500	0.69	11,500	1.05	11,500	1.70
Steel Authority of India Limited	5,500	1.27	5,500	2.96	5,500	3.86
Xpro India Limited	1,300	0.21	1,300	0.45	1,300	0.63
		<u>7.56</u>		<u>14.47</u>		<u>27.42</u>
(c) Investment in equity instruments (Others, Quoted)						
(Measured at FVTPL)						
Amethi Textiles Ltd	11,800	0.00	11,800	0.00	11,800	0.00
Bells Controls (Eng)	16	0.00	16	0.00	16	0.00
Bharat Polyfab Ltd	75,000	0.00	75,000	0.00	75,000	0.00
Birla Ericsson Optical Ltd	7,500	2.36	7,500	11.52	7,500	4.57
Clarisis Organic Ltd	2,900	0.00	2,900	0.00	2,900	0.00
Clarus Ltd. (Scan Steel)	10,000	1.63	10,000	3.82	10,000	2.18
Dr. Reddy's Ltd.	1,400	41.92	1,500	41.70	1,500	31.21
Electrosteel Steels Ltd.	1,000	0.31	1,000	0.31	50,000	1.20
GBL Infra Ltd	500	0.01	500	0.01	500	0.37
GBL Infra Ltd - Bonus	50	0.00	50	0.00	50	0.04
Global Capital Market Ltd	50	0.00	50	0.00	50	0.00
Iota Chemiculture Ltd	10,500	0.00	10,500	0.00	10,500	0.00
Jaykay Enterprises Ltd.	8,050	0.23	8,050	0.47	8,050	0.46
JCT Industries Ltd.	4,000	0.03	4,000	0.07	4,000	0.11
J K Cement Ltd.	2,545	23.41	2,545	22.06	2,545	25.83
Jk Paper Ltd.	5,000	3.61	5,000	7.09	5,000	6.76
Lords Chemicals Ltd	10,000	0.37	10,000	0.37	10,000	0.37
Majestic Auto Ltd	500	0.30	500	0.70	500	0.72
Neyveli Lignite Corp. Ltd	4,500	1.95	4,500	3.12	4,500	3.77
P.I. Industries Ltd. - Bonus	1,000	10.79	1,000	10.32	1,000	8.85
Reliance Jute Ltd	500	0.00	500	0.00	500	0.00
United Spirits Limited	5,000	23.37	5,000	27.70	1,000	31.30
United Textiles Ltd	2,700	0.18	2,700	0.20	2,700	0.17
Vardhman Special Steels Ltd.	5	0.00	5	0.00	-	-
W I Sugar Ltd.	1,000	0.00	1,000	0.00	1,000	0.00
		<u>110.45</u>		<u>129.47</u>		<u>117.90</u>
(d) Investment in equity instruments (Associate, Unquoted)						
(Measured at Cost)						
GDB Share & Stock Broking Services Ltd	290,000	29.00	290,000	29.00	290,000	29.00
Add: Share of Profit		40.25		41.34		39.43
		<u>69.25</u>		<u>70.34</u>		<u>68.43</u>
(e) Investment in equity instruments (Others, Unquoted)						
(Measured at FVTOCI)						
Welworth Multyfin Private Limited	15,000	7.50	15,000	7.50	15,000	7.50
Mercury Consultants Private Limited	20,000	5.00	20,000	5.00	20,000	5.00
Samrat Mercantile Pvt Ltd	4,480	0.04	4,480	0.04	4,480	0.04
Amber Durable Goods Pvt.Ltd.	7,500	24.00	7,500	24.00	7,500	24.00
		<u>36.54</u>		<u>36.54</u>		<u>36.54</u>
(f) Investment in Bonds						
Others, Quoted						
(Measured at Amortised Cost)						
Tata Iron & Steel Co. Ltd. 11.80% Tisco 2021	2	22.08	2	22.08	2	22.08
		<u>22.08</u>		<u>22.08</u>		<u>22.08</u>
6 Other financial assets						
Advance to employees				-	-	0.14
				<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>0.14</u>

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Consolidated Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2020

(All amounts in Rs. lacs, unless otherwise stated)

7 Property, plant and equipment

	Finger Print Machine	Computer	Total
Gross block			
Balance as at 1 April 2018 (*)	0.17	0.29	0.46
Additions	-	-	-
Disposals	-	-	-
Balance as at 31 March 2019	0.17	0.29	0.46
Additions	-	-	-
Disposals	-	-	-
Balance as at 31 March 2020	0.17	0.29	0.46
Accumulated depreciation			
Balance as at 1 April 2018	-	-	-
Depreciation charge for the year	0.02	0.11	0.13
Disposals	-	-	-
Balance as at 31 March 2019	0.02	0.11	0.13
Depreciation charge for the year	0.02	0.11	0.13
Disposals	-	-	-
Balance as at 31 March 2020	0.03	0.23	0.26
Carrying value			
As at 1 April 2018	0.17	0.29	0.46
As at 31 March 2019	0.15	0.17	0.33
As at 31 March 2020	0.14	0.06	0.20

Note:**(*)** Represents deemed cost as on the date of transition to Ind AS.

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(All amounts in Rs. lacs, unless otherwise stated)

	As at 31 March 2020	As at 31 March 2019	As at 1 April 2018
8 Other financial liabilities			
Liability for Expense	1.67	0.36	0.33
Others	0.72	0.72	0.72
	2.39	1.08	1.04

	As at 31 March 2020	As at 31 March 2019	As at 1 April 2018
9 Deferred taxes			
Deferred tax liability:			
of accounts and Income Tax Act, 1961	0.01	0.03	0.03
Fair valuation on investments measured at FVTPL	24.95	29.77	26.96
Fair valuation on instruments through OCI	(1.88)	(1.16)	0.19
Deferred tax liabilities, net	23.09	28.64	27.18

Movement in deferred tax liabilities for year ended 31 March 2019:

Particulars	As at 01 April 2018	Statement of Profit or Loss	Other comprehensive Income	As at 31 March 2019
Deferred tax liabilities for taxable temporary differences on:				
Difference between written down value of property, plant and equipment as per books of accounts and Income Tax Act, 1961	0.03	(0.01)	-	0.03
Fair valuation on investments measured at FVTPL	26.96	2.81	-	29.77
Fair valuation on instruments through OCI	0.19	-	(1.34)	(1.16)
Deferred tax liabilities	27.18	2.80	(1.34)	28.64

Movement in deferred tax liabilities for year ended 31 March 2020:

Particulars	As at 01 April 2019	Statement of Profit or Loss	Other comprehensive Income	As at 31 March 2020
Deferred tax liabilities for taxable temporary differences on:				
Difference between written down value of property, plant and equipment as per books of accounts and Income Tax Act, 1961	0.03	(0.02)	-	0.01
Fair valuation on investments measured at FVTPL	29.77	(4.82)	-	24.95
Fair valuation on instruments through OCI	(1.16)	-	(0.72)	(1.88)
Deferred tax liabilities	28.64	(4.84)	(0.72)	23.09

Note:

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities have been offset wherever the Company has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and where the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority.

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Consolidated Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2020

(All amounts in Rs. lacs, unless otherwise stated)

	As at 31 March 2020		As at 31 March 2019		As at 1 April 2018	
	Number	Amount	Number	Amount	Number	Amount
10 Equity share capital						
Authorized share capital						
Equity shares of Rs. 10 each	6,000,000	600.00	6,000,000	600.00	6,000,000	600.00
	6,000,000	600.00	6,000,000	600.00	6,000,000	600.00
Issued, subscribed and fully paid-up						
Equity shares of Rs. 10 each	5,000,200	500.02	5,000,200	500.02	5,000,200	500.02
	5,000,200	500.02	5,000,200	500.02	5,000,200	500.02
(a) Reconciliation of equity share capital						
Equity Shares						
Balance at the beginning of the year	5,000,200	500.02	5,000,200	500.02	5,000,200	500.02
Balance at the end of the year	5,000,200	500.02	5,000,200	500.02	5,000,200	500.02

(b) Terms and rights attached to equity shares

Equity Shares

The Company has only one class of equity share having par value of Rs.10/- per share. Each holder of equity share is entitled to one vote per share.

(c) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Company:

	As at 31 March 2020		As at 31 March 2019		As at 1 April 2018	
	Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage
Equity shares of Rs. 10 each						
Raj Kumar Nahata	693,400	13.87%	693,400	13.87%	723,400	14.47%
Shesh Karan Singhi	693,900	13.88%	693,900	13.88%	693,900	13.88%
Rakhee Shyamsukha	250,000	5.00%	250,000	5.00%	250,000	5.00%
	1,637,300	32.74%	1,637,300	32.74%	1,667,300	33.34%

(d) No additional shares were allotted as fully paid up by way of bonus shares or pursuant to contract without payment being received in cash during the last five years. Further, none of the shares were bought back by the Company during the last five years.

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Consolidated Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2020

(All amounts in Rs. lacs, unless otherwise stated)

	As at 31 March 2020	As at 31 March 2019	As at 1 April 2018
11 Other equity			
General Reserve	39.62	39.62	39.62
Statutory Reserves	8.00	5.86	2.62
Retained Earnings	101.52	102.06	79.40
Other comprehensive income	(16.17)	(9.98)	1.62
	132.97	137.57	123.27

(a) Description of nature and purpose of each reserve:**General reserve**

General reserve is created from time to time by way of transfer of profits from retained earnings for appropriation purposes. General reserve is created by a transfer from one component of equity to another and is not an item of Other Comprehensive Income.

Statutory reserve

The Company is required to create a reserve in accordance with the provisions of Section 45IC of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly 20% of the profits after tax for the year is transferred to this reserve at the end of every reporting period.

Retained earnings

Retained earnings are the profits that has been earned till date, less any transfer to general reserves, dividends and other distributions made to the shareholders.

Other comprehensive income

This represents the cumulative gains and losses arising on the revaluation of equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income, under an irrevocable option, net of amounts reclassified to retained earnings when such assets are disposed off, if any.

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Consolidated Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2020

(All amounts in Rs. lacs, unless otherwise stated)

12 Interest Income

	Year ended 31 March 2020				Year ended 31 March 2019			
	On Financial Assets measured at fair value through OCI	On Financial Assets measured at Amortised Cost	Interest Income on Financial Assets classified at fair value through profit or loss	Total	On Financial Assets measured at fair value through OCI	On Financial Assets measured at Amortised Cost	Interest Income on Financial Assets classified at fair value through profit or loss	Total
(a) Financials assets								
Interest on loans	-	33.46	-	33.46	-	29.87	-	29.87
Interest income from investments*	-	2.36	-	2.36	-	2.35	-	2.35
	-	35.82	-	35.82	-	32.22	-	32.22

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Consolidated Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2020

(All amounts in Rs. lacs, unless otherwise stated)

	Year ended 31 March 2020	Year ended 31 March 2019
13 Dividend Income		
Dividend income on investments	1.73	1.06
	<u>1.73</u>	<u>1.06</u>
14 Net gain/ (loss) on fair value changes		
(a) Net gain/(loss) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss on financial instruments designated at fair value through profit or loss:		
Mutual fund	-	2.05
Equity Shares	(15.88)	11.57
	<u>(15.88)</u>	<u>13.62</u>

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Consolidated Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2020

(All amounts in Rs. lacs, unless otherwise stated)

15 Impairment on financial instruments

	Year ended 31 March 2020			Year ended 31 March 2019		
	On financial assets measured at fair value through OCI	On financial assets measured at amortised cost	Total	On financial assets measured at fair value through OCI	On financial assets measured at amortised cost	Total
Loans	-	0.02	0.02	-	0.13	0.13
	<u>-</u>	<u>0.02</u>	<u>0.02</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>0.13</u>	<u>0.13</u>

Note: The provision for expected credit loss has been made as per the Reserve Bank of India's prudential norms.

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Consolidated Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2020

(All amounts in Rs. lacs, unless otherwise stated)

	<u>Year ended 31 March 2020</u>	<u>Year ended 31 March 2019</u>
16 Employee benefits expenses		
Salaries and wages	<u>12.22</u>	<u>8.48</u>
	<u>12.22</u>	<u>8.48</u>

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GLOBAL FINANCE & SECURITIES LIMITED
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Consolidated Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2020

(All amounts in Rs. lacs, unless otherwise stated)

	Year ended 31 March 2020	Year ended 31 March 2019
17 Depreciation		
Depreciation on property, plant and equipment (refer note 7)	0.13	0.13
	0.13	0.13
18 Other Expenses		
Rates & Taxes	0.03	0.03
Trade Licence Fees	0.02	0.02
Legal & Professional Charges	0.19	0.23
Postage & Telegram Expenses	0.23	0.23
Telephone Expenses	0.05	0.03
Printing & Stationery	1.61	1.40
Travelling & Conveyance	0.72	0.51
Advertisement & Publicity	0.31	0.33
Website Charges	0.11	0.15
E-Voting Charges	0.10	0.16
Auditors' Remuneration :- (Refer note (a) below)	0.20	0.20
Secretarial Audit Fees	0.12	0.12
Listing Fees	0.30	0.30
Annual Fees (NSDL & CDSL)	0.53	0.53
Share Transfer Expenses (Registrar)	0.15	0.15
CIC Registration Fees	0.06	0.66
Bank Charges	0.02	0.02
Miscellaneous Expenses	1.26	1.00
	6.00	6.06
(a) Auditors' Remuneration :-		
- Statutory Audit Fees	0.20	0.20
	0.20	0.20
19 Tax expense		
Current tax	5.25	5.30
Deferred tax	(4.84)	2.80
	0.41	8.11
The major components of income tax expense and the reconciliation of expense based on the domestic effective tax rate of 26% and 26% for financial year ended 31 March 2020 and 31 March 2019 respectively and the reported tax expense in profit or loss are as follows:		
(a) Reconciliation of income tax provision to the amount computed by applying the statutory tax rate:		
Profit before tax	3.30	32.10
Enacted tax rates in India (%)	26%	26%
Computed tax expense	0.86	8.35
Others Adjustment	(0.44)	(0.24)
Total income tax expense as per the statement of profit and loss	0.41	8.11
(b) Details of income tax balances		
Current tax assets:		
Opening balance	1.54	1.44
Add: Transfer from Current Tax Liabilities	-	0.10
Less: Income Tax Provision for Earlier Years	(0.10)	-
	1.44	1.54
Current tax liabilities:		
Opening balance	0.43	1.61
Less: Self Assessment Tax Paid	(0.57)	(1.71)
Add: Transfer to Current Tax Assets	-	0.10
Less: TDS paid	(3.28)	(4.87)
Add: Provision for Income Tax	5.25	5.30
Add: Refund	0.03	-
Add: Income Tax Provision for Earlier Years	0.10	-
	1.97	0.43
	Year ended 31 March 2020	Year ended 31 March 2019
20 Earnings per share (EPS)		
Net profit attributable to equity shareholders		
Net profit attributable to equity shareholders (in Rs. lakhs)	1.59	25.90
Nominal value of equity share (Rs.)	10.00	10.00
Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding	5,000,200	5,000,200
Basic earnings per share (Rs.)	0.03	0.52
Diluted earnings per share (Rs.)	0.03	0.52

GLOBAL FINANCE & SECURITIES LIMITED

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Standalone Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2020

(All amounts in Rs. lacs, unless otherwise stated)

21 (a) Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006

In accordance with the Notification No. GSR 719 (E) dated 16th November, 2007, issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs, certain disclosures are required to be made relating to Micro and Small Enterprises as defined under the Micro, Small and Medium Development Act 2006. In the absence of necessary information no disclosures have been made in the account.

21 (b) Employee Benefits

Short Term Employee Benefits like Bonus and Leave payment are recognized on accrual basis. As regards Post Employment Employee Benefits, according to the management there is no contractual / statutory obligation on its part to pay any post retirement benefits to its employees as provisions of P.F. Act, ESI Act, Gratuity Act etc are not applicable to the Group. Any lump sum paid gratuitously is accounted for in the year in which it is paid. However, in the absence of any consistent pattern, no reasonable estimate of such voluntary payment can be made.

21 (c) Contingent Liabilities of the Group

Particulars	As at 31 March 2020	As at 31 March 2019	As at 01 April 2018
Contingent Liabilities not provided for in the Financial Statements in respect of			
Income Tax matters - Pending rectification	2.88	2.88	2.88
Income Tax matters - Pending intimation u/s 143(1) of the Income Tax Act, 1961	0.10	0.10	0.10
Income Tax matter	2.04	2.04	2.04
Total	5.02	5.02	5.02

21 (d) Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the Board Of Directors (BOD) of the Company. The BOD is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments of the Company. The Company is in a single business segment (primary segment) of giving loans and making investments. There is only one geographical segment (secondary segment).

21 (e) Previous year's figures have been recasted / restated to confirm to the classification of the current period.

GLOBAL FINANCE & SECURITIES LIMITED

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Standalone Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2020

(All amounts in Rs. lacs, unless otherwise stated)

21 (f) Disclosure of additional information pertaining to the Investor Company and its associate as per Schedule-III of the Companies act, 2013

Name of Entity in the Group	As at 31 March 2020		Year Ended 31 March 2020		Year Ended 31 March 2020		Year Ended 31 March 2020	
	Net Assets i.e. Total Assets minus Total Liabilities		Share in profit and loss		Share in other comprehensive income		Share in total comprehensive income	
	As % of Consolidated net assets	Amount	As % of Consolidated profit and loss	Amount	As % of Consolidated other comprehensive income	Amount	As % of Consolidated total comprehensive income	Amount
Investor Company:								
Global Finance and Securities Limited	89.06%	563.74	168.64%	2.68	100.00%	(6.19)	76.32%	(3.51)
Associate (Indian):								
GDB Share & Stock Broking Services Limited (Investment as per Equity Method)	10.94%	69.25	-68.64%	(1.09)	-	-	23.68%	(1.09)

Name of Entity in the Group	As at 31 March 2019		Year Ended 31 March 2019		Year Ended 31 March 2019		Year Ended 31 March 2019	
	Net Assets i.e. Total Assets minus Total Liabilities		Share in profit and loss		Share in other comprehensive income		Share in total comprehensive income	
	As % of Consolidated net assets	Amount	As % of Consolidated profit and loss	Amount	As % of Consolidated other comprehensive income	Amount	As % of Consolidated total comprehensive income	Amount
Investor Company:								
Global Finance and Securities Limited	88.97%	567.26	92.64%	24.00	100.00%	(11.60)	86.66%	12.40
Associate (Indian):								
GDB Share & Stock Broking Services Limited (Investment as per Equity Method)	11.03%	70.34	7.36%	1.91	-	-	13.34%	1.91

Name of Entity in the Group	As at 31 March 2018	
	Net Assets i.e. Total Assets minus Total Liabilities	
	As % of Consolidated net assets	Amount
Investor Company:		
Global Finance and Securities Limited	89.02%	554.86
Associate (Indian):		
GDB Share & Stock Broking Services Limited (Investment as per Equity Method)	10.98%	68.43

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Consolidated Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2020

(All amounts in Rs. lacs, unless otherwise stated)

22 Related party disclosures

Information on related party transactions as required by Ind AS - 24 - Related Party Disclosures for the year ended 31 March 2020

A) List of related parties

- a) GDB Share and Stock Broking Services Ltd.
b) M/s. Gopaldas Bagree
c) Aristoplast Industries Private Limited
d) Raj Kumar Nahata
e) Bal Chand Singhi
f) Disha Dharar
g) Pushraj Singhi
h) Lav Bajaj

Nature of Relationship:

- Associate
Firm Related to Management
Company Related to Management
Relative of Director
Relative of Director
Company Secretary
Chief Executive Officer
Chief Financial Officer

B) Transactions during the year with Related parties

Particulars	Year ended 31 March 2020	Year ended 31 March 2019
<u>Loan Given</u>		
Aristoplast Industries Private Limited	-	30.00
<u>Loan Repayment Received</u>		
M/s. Gopaldas Bagree	1.25	0.24
Aristoplast Industries Private Limited	33.95	0.13
Raj Kumar Nahata	14.43	-
Bal Chand Singhi	-	28.25
<u>Interest Income</u>		
M/s. Gopaldas Bagree	2.53	2.35
Aristoplast Industries Private Limited	2.80	1.27
Raj Kumar Nahata	0.68	1.13
Bal Chand Singhi	-	1.25
<u>Remuneration Paid to KMP</u>		
Disha Dharar	3.74	2.80
Pushraj Singhi	1.32	1.32
Lav Bajaj	3.66	3.18

C) Balances with related parties at year end

Particulars	As at 31 March 2020	As at 31 March 2019	As at 01 April 2018
<u>Loan Given</u>			
M/s. Gopaldas Bagree	29.56	28.28	26.16
Aristoplast Industries Private Limited	-	31.15	-
Raj Kumar Nahata	-	13.75	12.61
Bal Chand Singhi	-	-	27.00

23 Fair value measurement

(a) Category wise classification of financial instruments

Particulars	As at	As at	As at
	31 March 2020	31 March 2019	01 April 2018
A. Financial assets:			
Carried at amortised cost			
Cash and cash equivalents	40.09	27.76	17.49
Loans	372.84	365.21	314.02
Investments	91.33	92.42	90.51
Other financial assets	-	-	0.14
	504.25	485.38	422.16
Carried at FVTPL			
Investments	110.45	129.47	165.10
	110.45	129.47	165.10
Carried at FVTOCI			
Investments in Equity Instruments	44.11	51.02	63.96
	44.11	51.02	63.96
	658.80	665.87	651.22
B. Financial liabilities			
Measured at amortised cost			
Other financial liabilities	2.39	1.08	1.04
	2.39	1.08	1.04

(b) Fair value hierarchy

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities are included at the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced sale or liquidation sale. Methods and assumptions used to estimate the fair values are consistent in all the years. Fair value of financial instruments referred to in note (a) above has been classified into three categories depending on the inputs used in the valuation technique. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities and lowest priority to unobservable entity specific inputs.

Particulars	As at	As at	As at
	31 March 2020	31 March 2019	01 April 2018
Level 1 (Quoted prices in active market)			
Financial assets measured at FVTOCI			
Investments in quoted equity instruments	7.56	14.47	27.42
Financial assets measured at FVTPL			
Investments in quoted equity instruments	110.45	129.47	117.90
Investments in mutual funds	-	-	47.21
Level 3 (Significant unobservable inputs)			
Financial assets measured at FVTOCI			
Investments in unquoted equity instruments	36.54	36.54	36.54
	154.55	180.49	229.06

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Consolidated Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2020

(All amounts in Rs. lacs, unless otherwise stated)

23 Fair value measurement (cont'd)

(c) Fair value of assets and liabilities measured at cost/amortised cost

The carrying amount of financial assets and financial liabilities measured at amortised cost are a reasonable approximation of their fair values since the Group does not anticipate that the carrying amount would be significantly different from the values that would be eventually received or settled. Management assessed that fair values of cash and cash equivalents, loans, other financial assets, and other financial liabilities approximate their carrying amounts of these instruments, as discussed below:

Particulars	As at 31 March 2020		As at 31 March 2019		As at 1 April 2018	
	Carrying Value	Fair value	Carrying Value	Fair value	Carrying Value	Fair value
Financial Assets :						
Cash and cash equivalents	40.09	40.09	27.76	27.76	17.49	17.49
Loans	372.84	372.84	365.21	365.21	314.02	314.02
Investments	91.33	91.33	92.42	92.42	90.51	90.51
Other financial assets	-	-	-	-	0.14	0.14
Financial liabilities :						
Other financial liabilities	2.39	2.39	1.08	1.08	1.04	1.04

(d) Maturity Analysis of assets and liabilities

Particulars	As at 31 March 2020		As at 31 March 2019		As at 1 April 2018	
	Within 12 Months	After 12 Months	Within 12 Months	After 12 Months	Within 12 Months	After 12 Months
ASSETS						
Financial Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	40.09	-	27.76	-	17.49	-
Loans	372.84	-	365.21	-	314.02	-
Investments	110.45	135.43	129.47	143.44	165.10	154.47
Other financial assets	-	-	-	-	0.14	-
Total Financial Assets	523.37	135.43	522.43	143.44	496.75	154.47
Non-Financial Assets						
Current tax assets (Net)	1.44	-	1.54	-	1.44	-
Property, plant and equipment	-	0.20	-	0.33	-	0.46
Total Non-Financial Assets	1.44	0.20	1.54	0.33	1.44	0.46
Total Assets	524.81	135.63	523.98	143.76	498.19	154.93
LIABILITIES						
Financial Liabilities						
Other financial liabilities	2.39	-	1.08	-	1.04	-
Total Financial Liabilities	2.39	-	1.08	-	1.04	-
Non-Financial Liabilities						
Current tax liabilities (Net)	1.97	-	0.43	-	1.61	-
Deferred tax liabilities (Net)	24.95	(1.87)	29.77	(1.13)	26.96	0.22
Total Non Financial Liabilities	26.92	(1.87)	30.20	(1.13)	28.57	0.22
Total Liabilities	29.32	(1.87)	31.28	(1.13)	29.61	0.22
Net Equity	495.49	137.50	492.70	144.89	468.58	154.71

24 (a) Financial risk management

The Group is exposed to various financial risks associated with financial products such as credit or default risk, market risk, interest rate risk, liquidity risk and inflationary risk. However, the Group has a robust financial risk management system in place to identify, evaluate, manage and mitigate various risks associated with its financial products to ensure that desired financial objectives are met. The Group's senior management is responsible for establishing and monitoring the risk management framework within its overall risk management objectives and strategies, as approved by the Board of Directors. Such risk management strategies and objectives are established to identify and analyse potential risks faced by the Group, set and monitor appropriate risk limits and controls, periodically review the changes in market conditions and assess risk management performance. Any change in Group's risk management objectives and policies needs prior approval of its Board of Directors.

(i) Credit risk

This risk is common to all investors who invest in bonds and debt instruments and it refers to a situation where a particular bond issuer is unable to make the expected principal payments, interest rate payments, or both. Similarly, a lender bears the risk that the borrower may default in the payment of contractual interest or principal on its debt obligations, or both. The entity continuously monitors defaults of customers and other counterparties and incorporates this information into its credit risk controls.

Financial instruments

Risk concentration is minimized by investing in highly rated, investment grade bonds and debt instruments. The Group lends to borrowers with a good credit score. These investments and loans are reviewed by the Board of Directors on a regular basis.

(ii) Market risk:

Market risk is a form of systematic risk associated with the day-to-day fluctuation in the market prices of shares and securities and such market risk affects all securities and investors in the same manner. These daily price fluctuations follows its own broad trends and cycles and are more news and transaction driven rather than fundamentals and many a times, it may affect the returns from an investment. Market risks majorly comprises of two types - interest rate risk and other price risk, such as equity price risk and commodity risk. Financial instruments affected by market risks include borrowings and investments.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is a type of systematic risk that particularly affects fixed rate debt instruments like bonds. The value of the fixed-rate debt instruments generally decline due to rise in interest rates and vice versa. The rationale is that a bond is a promise of a future stream of payments; an investor will offer less for a bond that pays-out at a rate lower than the rates offered in the current market. A rising interest rate scenario also affects the Group's interest expenditure on borrowed funds.

The Group monitors the interest rate scenarios on a regular basis and accordingly takes investments decisions as whether to invest in fixed rate debt instruments, shares and securities at a particular point of time.

a. Interest bearing investments

Particulars	As at 31 March 2020	As at 31 March 2019	As at 01 April 2018
Investments at variable interest rate	-	-	-
Investments at fixed interest rate	22.08	22.08	22.08
Total interest bearing investments	22.08	22.08	22.08
Percentage of investments at variable interest rate	0%	0%	0%

(iii) **Price risk**

Price risk is the risk that the fair value of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market traded price. It arises from financial assets such as investments in equity instruments, bonds, mutual funds etc. The Group is exposed to price risk arising mainly from investments carried at fair value through FVTPL or FVOCI which are valued using quoted prices in active markets (level 1 investments). A sensitivity analysis demonstrating the impact of change in market prices of these instruments from the prices existing as at the reporting date is given below:

Particulars	Carrying value as at		
	31 March 2020	31 March 2019	1 April 2018
Investments carried at FVTPL or FVOCI valued using quoted prices in active market	118.01	143.94	192.52

Particulars	Sensitivity analysis on total comprehensive income upon fluctuation of market prices	
	Increase by 10%	Decrease by 10%
Impact on total comprehensive income for year ended 31 March 2020	11.80	(11.80)
Impact on total comprehensive income for year ended 31 March 2019	14.39	(14.39)

(iv) **Liquidity risk:**

Liquidity refers to the readiness of the Group to sell and realise its financial assets. Liquidity risk is one of the most critical risk factors for Companies which is into the business of investments in shares and securities. It is the risk of not being able to realise the true price of a financial asset, or is not being able to sell the financial asset at all because of non-availability of buyers. Unwillingness to lend or restricted lending by Banks and Financial Institutions may also lead to liquidity concerns for the entities.

The Group maintains a well-diversified portfolio of investments in shares and securities which are saleable at any given point of time. A dedicated team of market experts are monitoring the markets on a continuous basis, which advises the management for timely purchase or sale of securities. The Group is currently having a mix of both short-term and long-term investments. The management ensures to manage its cash flows and asset liability patterns to ensure that the financial obligations are satisfied in timely manner.

The following table shows the remaining contractual maturities of financial liabilities at the reporting date. The amounts reported are on gross and undiscounted basis.

Particulars	Less than 1 year	Between 1 to 5 years	Over 5 years	Total
As at 31 March 2020				
Other financial liabilities	2.39	-	-	2.39
	2.39	-	-	2.39
As at 31 March 2019				
Other financial liabilities	1.08	-	-	1.08
	1.08	-	-	1.08
As at 1 April 2018				
Other financial liabilities	1.04	-	-	1.04
	1.04	-	-	1.04

(v) **Inflationary risk:**

Inflationary or purchasing power risk refers to the variation in investor returns caused by inflation. It is the risk that results in increase of the prices of goods and services which results in decrease of purchasing power of money, and likely negatively impact the value of investments. The two important sources of inflation are rising costs of production and excess demand for goods and services in relation to their supply. Inflation and interest rate risks are closely related as interest rates generally go up with inflation.

The Group closely monitors the inflation data and analyses the reasons for wide fluctuations thereof and its effect on various sectors and businesses. The main objective is to avoid inflationary risk and accordingly invest in securities and debt instruments that provides higher returns as compared to the inflation in long-term.

24 (b) Capital management

For the purpose of Group's capital management, capital includes issued equity share capital, other equity reserves and borrowed capital less cash and cash equivalents. The primary objective of capital management is to maintain an efficient capital structure to reduce the cost of capital, support corporate expansion strategies and to maximize shareholder's value.

The entity manages its capital structure and makes adjustments in light of changes in economic conditions and the requirements of the financial covenants. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the entity may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares. The entity monitors capital using a gearing ratio, which is net debt divided by total capital plus net debt. The entity's policy is to keep an optimum gearing ratio. The entity includes within net debt, interest bearing loans and borrowings less cash and cash equivalents.

Following table summarizes the capital structure of the Group.

Particulars	As at	As at	As at
	31 March 2020	31 March 2019	01 April 2018
Borrowings	-	-	-
Less: Cash and cash equivalents	40.09	27.76	17.49
Adjusted net debt	(40.09)	(27.76)	(17.49)
Total equity (*)	632.99	637.59	623.29
Net debt to equity ratio	-	-	-

(*) Equity includes capital and all reserves of the Group that are managed as capital.

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Consolidated Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information

(All amounts in Rs. lacs, unless otherwise stated)

25 First time adoption of Ind AS

These consolidated financial statements, for the year ended 31 March 2020, are the first financial statements, which the Group has prepared in accordance with the Ind AS. For periods up to and including the year ended 31 March 2019, the Group prepared its consolidated financial statements in accordance with accounting standards notified under section 133 of the Companies Act 2013, read together with paragraph 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 (as amended) (Indian GAAP or previous GAAP).

Accordingly, the Group has prepared these consolidated financial statements which comply with the Ind AS applicable for periods ending on 31 March 2020, together with the comparative period data as at and for the year ended 31 March 2019, as described in the summary of significant accounting policies. In preparing these consolidated financial statements, the Group's opening balance sheet was prepared as at 1 April 2018, the Group's date of transition to Ind AS. This note explains the principal adjustments made by the Group in restating its Indian GAAP financial statements, including the balance sheet as at 1 April 2018 and the consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended 31 March 2019.

Ind AS 101 has set out certain mandatory exceptions and optional exemptions to be applied for transition from the existing Indian GAAP to Ind AS. The Group has adopted the following in preparing its opening Ind AS Balance Sheet.

(a) Optional exemptions

- (i) Cost of property, plant and equipments - Ind AS 101 permits a first-time adopter to elect to continue with the carrying value for all of its property, plant and equipment as recognised in the previous GAAP financial statements as at the date of transition to Ind AS, measured as per the Previous GAAP and use that as its deemed cost as at the date of transition. This exemption can also be used for intangible assets covered by Ind AS 38 Intangible Assets. Accordingly, the Group has elected to measure all of its property, plant and equipment at their Previous GAAP carrying value.

(b) Mandatory exceptions

- (i) Classification and measurement of financial assets - Ind AS 101 provides that classification and measurement of financial assets recognized earlier under the Previous GAAP should be based upon facts and circumstances existing as on the transition date as assessed by the Group. Financial assets can be measured using effective interest method by assessing its contractual cash flow characteristics only on the basis of facts and circumstances existing at the date of transition and if it is impracticable to assess elements of modified time value of money i.e. the use of effective interest method, fair value of financial asset at the date of transition shall be the new carrying amount of that asset. The measurement exemption applies for financial liabilities as well.
- (ii) Estimates - An entity's estimates in accordance with Ind ASs at the date of transition to Ind AS shall be consistent with estimates made for the same date in accordance with Previous GAAP (after adjustments to reflect any difference in accounting policies), unless there is objective evidence that those estimates were in error. Ind AS estimates as at 01 April 2018 are consistent with the estimates as at the same date made in conformity with Previous GAAP. The Group made estimates for following items in accordance with Ind AS at the date of transition as these were not required under Previous GAAP:
- (i) Financial instruments carried at fair value through profit or loss and carried through other comprehensive income.

- (iii) De-recognition - The Group has applied the de-recognition principles of Ind AS 109 prospectively from the date of transition to Ind AS.

Derecognition of financial assets and financial liabilities - A first-time adopter should apply the derecognition requirements in Ind AS 109 prospectively to transactions occurring on or after the date of transition. Therefore, if a first-time adopter derecognised non-derivative financial assets or non-derivative financial liabilities under its previous GAAP as a result of a transaction that occurred before the date of transition, it should not recognise those financial assets and liabilities under Ind AS (unless they qualify for recognition as a result of a later transaction or event). A first-time adopter that wants to apply the derecognition requirements in Ind AS 109 retrospectively from a date of the entity's choosing may only do so, provided that the information needed to apply Ind AS 109 to financial assets and financial liabilities derecognised as a result of past transactions was obtained at the time of initially accounting for those transactions.

(c) Reconciliation between Previous GAAP and Ind AS

Ind AS 101 requires an entity to reconcile equity, total comprehensive income and cash flows for the prior periods. The following tables represent the reconciliation from Previous GAAP to Ind AS.

(i) Effect of Ind AS adoption on total equity:

Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March 2019	1 April 2018
Total equity (Shareholder's fund) as per Previous GAAP	559.84	542.34
Adjustments:		
Fair valuation of investments (net of tax)	77.75	80.95
Total equity as per Ind AS	637.59	623.29

The previous GAAP figures have been reclassified to confirm to Ind AS presentation requirements for the purpose of this Note.

(ii) Effect of Ind AS adoption on total comprehensive income:

Particulars	Year ended
	31 March 2019
Net profit as per previous GAAP	17.50
Effect of measuring financial instruments at fair value (net of tax)	8.40
Net profit as per Ind AS	25.90
Other comprehensive income (net of tax)	(11.60)
Total comprehensive income as per Ind AS	14.30

(iii) Foot notes to first time adoption:

1 FVOCI Financial assets

Under Indian GAAP, the Company accounted for long-term investments in unquoted and quoted equity shares as investment measured at cost less provision for other than temporary diminution in the value of investments. Under Ind AS, the Company has designated such investments as FVOCI investments. Ind AS requires FVOCI investments to be measured at fair value. At the date of transition to Ind AS, difference between the instruments fair value and Indian GAAP carrying amount has been recognised as a separate component of equity, in the FVOCI reserve.

The difference between the fair value of investments as per Ind AS and the carrying value of investments as per Previous GAAP has resulted in increase of investments and a corresponding increase in the retained earnings as on the transition date by Rs. 1.81 lakhs. During the corresponding year ended 31 March 2019, such fair valuation accounting has resulted in an decrease of investments and a corresponding decrease in the other comprehensive income by Rs. 12.94 lakhs.

2 FVTPL Financial assets

In the financial statements prepared under Previous GAAP, investments of the Company were measured at cost less provision for diminution (other than temporary). Under Ind AS, the Company has recognised the following investments through the profit and loss:

- Mutual Funds
- Equity Shares

The difference between the fair value of investments as per Ind AS and the carrying value of investments as per Previous GAAP has resulted in increase of investments and a corresponding increase in the retained earnings as on the transition date by Rs. 105.14 lakhs. During the corresponding year ended 31 March 2019, such fair valuation accounting has resulted in an increase of investments and a corresponding increase in the profit for the year by Rs. 10.61 lakhs.

3 Other comprehensive income

Under Ind AS, all items of income and expense recognized in a period should be included in profit or loss for the period, unless a standard requires or permits otherwise. Items of income and expense that are not recognized in profit or loss but are shown in the Statement of Profit and Loss as 'other comprehensive income' includes fair valuation of investments in equity instruments and their corresponding income tax effects. The concept of other comprehensive income did not exist under Previous GAAP.

4 Deferred tax

In the standalone financial statements prepared under Previous GAAP, deferred tax was accounted as per the income statement approach which required creation of deferred tax asset/liability on temporary differences between taxable profit and accounting profit. Under Ind AS, deferred tax is accounted as per the Balance Sheet approach which requires creation of deferred tax asset/liability on temporary differences between the carrying amount of an asset/liability in the Balance Sheet and its corresponding tax base.

The application of Ind AS has resulted in recognition of deferred tax on new temporary differences which were not required to be recognised under Previous GAAP. The above changes have resulted in creation of deferred tax liabilities (net) amounting to Rs. 27.15 lakhs as at date of transition to Ind AS and Rs. 28.61 lakhs as at 31 March 2019 as compared to Previous GAAP.

5 Reclassification of provision of standard / non-performing assets (NPA)

Under Indian GAAP provision for NPA and standard assets were presented under the head 'Provisions'. However, under Ind AS financial assets measured at amortised cost (majorly loans) are presented net of provision for expected credit losses. Consequently, the Company has reclassified the Indian GAAP provisions for standard assets / NPA's amounting to Rs. 0.78 lakhs and Rs. 0.91 lakhs as on 1 April 2018 and 31 March 2019 respectively.

6 Current and non-current classification

As per the principles of amended Schedule III, notified vide MCA notification dated 11 October 2018, Companies preparing their financial statements under Division III principles shall not classify their assets or liabilities as current and non-current. Accordingly, none of the financial and non-financial assets or liabilities have been classified as current or non-current.

For TOSNIWAL & ASSOCIATES
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration Number: 327249E

(ANITA TOSNIWAL)
Partner
Membership Number: 142018

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors
GLOBAL FINANCE & SECURITIES LIMITED

PRAMOD KR. AGARWAL KAMAL SINGH SINGHI
Director Director
DIN: 02631299 DIN: 00514656

PUSHRAJ SINGHI
Chief Executive Officer

Place: Kolkata
Dated: The 31st Day of July 2020

LAV BAJAJ DISHA DHARAR
Chief Financial Officer Company Secretary